

New Zealand.



ANALYSIS.

Title.

1. Short Title.

2. Section 2 of Dentists Amendment Act, 1910, amended.

3. Provisions to apply to New Zealand students at foreign dental colleges on passing of Act of 1904.

1911, No. 30.

Title.

AN ACT to amend the Dentists Act, 1908.

[28th October, 1911.]

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Dentists Amendment Act, 1911, and shall form part of and be read together with the Dentists Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

Section 2 of Dentists Amendment Act, 1910, amended.

2. Section two of the Dentists Amendment Act, 1910, is hereby amended as follows:—

- (a.) By inserting, after the words “if such person was” in subsection one, the words “at any time prior to”; and
- (b.) By omitting from subsection two thereof the words “within three months after the coming into operation of this Act,” and substituting therefor the words “before the thirty-first day of March, nineteen hundred and twelve”; and by omitting from that subsection the words “nineteen hundred and eleven,” and substituting the words “nineteen hundred and twelve.”

Provisions to apply to New Zealand students at foreign dental colleges on passing of Act of 1904.

3. Any person born in New Zealand who at the time of the passing of the Dentists Act, 1904, was a *bona fide* student of dentistry at a foreign dental university or college, and who, after a course of study at that university or college for not less than three years, has on examination obtained a certificate or diploma entitling him without further examination to be registered as a dentist or

to practise dentistry in the country in which that certificate or diploma was granted, or was for not less than three years a *bona fide* apprentice or student of dentistry in any of the Australian States and has on examination obtained a certificate or diploma as aforesaid, shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be entitled to be registered as a dentist under the principal Act if, prior to the passing of this Act, that person has applied for and has been refused a certificate of recognition under section fifteen of the principal Act.
