



ANALYSIS

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1953, No. 50

AN ACT to consolidate and amend the law relating to deposits required from companies and persons carrying on various classes of insurance business. Title.

[23 November 1953

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Short Title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Insurance Companies' Deposits Act 1953.

Interpretation.

Cf. 1921-22,
No. 40, s. 2

Cf. 1927,
No. 71,
ss. 2 (1), 5

Cf. 1940,
No. 27, ss. 3,
11 (4)

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“ Agent ” means any person who negotiates, or attempts to negotiate, or holds himself out as having authority to negotiate, on behalf of any underwriter, any contract of insurance relating to any class of insurance business; and includes any person who is deemed to be an agent of any other person under the provisions of section three of this Act:

“ Approved securities ” means stock, bonds, debentures, or other securities issued by the Government of New Zealand or by any City Council, Borough Council, County Council, Electric Power Board, Hospital Board, or Harbour Board in New Zealand:

“ Commonwealth company ” means a company established or incorporated in, and having its chief office in, a Commonwealth country other than New Zealand:

“ Commonwealth country ” means a country that is a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations; and includes every territory for whose international relations the Government of that country is responsible; and also includes the Republic of Ireland as if that country were a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations:

“ Commonwealth underwriter ” means an underwriter who is ordinarily resident in a Commonwealth country other than New Zealand:

“ Company ” means any association of persons, whether incorporated or not; but does not include a mutual fire insurance association:

“ Depositor ” means a person who has made any deposit with the Public Trustee under this Act in respect of any class of insurance business:

- “ Financial year ”, in relation to any person, means a year ending on the date of the annual balance of the accounts of that person, or, if there is no annual balance, a year ending on the thirty-first day of December:
- “ Foreign company ” means a company that is neither a local company nor a Commonwealth company:
- “ Foreign underwriter ” means an underwriter who is not ordinarily resident in New Zealand and who is not a Commonwealth underwriter:
- “ Insurance business ” includes every class of insurance business, except—
- (a) Life insurance (including endowment and annuity contracts); and
 - (b) Marine insurance; and
 - (c) Insurance against earthquake:
- “ Local company ” means a company established or incorporated in, and having its chief office in, New Zealand:
- “ Mutual fire insurance association ” means a mutual fire insurance association incorporated under the Mutual Fire Insurance Act 1908:
- “ Policyholder ” means any person who is indemnified or deemed to be indemnified by any contract of insurance, whether or not a policy of insurance is issued; and includes any person claiming by, through, or under any policyholder:
- “ Premium income ” means the gross income earned in New Zealand from premiums after deducting any rebates or refunds allowed or paid to persons insured, but without making any allowance or deduction for reinsurances, commissions, or other agency charges, or for reserves for unexpired risks at the beginning or end of the financial year:
- “ Underwriter ” means a person named in a contract or policy of insurance as liable to pay or contribute towards payment in whole or in part of the sum secured by the contract or policy; but does not include a company or a mutual fire insurance association.

See Reprint
of Statutes,
Vol. IV, p. 22

Liability to
make deposits.
Cf. 1921-22,
No. 40, s. 3
Cf. 1922,
No. 15, s. 2
Cf. 1927,
No. 71, ss. 3, 4
Cf. 1937,
No. 17, s. 56
Cf. 1940,
No. 27, ss. 4-8

3. (1) Deposits with the Public Trustee in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall be made by—

- (a) Every local company, Commonwealth company, or foreign company which at the passing of this Act is carrying on in New Zealand any class of insurance business, or which thereafter commences to do so:
- (b) Every mutual fire insurance association which at the passing of this Act is carrying on in New Zealand employers' liability insurance business, or which thereafter commences to do so, but only in respect of that class of insurance business:
- (c) Every person (not being a mutual fire insurance association) who at the passing of this Act is acting in New Zealand as an underwriter in respect of any class of insurance business, or who thereafter commences so to act:
- (d) Every person who at the passing of this Act is acting in New Zealand as agent of a Commonwealth underwriter or of a foreign underwriter in respect of any class of insurance business, or who thereafter commences so to act.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, every person who, in the course of his business, negotiates or attempts to negotiate, directly or indirectly (whether through a broker or otherwise), any contract of insurance between—

- (a) Any company engaged in carrying on any class of insurance business or any underwriter (in this section referred to as the insurer); and
- (b) Any other person in New Zealand (in this section referred to as the insured)—

shall be deemed to be the agent of the insurer (whether or not he is also the agent of the insured), and, if the insurer is a company and enters into the contract of insurance, the insurer shall be deemed to be carrying on in New Zealand the class of insurance business to which the contract belongs.

(3) The fact that any person issues any cover note in respect of a contract of insurance, or gives any information that insurance has been effected, or issues

any receipt or other document acknowledging the receipt of a premium in respect of a contract of insurance, or receives any premiums, proposals, or requests for insurance business shall, for the purposes of this section, be conclusive evidence that he is engaged in the business of negotiating or attempting to negotiate contracts of insurance.

(4) For the purposes of this Act, a person shall be deemed to act as the agent of an underwriter if that person acts in New Zealand as the agent or servant of a person carrying on business out of New Zealand as the agent of an underwriter.

(5) Nothing in this section shall impose an obligation to make a deposit under this Act on any person who, in negotiating or attempting to negotiate any contract of insurance, acts as the servant or authorized agent of an agent or underwriter by whom a deposit has been made in respect of that class of insurance business represented by the contract.

4. (1) Subject to the provisions of sections five and six of this Act, the amount of the deposit to be made under this Act in respect of the several classes of insurance business shall be as specified in the First Schedule to this Act.

Amount of deposit.

Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 3

Cf. 1922, No. 15, s. 2

Cf. 1927, No. 71, ss. 3, 6

Cf. 1940, No. 27, ss. 4-8

(2) For the purposes of the First Schedule to this Act, any person carrying on insurance business who issues or undertakes liability under policies or contracts of insurance against loss by or incidental to fire, whether other risks are included or not, shall be deemed to be carrying on fire insurance business (but not to the exclusion of any other class of insurance business):

Provided that—

- (a) A person carrying on the business of marine insurance shall not be deemed to carry on the business of fire insurance by reason only that loss by fire is one of the various risks covered by the marine policies issued by that person:
- (b) A person carrying on the business of insurance against earthquake shall not be deemed to be carrying on the business of fire insurance by reason only that he insures against loss by fire consequential on earthquake:

(c) If the Public Trustee is satisfied that any policy or contract is principally one of insurance against loss due to causes other than fire though loss by fire is one of the various risks thereby covered, the person who issues or undertakes liability under the policy or contract shall not be deemed to be carrying on the business of fire insurance by reason only of the issue of or undertaking of liability under the policy or contract.

5. (1) This section shall apply with respect to—

- (a) Every local company to which section five of the Insurance Companies Act 1940 or section five of the Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1950 applied immediately before the passing of this Act:
- (b) Every person to whom section eight of the Insurance Companies Act 1940 applied immediately before the passing of this Act.

(2) Where at the passing of this Act any local company or person to which or to whom this section applies has made the full deposit required to be made by that company or person in respect of the carrying on of any class of insurance business under the provisions of Part I of the Insurance Companies Act 1940 or of section five of the Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1950, then, subject to the provisions of subsection three of this section and of section ten of this Act, no increase in the amount of the deposit in respect of that class of insurance business shall be required by reason of the passing of this Act.

(3) If the premium income in respect of any class of insurance business earned in the last financial year of the depositor ended before the passing of this Act or in any subsequent financial year by any local company or person to which or to whom this section applies is such that, if the amount of the deposit required by this Act in respect of that class of business were computed on the basis of a sum of one thousand pounds together with a further sum of one thousand pounds for each complete amount of two thousand five hundred pounds of that premium income, it would have exceeded the amount of the deposit already made by the depositor

Smaller deposits permitted in certain cases.
Cf. 1940, No. 27, ss. 5, 6, 8
Cf. 1950, No. 82, s. 5
 1940, No. 27
 1950, No. 82

in respect of that class of insurance business, the amount of the deposit required from the depositor in respect of that class of insurance business shall be increased by the amount by which the deposit already made would have been exceeded.

(4) No local company or person shall be required under this section to deposit in respect of any class of insurance business a greater sum than the sum specified in the First Schedule to this Act in respect of that class of business.

(5) Where by reason of the provisions of this section an increase in any deposit is required, that deposit shall be made within six months after the end of the financial year in which the premium income is such that an increase in the amount of the deposit is required.

6. (1) Every mutual fire insurance association which at the passing of this Act is carrying on in New Zealand employers' liability insurance business shall, within three months after the passing of this Act, deposit with the Public Trustee approved securities valued at not less than one thousand pounds, together with further approved securities valued at not less than one thousand pounds for every complete amount of two thousand five hundred pounds of premium income earned by the association in respect of that class of business in its last financial year ended before the passing of this Act.

Deposits to be made by mutual fire insurance associations.

(2) Every mutual fire insurance association which after the passing of this Act proposes to carry on in New Zealand employers' liability insurance business shall, before commencing to do so, deposit with the Public Trustee approved securities valued at not less than one thousand pounds.

(3) If the premium income earned by any mutual fire insurance association in respect of employers' liability insurance business in any financial year ending after the passing of this Act is such that, if the amount of the deposit required by this Act in respect of that class of business were computed on the basis of one thousand pounds together with a further sum of one thousand pounds for each complete amount of two thousand five hundred pounds of that premium income,

it would have exceeded the amount of deposit already made by the association, the association shall, within six months after the end of that financial year, deposit with the Public Trustee further approved securities valued at not less than the amount by which the deposit already made would have been so exceeded.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this section, no mutual fire insurance association shall be required under this section to deposit approved securities valued at more than twenty-two thousand five hundred pounds in all.

**When deposits
to be made.**

7. (1) Every person (not being a mutual fire insurance association) who is required by this Act to make a deposit in respect of any class of insurance business carried on by him at the passing of this Act, and who has not already done so, shall make that deposit within one month after the passing of this Act.

(2) Every company which hereafter proposes to commence to carry on in New Zealand any class of insurance business shall, before commencing that class of business, make the deposit required by this Act in respect of that class of business.

(3) Every person who hereafter proposes to commence to act in New Zealand as an underwriter or as an agent of a Commonwealth underwriter or of a foreign underwriter in respect of any class of insurance business shall, before commencing to do so, make the deposit required by this Act in respect of that class of business.

**Deposits to be
in approved
securities.**

Cf. 1940,
No. 27,
s. 11 (1)-(3)
Cf. 1950,
No. 82, s. 2

8. (1) Every deposit (including every increase of a deposit) made by any person after the passing of this Act shall be made by the deposit with the Public Trustee of approved securities valued at not less than the amount of the required deposit.

(2) Any person who has deposited approved securities under the provisions of this Act or of any enactment repealed by this Act may withdraw any securities so deposited on depositing with the Public Trustee other approved securities:

Provided that the total value of the securities and money (if any) remaining deposited with the Public Trustee on behalf of that person shall not be less than the amount required by this Act to be so deposited.

9. (1) Every deposit made under this Act shall be made as follows:

Manner in which deposits to be made or withdrawn.

(a) In the case of approved securities that are payable to bearer, by the delivery of the securities to the Public Trustee or to some person authorized by him in writing to receive them:

(b) In the case of approved securities that are not payable to bearer, by the transfer of the securities to the Public Trustee in such manner as shall be requisite to make him the legal owner thereof.

(2) Every withdrawal of securities made under this Act shall, unless the depositor otherwise directs in writing delivered to the Public Trustee, be made as follows:

(a) In the case of securities that are payable to bearer, by the delivery of the securities by the Public Trustee to the depositor:

(b) In the case of securities that are not payable to bearer, by the transfer of the securities by the Public Trustee to the depositor.

10. (1) If the Public Trustee is satisfied that by reason of depreciation in the value of securities or other cause the value of the approved securities together with the money (if any) deposited by any person under this Act falls short of the amount required by this Act, he may by notice in writing require the depositor to deposit with the Public Trustee, within such time as the Public Trustee specifies in the notice, approved securities to a value deemed by the Public Trustee to be sufficient to bring the amount of the deposit to the value required by this Act.

Increase of deposits where securities have depreciated.

Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 12

(2) A notice under this section shall not be issued until after the Public Trustee has given an opportunity to the depositor to be heard in connection with the matter.

(3) If any person fails to deposit with the Public Trustee approved securities as required by the Public Trustee under this section, that failure shall, for the purposes of sections twenty, twenty-one, and twenty-two of this Act, be deemed to be a default in complying with a requirement of this Act.

Valuation of approved securities.

Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 11 (6)

Deposits to be held in trust for policyholders.

Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 9

11. The Public Trustee shall be the sole judge of the value of approved securities for the purposes of this Act, and his decision shall be final and binding.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Public Trustee shall, as to every deposit made under this Act, hold the same as security for policyholders or claimants in respect of policies or other contracts issued, granted, or entered into in New Zealand by the person making the deposit or in respect of which he has acted in New Zealand as agent of an underwriter, whether the policies or contracts have been granted or entered into before or after the passing of this Act:

Provided that the deposit made in respect of any class of insurance business shall be held in trust exclusively for policyholders and claimants as aforesaid in respect of that class of insurance business.

(2) For the purposes of subsection one of this section a policy or other contract of insurance shall be deemed to have been issued, granted, or entered into in New Zealand if it is in fact issued, granted, or entered into in New Zealand and also if the insurer or any agent of the insurer issues in New Zealand any cover note in respect of the contract or receives in New Zealand any proposal or premium in respect of the contract.

(3) Until all the rights and claims in New Zealand in respect of such policies or contracts as aforesaid are cancelled, annulled, or liquidated, the deposit shall not be liable to be attached or levied upon, or be subject to any debts of or claims against the depositor, without the previous consent in writing of the Minister of Finance, who may give his consent upon or subject to such terms and conditions as he thinks equitable, having regard to the interests of the persons as security for whom the deposits are held by the Public Trustee.

(4) Upon application made by the Public Trustee or by the depositor or by any person claiming to be one of the persons as security for whom the deposit is held, the Supreme Court may make orders providing for the realization of approved securities comprising or forming part of any deposit under this Act, and for the distribution or application of the proceeds of any

such realization and of any moneys deposited with the Public Trustee and of any income from the deposit held by the Public Trustee or thereafter arising; and the Court may direct the issue of such notices and advertisements and the making of such inquiries and generally may make such orders as the Court thinks fit in order that the security granted by this Act to policyholders and claimants may be made effective.

13. All moneys deposited with the Public Trustee before the passing of this Act under the provisions of any enactment repealed by this Act shall be invested in the Common Fund of the Public Trust Office, and shall bear interest at the rate from time to time determined by the Governor-General in Council under the provisions of section thirty-two of the Public Trust Office Act 1908.

Investment of cash deposits.
Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 6 (1)

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VIII, p. 944

14. (1) Except in so far as may otherwise be provided in any order made by the Supreme Court under section twelve of this Act, every depositor shall be entitled to receive from time to time the income payable or derived in respect of moneys or securities deposited by him.

Income from deposits.
Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 6 (2)
Cf. 1923, No. 3, s. 2

Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 13
Cf. 1950, No. 82, s. 2 (2)

(2) Income tax payable under any Act (whether passed before or after the passing of this Act) shall be assessed upon the income derived by each depositor from moneys (but not from approved securities) deposited in accordance with the provisions of any enactment repealed by this Act separately from any other income of the depositor, and so that the rate of income tax payable by the depositor in respect of income derived from moneys so deposited shall be the same rate as would be payable by the depositor if he received in or derived from New Zealand no other income.

15. (1) Every cover note and every receipt or other document acknowledging the receipt of a premium in respect of a contract of insurance issued by any agent or underwriter required to make a deposit under this Act in respect of the class of insurance business represented by that contract, or issued by any person acting as the servant or agent of any such agent or underwriter, at any time after the deposit is required to be made shall bear on the face thereof the name of the agent

Cover notes and receipts to refer to deposit.
Cf. 1927, No. 71, s. 3 (5)

or underwriter by whom the deposit has been made, together with a statement to the effect that a deposit has been so made and is available as security for the contract of insurance evidenced by the cover note, receipt, or other document as aforesaid.

(2) Every person who issues any such cover note, receipt, or other document as aforesaid that does not conform to the requirements of this section commits an offence, and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

Statements to be supplied annually.
Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 15

16. (1) Every person required by this Act to make a deposit with the Public Trustee shall, at the expiration of each financial year, prepare such statement in relation to that year, in such form, and containing such particulars as the Governor-General from time to time, by Order in Council, prescribes. Any such Order in Council may prescribe different statements, forms, or particulars for different persons or classes of persons.

1933, No. 29

(2) Every such statement shall be audited by a person qualified to be the auditor of a company under section one hundred and forty of the Companies Act 1933, and shall be printed or typewritten, and, together with three printed or typewritten copies thereof, shall be deposited with the Public Trustee within four months after the close of the financial year to which it relates.

(3) The original of each statement shall be signed by the auditor, and shall also be signed in the case of a company by the principal officer of the company managing its business in New Zealand, or in the case of a mutual fire insurance association by the secretary or manager of the association, or in the case of a person not being a company or a mutual fire insurance association by that person.

(4) The Public Trustee shall forward one copy of each statement received under this section to the Minister of Finance, and shall forward another copy of each statement so received to the Minister of Justice.

Penalty for false statement.
Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 16

17. Every person who signs or deposits any statement required by this Act, knowing the same to be false in any particular, is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds.

18. The Registrar of Motor Vehicles appointed under the Transport Act 1949 shall, not later than the thirty-first day of December in every year, deliver to the Public Trustee a statement showing in respect of each person liable under this Act to make a deposit in respect of motor vehicles (third party risks) insurance business, but whose deposit in respect of that class of business is less than ten thousand pounds, the amount of the premium income received by that person in the annual licensing period ended in that year in respect of that class of business.

Statement by Registrar of Motor Vehicles.
Cf. 1940, No. 27, s. 8 (5)
1949, No. 7

19. (1) If any person who has made any deposit with the Public Trustee under this Act in respect of any class of insurance business ceases to carry on that class of business in New Zealand, the depositor may withdraw that deposit—

Withdrawal of deposits.
Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 8
Cf. 1947, No. 58, s. 36
Cf. 1950, No. 82, s. 3

- (a) On the expiration of six months after service on the Public Trustee of a notice in writing, duly signed on behalf of the depositor, stating that the depositor has ceased to carry on that class of business in New Zealand and proposes to withdraw the deposit; and
- (b) On satisfying the Public Trustee that from the date of the service of the notice the depositor has not, except as to policies or contracts granted or made before that date, carried on that class of business in New Zealand; and
- (c) On satisfying the Public Trustee that all the liabilities of the depositor in New Zealand in respect of that class of business are fully liquidated or provided for.

(2) For the purposes of this section a person in New Zealand shall be deemed to be carrying on a class of insurance business in New Zealand not only if he does so on his own account but also if he acts as agent of a Commonwealth underwriter or of a foreign underwriter in respect of that class of business.

(3) The Public Trustee shall cause every such notice as aforesaid, and also his decision with regard to every such proposed withdrawal, to be published at the cost of the depositor in such manner as he thinks fit.

Penalty on default in complying with terms of Act.
Cf. 1921-22, No. 40, s. 9

20. If any person makes default in duly and fully complying with any of the requirements of this Act affecting him, that person, and also his attorney, general agent, and every other agent, are severally liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty pounds for every day during which the default continues.

If default continues, person may be prohibited from carrying on business.
Cf. *ibid.*, s. 10

21. If any such default as aforesaid is continued for a period of three months the Minister of Finance may, by notice published in the *Gazette*, prohibit the defaulting person from carrying on insurance business or any class of insurance business in New Zealand, either absolutely or for such time as he declares.

Further penalty for carrying on business after notice prohibiting.
Cf. *ibid.*, s. 11

22. If any such person as aforesaid, or any person as attorney, general agent, or other agent for him or otherwise for or on his behalf, after publication of any notice under section twenty-one of this Act receives any application for insurance, or accepts any premium for insurance, or otherwise carries on the business of that person in New Zealand in contravention of the notice, then, in addition to any penalty for which they may be liable under section twenty of this Act, all such persons are severally liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds for each and every act so done in breach of the notice.

In any action incorporation of company need not be proved.
Cf. *ibid.*, s. 12

23. In any action or other proceedings it shall not be necessary to show that a company has been incorporated, but it shall be sufficient to show that the company is carrying on business or has agreed or acted by the style or description by which it is made a party to any action or other proceedings.

Remuneration of Public Trustee.
Cf. 1950, No. 82, s. 6

24. The Public Trustee shall be entitled to such reasonable remuneration from any depositor as may be agreed upon between the Public Trustee and the depositor or, failing agreement, as shall be fixed by the Minister of Finance, either generally or in any particular case, for the Public Trustee's services in respect of any approved securities deposited by any person (whether before or after the passing of this Act) under any of the provisions of this Act or of any enactment repealed by this Act.

Repeals and savings.

25. (1) The enactments specified in the Second Schedule to this Act are hereby repealed.

(2) Without limiting the provisions of the Acts Interpretation Act 1924, it is hereby declared that the repeal of any provision by this Act shall not affect any document made or any thing whatsoever done under the provision so repealed or under any corresponding former provision, and every such document or thing, so far as it is subsisting or in force at the time of the repeal and could have been made or done under this Act, shall continue and have effect as if it had been made or done under the corresponding provision of this Act and as if that provision had been in force when the document was made or the thing was done.

See Reprint of Statutes, Vol. VIII, p. 568

(3) Every deposit held at the passing of this Act by the Public Trustee made by any person under the provisions of the Insurance Companies' Deposits Act 1921-22 in respect of any specified class of insurance business or of all classes of insurance business shall be deemed to have been made under the corresponding provisions of this Act in respect of that class of insurance business or of all classes of insurance business, as the case may be, and the provisions of this Act shall apply to the deposit accordingly.

Ibid., Vol. IV, p. 165

SCHEDULES

Schedules.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Section 4

AMOUNTS OF DEPOSITS TO BE MADE

1. Preliminary.—For the purposes of this Schedule, insurance business shall be divided into four classes, as follows:

- Class 1: Fire insurance business.
- Class 2: Employers' liability insurance business.
- Class 3: Third party risks insurance business under Part V of the Transport Act 1949.
- Class 4: All other kinds of insurance business, except—
 - (a) Life insurance, including endowment and annuity contracts; and
 - (b) Marine insurance; and
 - (c) Insurance against earthquake.

2. Local Companies.—Subject to the provisions of section 5 of this Act, the amounts of the deposits required to be made by each local company in respect of each class of insurance business carried on by the company shall be as follows:

Class 1	....	....	.....	....	£ 22,500
Class 2	..	..	....	.....	22,500
Class 3	....	..	....	....	10,000
Class 4	....	..	....	....	5,000

FIRST SCHEDULE—*continued*

3. *Mutual Fire Insurance Associations.*—A deposit shall be required only in respect of Class 2, and shall be computed as shown in section 6 of this Act.

4. *Commonwealth Companies.*—The amounts of the deposits required to be made by each Commonwealth company in respect of each class of insurance business carried on in New Zealand by the company shall be as follows:

Class 1—

(a) If immediately before the passing of this Act the company was required to make a deposit of only £15,000 in respect of fire insurance business and had made that deposit, then . . .	£ 15,000
(b) In other cases	22,500
Class 2	22,500
Class 3 (subject to the provisions of section 5 of this Act)	10,000
Class 4	5,000

5. *Foreign Companies.*—The amounts of the deposits required to be made by each foreign company in respect of each class of insurance business carried on in New Zealand by the company shall be as follows:

Classes 1, 2, and 4 (whether only one or more than one of those classes carried on)—

(a) If immediately before the passing of this Act, the company was required to make a deposit of only £35,000 in respect of those classes of insurance business and had made that deposit, then	£ 35,000
(b) In other cases	50,000
Class 3 (subject to the provisions of section 5 of this Act)	10,000

6. *Agents of Commonwealth Underwriters and Persons in New Zealand Acting as Underwriters.*—The amounts of the deposits required by each person in New Zealand acting as an underwriter and by each person in New Zealand acting as agent of a Commonwealth underwriter shall for each class of insurance business be as follows:

Class 1	£ 15,000
Class 2	15,000
Class 3 (subject to the provisions of section 5 of this Act)	10,000
Class 4	5,000

7. *Agents of Foreign Underwriters.*—The amounts of the deposits required to be made by each person in New Zealand who acts as agent of a foreign underwriter shall in respect of each class of insurance business be as follows:

Classes 1, 2, and 4 (whether he acts as agent in respect of only one or more than one of those classes)	£ 50,000
Class 3 (subject to the provisions of section 5 of this Act)	10,000

SECOND SCHEDULE

Section 25

ENACTMENTS REPEALED

1921-22, No. 40—

The Insurance Companies' Deposits Act 1921-22. (Reprint of Statutes, Vol. IV, p. 165.)

1922, No. 15—

The Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1922. (Reprint of Statutes, Vol. IV, p. 169.)

1923, No. 3—

The Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1923. (Reprint of Statutes, Vol. IV, p. 170.)

1927, No. 71—

The Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1927. (Reprint of Statutes, Vol. IV, p. 171.)

1937, No. 17—

The Finance Act 1937: Section 56.

1940, No. 27—

The Insurance Companies Act 1940: Part I and the Schedule.

1947, No. 58—

The Workers' Compensation Amendment Act 1947: Section 36.

1950, No. 82—

The Insurance Companies' Deposits Amendment Act 1950.
