



## ANALYSIS

Title

1. Short Title
2. Registration of chemist

1968, No. 99

**An Act to amend the Pharmacy Act 1939**

[13 December 1968]

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

**1. Short Title**—This Act may be cited as the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1968, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Pharmacy Act 1939 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

**2. Registration of chemist**—(1) The principal Act is hereby amended by repealing section 11 (as substituted by section 3 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1959, and amended by section 2 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1965), and substituting the following section:

“11. (1) In this section—

“‘Approved school’ means any university, school, or institution that may be prescribed as an approved school:

“‘Recognised certificate’ means any certificate or diploma granted outside New Zealand that may be prescribed as a recognised certificate.

“(2) Every person resident in New Zealand who has attained the age of twenty-one years shall be entitled to be registered as a pharmaceutical chemist under this Act, who satisfies the Board—

“(a) That he has—

“(i) Passed such examinations and attended such courses of education and training at an approved school as may be prescribed; and

- “(ii) Completed such period of practical training as may be prescribed; or
- “(b) That he is the holder of a recognised certificate and has fulfilled such further conditions as may be prescribed; or
- “(c) That he is the holder of a certificate or diploma (other than a recognised certificate) granted outside New Zealand after a course of training as a pharmacist which, in the opinion of the Board, is comparable in length and at least equivalent in content and standard to that required under paragraph (a) of this subsection, and is registered as a chemist or under a title equivalent thereto in the country where that certificate or diploma was obtained, and has fulfilled such further conditions as may be prescribed:
- “Provided that—
- “(i) Where the Board considers that there is good and sufficient reason for the person not being registered in the manner specified in this paragraph it may dispense with the requirement that the person be so registered:
- “(ii) The Board may, if it thinks fit, require that any holder of such a certificate or diploma, before being registered, shall attend a course of training as a pharmacist and pass examinations therein, which course and examinations shall be approved by the Board and conducted at an approved school.
- “(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, but subject to the provisions of section 31 of this Act as to appeals, no person shall be registered under this Act if, in the opinion of the Board, he is not a fit person to be registered as a chemist.
- “(4) Without prejudice to section 44 of this Act, regulations may be made under this Act for all or any of the following purposes:
- “(a) Prescribing approved schools and, either by reference to the diploma or degree awarded to successful candidates or otherwise, the examinations required to be passed and the courses of education and training required to be attended for the purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section:
- “(b) Prescribing the minimum educational qualifications which must be held by any person before he presents himself for an examination other than an examination conducted by a university, for the

purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section:

- “(c) Enabling the Board to appoint assessors in respect of any examination other than an examination conducted by a university, for the purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section; prescribing the powers, functions, and terms of service of assessors; providing for the remuneration of assessors; and providing for the settlement of any dispute between an assessor and an examiner:
- “(d) Prescribing the period of practical training required to be completed for the purposes of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section, and the places at which and the persons under whom such training shall be undergone; imposing duties on such persons; and providing for the submission of evidence to the Board that such training has been completed:
- “(e) Prescribing recognised certificates and the conditions that must be fulfilled for the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of this section:
- “(f) Prescribing the conditions that must be fulfilled for the purposes of paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of this section.”

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal of section 11 of the Pharmacy Act 1939 (as substituted by section 3 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1959 and amended by section 2 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1965) any person who, at the commencement of this Act, is engaged in a course of education and training or serving under articles of apprenticeship pursuant to that section, or is serving in the dispensary of a military establishment controlled and approved as provided in that section, may qualify for registration and be registered under the principal Act in all respects as if this section had not been passed.

(3) The following enactments are hereby consequentially repealed:

- (a) Section 3 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1959:
- (b) Section 2 of the Pharmacy Amendment Act 1965.