### Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Bill

Government Bill

#### Explanatory note

#### General policy statement

The purpose of this Bill is to support the development of internationally competitive New Zealand business by establishing a new Crown entity called Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand will incorporate the services currently provided by Trade New Zealand and Industry New Zealand into an integrated service range. Trade New Zealand and Industry New Zealand are to be dissolved under the Bill, which provides for the repeal of the New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988 and the Industry New Zealand Act 2000.

The aim of the integration of Trade New Zealand and Industry New Zealand is to improve service delivery to enterprise by making services less fragmented and aligning economic development programmes.

The Crown entity form is seen as appropriate for Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand because—

- it would allow the new organisation to develop a strong commercial culture and to build and maintain credibility with business networks; and
- the 2 organisations to be dissolved are also Crown entities.

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand will be governed by a board appointed by the responsible Minister(s). There is also provision in the Bill for the responsible Minister(s) to appoint the Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Trade and the chief executive of the Ministry of Economic Development as special advisers.

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand will be required to give effect to any Government policy that is communicated to it by written direction given and signed by the responsible Minister(s). A copy of every Ministerial direction must be presented to the House of Representatives.

#### Part by Part analysis

Clause 1 is the Title clause.

# Part 1

### Preliminary provisions

Part 1 deals with the following preliminary matters:

- the commencement of the Bill (*clause 2*):
- the purpose of the Bill (*clause 3*):
- an overview of provisions (clause 4):
- interpretation (clause 5):
- the Act binding the Crown (clause 6).

The Bill will come into force on 1 July 2003. Its purpose is to support the development of internationally competitive New Zealand business by establishing Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.

#### Part 2

#### **Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand**

Part 2 establishes a new Crown entity called Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand (INZ/TNZ) (clause 7).

The functions of INZ/TNZ are set out in *clause 9*.

INZ/TNZ has full rights, powers, and privileges for the purposes of performing its functions (*clause 11*) (except it must not borrow money or renew a loan without the prior written consent of the Minister of Finance (*clause 51*)).

Except in relation to the allocation of funds, INZ/TNZ must give effect to Government policy that is communicated to it and is consistent with its functions (*clauses 12 and 13*).

All decisions relating to the operation of INZ/TNZ must be made by or under the authority of the board of INZ/TNZ, and the board has all the powers necessary for carrying out that role (*clause 15*). Matters relating to the board's and members' duties, the membership of the

board, and the procedure of the board are dealt with in *Schedules 1 to 3* respectively.

The Minister may appoint the Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Trade and the chief executive of the Ministry of Economic Development as special advisers to assist the board in aligning its strategies and activities with Government policy (clause 19).

The board may delegate certain of its functions, duties, and powers to various persons (*clauses 20 to 24*). The board may also appoint committees to perform certain functions and duties and to exercise certain powers (*clauses 25 to 27*). The board must appoint a chief executive (*clauses 28 to 30*).

INZ/TNZ may employ persons to assist in performing its functions, subject to the requirements specified in *clauses 31 and 32*.

The board, its members and special advisers, members of its committees, and officers and employees of INZ/TNZ are not liable for certain acts done or omitted to be done in the performance of INZ/TNZ's functions, unless the act or omission arises out of conduct that is not in good faith or that is criminal conduct (*clause 38*).

INZ/TNZ may, in certain cases, indemnify members of the board or employees for costs incurred in any civil or criminal proceedings (clause 39). INZ/TNZ may also effect insurance cover for more persons in relation to liability and costs incurred in civil proceedings and in relation to costs incurred in criminal proceedings (clause 40).

INZ/TNZ may authorise members of the board or employees to execute certain documents (clause 43). INZ/TNZ may enter into a contract or other enforceable obligation in the manner stated in clause 44. Every person who appears to have been so authorised is presumed to be acting in accordance with that authority unless evidence indicates otherwise (clause 47).

INZ/TNZ has the usual powers and duties regarding financial matters (clauses 48 to 52) and is exempt from taxation (clause 53).

#### INZ/TNZ must prepare—

- a statement of intent in accordance with *clauses 54 to 64*; and
- an annual report on its affairs in accordance with *clauses 65 to* 72.

## Part 3

#### Miscellaneous provisions

Clause 74 provides for the dissolution of the New Zealand Trade Development Board and Industry New Zealand (the **former agencies**).

Clauses 75 to 82 deal with transitional matters.

Clause 75 provides that all rights, assets, liabilities, and debts of the former agencies are vested in INZ/TNZ as at the commencement of the Act.

Clause 76 provides for the transfer of employees of the former agencies to INZ/TNZ.

Clause 77 provides that, if an employee is transferred, the terms and conditions of employment must be no less favourable to the transferred employee than those applying to the employee immediately before the transfer.

Clause 79 provides that a transferred employee is not entitled to compensation for technical redundancy.

Clause 80 requires INZ/TNZ to arrange for the final reports of the former agencies to be delivered to the Minister, who must present a copy of the reports to the House of Representatives.

Clause 81 provides that all references to the former agencies in certain enactments, agreements, and other documents must be read as references to INZ/TNZ.

Clause 82 provides that any proceedings pending by or against the former agencies may be carried on, completed, and enforced by or against INZ/TNZ.

Consequential amendments are made to other Acts (clause 84 and Schedule 4).

The New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988 and the Industry New Zealand Act 2000 are repealed (*clause 85*).

#### Hon Jim Anderton

# **Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Bill**

#### Government Bill

#### **Contents**

1	Title	21	Certain powers must not be
	Part 1		delegated
	Preliminary provisions	22	Effect of delegation
2		23	Presumption of acting in accordance
2 3	Commencement		with delegation
<i>3</i>	Purpose Overview	24	Other matters relating to delegation
5	Interpretation	1	Committees
6	Act binds the Crown	25	Board may appoint committees
Ü	<del></del>	26	Membership of committee
	Part 2	27	Committee to regulate own
	Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand		procedure
	Establishment of INZ/TNZ		Chief executive of INZ/TNZ
7	Establishment	28	Appointment of chief executive
8	Crown entity status	29	Terms and conditions of chief
9	Functions		executive's employment
10	INZ/TNZ is body corporate	30	Delegation of functions, duties, or
11	Capacity and powers		powers by chief executive
12	Compliance with Government		Employees of INZ/TNZ
	policy	31	Personnel policy
13	Requirements for notices and Min-	32	Equal employment opportunities
	isterial directions		programme
N	1embership, role, and accountability		Superannuation
	of board	33	Establishment of superannuation
14	Membership of board		schemes
15	Board's role	34	Government Superannuation Fund
16	Accountability of members to	35	Employees not in service of the
	Minister		Crown
	Minister's role	M	lembers and employees are officials
17	Minister's role	36	Members and employees are
18	Minister responsible to House of	1	officials
	Representatives	P	rotections from liability of members
	Special advisers	'	and employees
19	Special advisers	37	Protections for members and
	Delegation by board		employees from liabilities of
20	Persons to whom board may dele-		INZ/TNZ
	gate functions, duties, and powers		

#### Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Bill

38	Immunity of members and employ-	66	Form and content of annual report
	ees from civil liability to third	67	Form and content of statement of
	parties		service performance
39	Indemnity for members and	68	Form and content of annual finan-
	employees for costs from civil and	60	cial statements
40	criminal proceedings Insurance for members and	69 70	Statement of responsibility  Audit
40	employees	71	Obligation to provide annual report
41	Breach of indemnity and insurance	'1	to Minister
7.	limits	72	Minister to present annual report to
42	Definitions for protections from		House of Representatives
	liability		<del>-</del>
Day	alings with third parties by INZ/TNZ		Review of INZ/TNZ's operations and performance
43	Execution of documents	73	Review of INZ/TNZ's operations
43 44	Method of contracting	13	and performance
45	Attorneys		-
46	Dealings between INZ/TNZ and		Part 3
	other persons		Miscellaneous provisions
47	Presumption of authority to execute		Dissolution of former agencies
	document	74	Former agencies dissolved
	Financial provisions		Transitional provisions
48	Funds of INZ/TNZ	75	Assets and liabilities vest in
49	Bank accounts		INZ/TNZ
50	Investment of money	76	Transfer of employees
51	INZ/TNZ not to borrow without	77	Terms and conditions of employ-
	consent of Minister of Finance		ment for transferred employee
52	Auditor-General to be auditor of	78	Continuity of employment
53	INZ/TNZ	79	No compensation for technical redundancy
53	INZ/TNZ deemed to be public authority	80	Final reports and accounts
	•	81	References to former agency
	Planning—Statement of intent	82	Proceedings of former agency
54	Purpose of statement of intent		
55	Obligation to prepare statement of	02	Application of Archives Act 1957
5.0	intent	83	Archives Act 1957 to apply
56	Form and content of statement of	1	Consequential amendments
57	intent Ministerial involvement in state-	84	Consequential amendments
31	ments of intent		Repeals
58	Process for providing statement of	85	Repeals
	intent to Minister	"	Repeals
59	Application and term of statement		
	of intent		Schedule 1
60	Amendments to statement of intent		Members' duties
61	Optional amendments by INZ/TNZ		Schedule 2
62	Mandatory amendments		Membership of board
63	Amendments to statement of intent		Schedule 3
61	by Minister Minister to present statement of		Procedure of board
64	Minister to present statement of intent and amendments to House of		Schedule 4
	Representatives		Acts amended
	representatives		

65

Reporting—Annual report
Obligation to prepare annual report

#### The Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:

1		is the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand on Act 2003.	
		Part 1	5
		Preliminary provisions	
2	Commer This Act	comes into force on 1 July 2003.	
<b>3</b> (1)	internation	pose of this Act is to support the development of onally competitive New Zealand business by estab- ndustry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.	10
(2)	entity res try, centr groups) programi	New Zealand/Trade New Zealand is the Crown sponsible for facilitating (in co-operation with industral and local government, and relevant community the development and implementation of strategies, mes, and activities for trade, industry, and regional ment as directed by the Government.	15
4	Overvie		
	In this A	·	20
	pu	s Part deals with preliminary matters, including the rpose of this Act, interpretation, and the application this Act to the Crown:	
	(b) Par	rt 2 and Schedules 1 to 3 contain provisions regarding a w Crown entity called Industry New Zealand/Trade w Zealand and include—	25
	(i)	provisions relating to the establishment of INZ/TNZ (sections 7 to 13), the membership, role, and accountability of the board of INZ/TNZ (sec-	
		tions 14 to 16), the Minister's role (sections 17 and 18), special advisers to the board (section 19), and committees of the board (sections 25 to 27) and supplementary provisions regarding the board's and members' duties, membership of the board,	30
		and members duties, membership of the board,	35

respectively):

		(ii) provisions regarding the chief executive of INZ/TNZ, employees, superannuation, and the liability of members, and employees (sections 28 to 42):	
		(iii) provisions regarding dealings with third parties by INZ/TNZ (sections 43 to 47), financial provisions (sections 48 to 53), provisions relating to the preparation of statements of intent (sections 54 to 64), and annual reporting provisions (sections 65 to 72):	5
	(c)	Part 3 deals with the dissolution of the New Zealand Trade Development Board and of Industry New Zealand (section 74), transitional matters (sections 75 to 82), the application of the Archives Act 1957 (section	10
		83), consequential amendments to other Acts (section 84 and Schedule 4), and repeals (section 85).	15
5		rpretation	
		is Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—	
	boai	rd means the board of INZ/TNZ	
		*0W	20
	(a) (b)	includes entering into hire purchase agreements; and includes entering into financing lease arrangements; and	
	(c)	includes accepting debt on assignment from other persons; but	25
	(d)	excludes the purchase of goods or services, or the obtaining of an advance, by the use of a credit card or by a supplier supplying credit for the purchase of goods or services, for a period of 90 days or less from the date the credit card is used or the credit is supplied	30
	chai	rperson means the chairperson of the board	
		mittee means a committee appointed under section 25	
		uty chairperson means the deputy chairperson of the	
	enac	etment includes this Act	35
	-	al employment opportunities programme has the ning set out in section 32(2)	

fees framework means the framework determined by the	
Government from time to time for the classification and	
remuneration of members of statutory and other bodies in	
which the Crown has an interest, including statutory entities	_
and their subsidiaries	5
former agency means either or both of the following (as the	
context requires):	
(a) Industry New Zealand:	
(b) Trade New Zealand	
good employer has the meaning set out in section 31(2)	10
<b>industry</b> means a business, trade, manufacturing or commercial undertaking, profession, occupation, or undertaking relating to the supply or acquisition of goods or services	
Industry New Zealand means the Crown entity established	
under section 7 of the Industry New Zealand Act 2000	15
INZ/TNZ—	
(a) means Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand established under <b>section 7</b> ; and	
(b) in sections 9, 11, 51, 52, in Schedule 1 (which relates to members' duties), and in Schedule 4 in respect of the items relating to the Official Information Act 1982 and the Ombudsmen Act 1975, includes a subsidiary of INZ/TNZ	20
member means a member of the board	
Minister means the Minister or Ministers of the Crown who, under the authority of any warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, are for the time being responsible for the administration of this Act	25
<b>subsidiary</b> means a company that, under sections 5 to 8 of the Companies Act 1993, is a subsidiary of INZ/TNZ	30
<b>Trade New Zealand</b> means the New Zealand Trade Development Board established under section 3 of the New Zealand	
Trade Development Board Act 1988	
transferred employee means a person who,—	
(a) immediately before the commencement of this Act, is employed by a former agency; and	35
(b) is transferred to INZ/TNZ under section 76.	

6	A	ct	hir	Me	the	Crown
v		u	WH	lus	uit	CIUWII

This Act binds the Crown.

	Part 2		
<b>Industry Nev</b>	v Zealand/Trade	New	Zealand

	Ind	lustry	New Zealand/Trade New Zealand	
			Establishment of INZ/TNZ	5
7	This	ablishn section and.	nent on establishes Industry New Zealand/Trade New	
8	INZ	/TNZ i	tity status is a Crown entity for the purposes of the Public et 1989.	10
9	Fun	ctions		
(1)	The	function	ons of INZ/TNZ are to—	
	(a)		ribute to a supportive environment for sustainable omic growth by—	15
		(i)	fostering collaborative networks and partnerships between central government, local government, industry, regions, education and research organisations, potential investors, and individual enterprises; and	20
		(ii)	encouraging the development and delivery of economic development services by the private and non-government sector; and	
		(iii)	co-ordinating the delivery of government economic development assistance to industry, regions, and individual businesses:	25
	(b)	provi	ide a conduit for input and advice from industry,	
			government, and relevant community groups on	
			rammes to implement the Government's policies	
		for e	conomic, industry, and regional development:	30

- for economic, industry, and regional development:
- enhance industry and regional enterprise (c) and entrepreneurial capabilities by
  - providing information; and (i)
  - facilitating access to skills, expertise, and (ii) resources:

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contribute to increased exports from, and investment in, (d) New Zealand by-

		<ul><li>strengthening global linkages through trade and investment promotion; and</li><li>providing targeted business and international</li></ul>	
	(e)	market development assistance: carry out any other functions and duties in relation to trade, industry, and regional development that the Minister may prescribe by notice in writing signed by the Minister and given to INZ/TNZ:	5
	(f)	carry out any functions that are incidental and related to, or consequential upon, its functions as set out in paragraphs (a) to (e).	10
(2)	-	erforming its functions, INZ/TNZ must give effect to the cose of this Act.	
(3)	A pr (a) (b)	rescribed notice under <b>subsection (1)(e)</b> — is not a regulation for the purposes of the Acts and Regulations Publication Act 1989; and may be amended, revoked, or replaced, at any time, in the same manner.	15
10		/TNZ is body corporate /TNZ—  is a body corporate with perpetual succession; and is accordingly a legal entity in its own right separate from its board, members, office holders, and the Crown; and	20
	(c)	continues in existence until it is dissolved by an Act.	25
<b>11</b> (1)	Exce	ept as provided in this Act or any other Act or rule of law, /TNZ— has all the rights, powers, and privileges of a natural person of full age and capacity; and has the statutory powers conferred by this Act or any other Act.	30
(2)		TNZ may exercise its powers only for the purpose of orming its functions.	

12	Compnance with Government policy	
(1)	In the performance of its functions and duties, and in the exercise of its powers, INZ/TNZ must give effect to any	
	policy of the Government that—	_
	<ul><li>(a) relates to INZ/TNZ's functions; and</li><li>(b) is communicated to INZ/TNZ by written direction given and signed by the Minister.</li></ul>	5
(2)	A Ministerial direction—	
(-)	<ul> <li>(a) must not be given without the Minister consulting the board about the terms of the direction; and</li> <li>(b) may be amended, revoked, or replaced, at any time, in the same manner.</li> </ul>	10
(3)	Nothing in this section authorises the Minister to direct INZ/TNZ to allocate funds to, or for the benefit of, a particular person.	15
13	Requirements for notices and Ministerial directions The Minister must, as soon as practicable after prescribing a notice under section 9(1)(e) or giving a Ministerial direction under section 12 (as the case may be),—  (a) publish a copy of it in the Gazette; and (b) present a copy of it to the House of Representatives.	20
	Membership, role, and accountability of board	
14	Membership of board	
(1)	The board must have at least 3 members, but not more than 9 members.	25
(2)	Schedules 1 to 3 apply to the board and its members.	
15	Board's role	
(1)	The board is the governing body of INZ/TNZ, with the authority, in INZ/TNZ's name, to exercise the powers and perform the functions of INZ/TNZ.	30
(2)	All decisions relating to the operation of INZ/TNZ must be made by or under the authority of the board in accordance with this Act.	
(3)	The board has all the powers necessary for carrying out its role.	35

16	Accountability of	f members to Minister	
(1)	Members must co	mply with—	
	(a) the board's and	collective duties in <b>clauses 1 to 4 of Schedule 1</b> ;	
	(b) their individual (b) Schedule 1; a	dual duties as members in clauses 5 to 9 of and	5
	(c) any Ministe	rial directions given under section 12.	
(2)		ountable to the Minister, in accordance with orming their duties as members.	
		Minister's role	10
17	Minister's role		
	The Minister's rol	le with respect to INZ/TNZ includes func-	
	tions, powers, and	l duties in relation to—	
	(a) the appointr	ment and removal of members:	
	(b) the prescrib	ing of a notice under section 9(1)(e):	15
	(c) the giving of section 12:	of Ministerial directions to INZ/TNZ under	
	(d) the appointr	ment of special advisers under section 19:	
		tion and presentation of INZ/TNZ's state- ent in accordance with sections 54 to 64:	20
	(f) determining 18 of Schedul	the remuneration of members under clause le 2:	
		rs in this Act or any other enactment.	
18	Minister respons	ible to House of Representatives	
		sponsible, in accordance with this Act, to the	25
	•	ntatives for the exercise and performance of	
	<del>-</del>	vers, and duties given to him or her in rela-	
	tion to INZ/TNZ.		
		Special advisers	
19	Special advisers		30
(1)	(2) as special advise	appoint the persons referred to in <b>subsection</b> ers to assist the board in aligning its strategy a Government policy.	
(2)	The persons are—	-	
` '	•	ry of Foreign Affairs and Trade; and	35

	(b) the chief executive of the Ministry of Economic Development.	
(3)	A special adviser is not a member, but may attend meetings of the board.	
(4)	A special adviser may also attend meetings of any of the committees of the board, but is not to be regarded as a member of the committee.	5
(5)	For the purposes of <b>subsection (3) or subsection (4)</b> , each special adviser must be given reasonable notice of the time and place of every meeting of the board or of its committees (as the case may be) and any written material or document that relates to matters to be considered at the meeting by,—	10
	<ul> <li>(a) in the case of meetings of the board, the chairperson, the deputy chairperson, or the member or members calling the meeting; or</li> <li>(b) in the case of meetings of a committee, the member or</li> </ul>	15
	members calling the meeting.	
	Delegation by board	
20	Persons to whom board may delegate functions, duties, and powers	20
20	Persons to whom board may delegate functions, duties, and powers  The board may, by writing, either generally or specifically, delegate any of its functions, duties, or powers to any of the following:	20
20	<ul> <li>and powers</li> <li>The board may, by writing, either generally or specifically, delegate any of its functions, duties, or powers to any of the following: <ul> <li>(a) any of its members:</li> <li>(b) a committee appointed by resolution of the board that includes at least 1 member of the board:</li> <li>(c) the chief executive:</li> <li>(d) any employee or employees of INZ/TNZ:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	20
20	<ul> <li>and powers</li> <li>The board may, by writing, either generally or specifically, delegate any of its functions, duties, or powers to any of the following: <ul> <li>(a) any of its members:</li> <li>(b) a committee appointed by resolution of the board that includes at least 1 member of the board:</li> <li>(c) the chief executive:</li> <li>(d) any employee or employees of INZ/TNZ:</li> <li>(e) any other person or persons approved by the Minister.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Certain powers must not be delegated <ul> <li>The board must not delegate any of the following powers:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>and powers</li> <li>The board may, by writing, either generally or specifically, delegate any of its functions, duties, or powers to any of the following: <ul> <li>(a) any of its members:</li> <li>(b) a committee appointed by resolution of the board that includes at least 1 member of the board:</li> <li>(c) the chief executive:</li> <li>(d) any employee or employees of INZ/TNZ:</li> <li>(e) any other person or persons approved by the Minister.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Certain powers must not be delegated</li> </ul>	25

22	Effe	ct of delegation	
		person to whom any functions or powers are delegated	
	•	er section 20—	
	(a)	may, unless the delegation provides otherwise, perform those functions or exercise those powers in the same manner, subject to the same restrictions, and with the same effect as if the person were the board; and	5
	(b)	may delegate the functions or powers only with the prior written consent of the board.	
23		sumption of acting in accordance with delegation	10
		erson who appears to act under a delegation under section	
		, in the absence of proof to the contrary, presumed to be	
	actır	ng in accordance with the terms of the delegation.	
24	Oth	er matters relating to delegation	
		elegation under section 20—	15
	(a)	is revocable at will, but the revocation does not take effect until it is communicated, in writing, to the delegate; and	
	(b)	continues in force according to its terms until it is revoked, despite any change in the membership of the board; and	20
	(c)	does not prevent the performance of a function or duty, or the exercise of a power, by the board; and	
	(d)	does not affect the responsibility of the board for the actions of any person acting under delegation.	25
		Committees	
25	Boa	rd may appoint committees	
(1)	The	board may, by resolution, appoint 1 or more committees	
	to		
	(a)	inquire into, and report to the board on, any matters within the scope of the board's functions, duties, or powers that are referred to the committee by the board:	30
	(b)	perform any of the board's functions or duties, or exercise any of the board's powers, that are delegated to the	

committee under section 20.

(2)	The committee is subject in all things to the control of the board and may, at any time, be discharged, altered, or reconstituted by the board.	
26	Membership of committee A committee must consist of at least 1 member and may include any other persons that the board thinks fit.	5
27	Committee to regulate own procedure Subject to the board's direction, a committee may regulate its own procedure.	
	Chief executive of INZ/TNZ	10
<b>28</b> (1)	Appointment of chief executive  The board must appoint a chief executive.	
(2)	The chief executive must not be a member.	
(3)	The chief executive is responsible to the board for the efficient and effective administration of the affairs of INZ/TNZ.	15
29	Terms and conditions of chief executive's employment	
(1)	The chief executive must be appointed on terms and conditions agreed to by the board.	
(2)	However, the board must not agree to any terms and conditions of employment for the chief executive, or to an amendment of those terms and conditions, without—  (a) consulting the State Services Commissioner; and	20
	(b) if the proposed terms and conditions or amendment do not comply with any guidance issued by the State Services Commissioner to INZ/TNZ or to a class of Crown entities to which INZ/TNZ belongs, consulting the Minister.	25

The board must have regard to any recommendations that the Commissioner and (if applicable) the Minister makes to it

A failure to comply with this section does not invalidate the

30

within a reasonable time of being consulted.

acts of the chief executive.

(3)

**(4)** 

30		egation of functions, duties, or powers by chief	
(1)	The cific dutie as le	chief executive may, by writing, either generally or speally, delegate to an employee of INZ/TNZ any functions, es, or powers delegated to the chief executive by the board ong as the board has given its written consent to the gation.	5
(2)		ons 22 to 24 apply (with any necessary modifications) to a gation under subsection (1).	
		Employees of INZ/TNZ	10
31	Pers	sonnel policy	
(1)	INZ	/TNZ must—	
	(a)	operate a personnel policy that complies with the principle of being a good employer; and	
	(b)	report on its compliance with that policy (including its equal employment opportunities programme) in its annual report.	15
(2)	emp sion: treat	the purposes of this section, a <b>good employer</b> is an loyer who operates a personnel policy containing provise generally accepted as necessary for the fair and proper ment of employees in all aspects of their employment, ading provisions requiring—	20
	(a)	good and safe working conditions; and	
	(b)	an equal employment opportunities programme; and	
	(c)	the impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment; and	25
	(d)	recognition of—  (i) the aims and aspirations of Māori; and  (ii) the employment requirements of Māori; and  (iii) the need for involvement of Māori as employees of INZ/TNZ; and	30
	(e)	opportunities for the enhancement of the abilities of individual employees; and	
	(f)	recognition of the aims and aspirations, and the cultural differences, of ethnic and minority groups; and	35
	(g)	recognition of the employment requirements of women; and	

recognition of the employment requirements of persons with disabilities.

(h)

<b>32</b> (1)	<ul> <li>Equal employment opportunities programme</li> <li>In each year, INZ/TNZ must— <ul> <li>(a) develop and publish an equal employment opportunities programme for itself; and</li> <li>(b) ensure that the programme for that year is complied with.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	5
(2)	For the purposes of this section and <b>section 31</b> , an <b>equal employment opportunities programme</b> is a programme aimed at identifying and eliminating all aspects of policies, procedures, and other institutional barriers that cause or perpetuate, or tend to cause or perpetuate, inequality in respect of the employment of any persons or group of persons.	10
	Superannuation	
33	Establishment of superannuation schemes INZ/TNZ may establish superannuation schemes in accordance with sections 84A to 84D of the State Sector Act 1988.	15
<b>34</b> (1)	Government Superannuation Fund A person who, immediately before becoming an employee of INZ/TNZ, was a contributor to the Government Superannuation Fund under Part II or Part IIA of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 is, for the purposes of that Act, to be treated as if he or she were employed in the Government service as long as the person continues to be an employee of INZ/TNZ.	20
(2)	The Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 applies to the person in all respects as if the person's service as an employee of INZ/TNZ were Government service.	25
(3)	A person employed by INZ/TNZ who ceases to be a contributor to the Government Superannuation Fund is not subsequently entitled to become a contributor.	30
(4)	For the purposes of applying the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 in accordance with subsection (2), controlling	

35 Employees not in service of the Crown

Except as otherwise provided in **section 34**, an employee of INZ/TNZ is to be treated as if he or she is not employed in the

authority, in relation to that employee, means INZ/TNZ.

service of the Crown for the purposes of the State Sector Act 1988 or the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956.

#### Members and employees are officials

36 Mem	bers an	d employees	are	officials
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Members and employees are officials for the purposes of 5 sections 105 and 105A of the Crimes Act 1961.

Protections from liability of members and employees

# 37 Protections for members and employees from liabilities of INZ/TNZ

A member or employee of INZ/TNZ is not liable for any liability of INZ/TNZ by reason only of being a member or employee.

# 38 Immunity of members and employees from civil liability to third parties

- (1) A member or employee of INZ/TNZ is not liable to any person (other than to INZ/TNZ) for any act or omission by him or her, in the performance or intended performance of INZ/TNZ's functions, unless the act or omission arises out of conduct that is not in good faith or that is criminal conduct.
- (2) INZ/TNZ is liable for any act or omission for which, but for this section, a member or employee would have been liable to a person.
- (3) To avoid doubt, this section does not affect the right of any person to apply for judicial review.

# 39 Indemnity for members and employees for costs from civil and criminal proceedings

INZ/TNZ may indemnify a member or employee for costs incurred in any civil or criminal proceedings against him or her if—

- (a) any of the following circumstances apply:
  - (i) judgment is given in his or her favour; or
  - (ii) he or she is acquitted; or
  - (iii) the proceedings are discontinued; and

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(b)	the proceedings relate to an act or omission by him or
	her in the performance or intended performance of
	INZ/TNZ's functions.

#### 40 Insurance for members and employees

INZ/TNZ may effect insurance cover for a member or 5 employee of INZ/TNZ in relation to—

- (a) liability and costs incurred in any civil proceedings against him or her if the proceedings relate to an act or omission by him or her in the performance or intended performance of INZ/TNZ's functions; and
- (b) costs incurred in any criminal proceedings against him or her if—
  - (i) he or she is acquitted or the proceedings are discontinued; and
  - (ii) the proceedings relate to an act or omission by him or her in the performance or intended performance of INZ/TNZ's functions.

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#### 41 Breach of indemnity and insurance limits

- (1) A member or employee who is indemnified or insured by INZ/TNZ in breach of this Act must repay to INZ/TNZ the cost of providing or effecting that indemnity or insurance cover to the extent that the indemnity or insurance cover exceeds that which could have been provided or effected under this Act.
- (2) INZ/TNZ may recover the amount as a debt due in a court of competent jurisdiction.

# 42 Definitions for protections from liability In sections 37 to 41,—

effect insurance includes pay, whether directly or indirectly, the costs of insurance

**employee** includes an employee of a former agency **indemnify** includes relieve or excuse from liability, whether before or after the liability arises

member includes a member of the board of a former agency.

### Dealings with third parties by INZ/TNZ

43	Execution of documents	
	INZ/TNZ may,—	
	(a) in writing, authorise any 2 or more members or 1 or more attorneys appointed in accordance with <b>section 45</b> to execute any deed, instrument, contract, or other document on its behalf; and	5
	(b) at any time, revoke the authority in the same manner.	
44	Method of contracting	
(1)	A contract or other enforceable obligation may be entered into by INZ/TNZ, as stated in <b>subsections (2) to (5)</b> .	10
(2)	An obligation that, if entered into by an individual, is required to be by deed may be entered into on behalf of INZ/TNZ in writing, signed under the name of INZ/TNZ by—	
	<ul> <li>(a) 2 or more members; or</li> <li>(b) 1 or more attorneys appointed in accordance with section 45.</li> </ul>	15
(3)	An obligation that, if entered into by an individual, is required to be in writing may be entered into on behalf of INZ/TNZ in writing by a person acting under INZ/TNZ's express or implied authority.	20
(4)	An obligation that, if entered into by an individual, is not required to be in writing may be entered into on behalf of INZ/TNZ in writing or orally by a person acting under INZ/TNZ's express or implied authority.	25
(5)	<ul> <li>This section applies to a contract or other obligation—</li> <li>(a) whether or not that contract or obligation was entered into in New Zealand; and</li> <li>(b) whether or not the law governing the contract or obliga-</li> </ul>	
	tion is the law of New Zealand.	30
<b>45</b> (1)	Attorneys INZ/TNZ may, by an instrument in writing, appoint a person as its attorney either generally or in relation to a specified matter.	
(2)	An act of the attorney in accordance with the instrument binds INZ/TNZ.	35

46 Dealii	igs between	INZ/TNZ	and	other	persons
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- (1) INZ/TNZ may not assert against a person dealing with it or a person who has acquired property, rights, or interests from it that—
  - (a) INZ/TNZ has exercised its powers for a purpose other 5 than the purpose of performing its functions; or
  - (b) this Act has not been complied with; or
  - (c) a person held out by INZ/TNZ to be a member, chairperson, chief executive, employee, or agent of INZ/TNZ (as the case may be)—

(i) has not been duly appointed in that capacity or has ceased to be appointed in that capacity; or

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- (ii) does not have the authority to exercise a power that, given the nature of INZ/TNZ, a person appointed to that capacity would customarily exercise: or
- (iii) does not have the authority to exercise a power that INZ/TNZ holds him or her out as having; or
- (d) a document issued on behalf of INZ/TNZ by a member, chief executive, employee, or agent of INZ/TNZ with authority to issue the document is not valid or genuine.
- (2) Subsection (1) applies even though a person referred to in subsection (1)(c) acts fraudulently or forges a document that appears to have been signed on behalf of INZ/TNZ, unless the person dealing with INZ/TNZ or with a person who has acquired property, rights, or interests from INZ/TNZ has actual knowledge of the fraud or forgery.

#### 47 Presumption of authority to execute document

A person purporting to execute any document on behalf of INZ/TNZ under any authority is, in the absence of proof to the contrary, presumed to be acting in accordance with the authority.

#### Financial provisions

#### 48 Funds of INZ/TNZ

The funds of INZ/TNZ consist of—

(a) all money appropriated by Parliament and paid to INZ/TNZ; and

(b)

all other money lawfully received by INZ/TNZ for its

	purposes; and (c) all accumulations of income derived from any of that money.	
<b>49</b> (1)	Bank accounts INZ/TNZ must establish, maintain, and operate 1 or more bank accounts at 1 or more—  (a) registered banks (within the meaning of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989):	5
	(b) banks outside New Zealand approved by the Minister of Finance for the purpose.	10
(2)	All money received by INZ/TNZ for its purposes must, as soon as practicable after it has been received, be paid into a bank account of INZ/TNZ.	
(3)	INZ/TNZ must properly authorise the withdrawal or payment of money from any of its accounts.	15
50	Investment of money Any money that belongs to INZ/TNZ and that is not immediately required may be invested only in accordance with section 25 of the Public Finance Act 1989.	20
51	INZ/TNZ not to borrow without consent of Minister of Finance Despite section 11, INZ/TNZ must not borrow or contract to borrow any money, or renew or amend the terms of any loan made to INZ/TNZ, without the prior written consent of the Minister of Finance.	25
52	Auditor-General to be auditor of INZ/TNZ INZ/TNZ is a public entity as defined in section 4 of the Public Audit Act 2001, and, in accordance with that Act, the Auditor-General is its auditor.	30
<b>53</b> (1)	INZ/TNZ deemed to be public authority INZ/TNZ is deemed to be a public authority for the purposes of the Inland Revenue Acts.	
(2)	In this section, <b>Inland Revenue Acts</b> has the same meaning as in section 3(1) of the Tax Administration Act 1994.	35
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#### Planning—Statement of intent

54	<b>Purpose</b>	of	statement	of	intent

The purpose of a statement of intent is to promote the public accountability of INZ/TNZ by—

(a) setting out INZ/TNZ's medium-term intentions and commitments:

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- (b) enabling the Crown to participate in the process of setting those intentions and commitments:
- (c) providing to the House of Representatives contextual information about INZ/TNZ and information about the intentions and commitments that have been set:
- (d) providing a base against which INZ/TNZ's actual performance can later be assessed.

#### 55 Obligation to prepare statement of intent

INZ/TNZ must prepare for each financial year a statement of intent that relates to at least that financial year and the 2 following financial years.

#### 56 Form and content of statement of intent

- (1) Each statement of intent must contain the following information:
  - (a) an outline of key contextual information, such as the principal legislative functions and current organisational structure of INZ/TNZ:
  - (b) the nature and scope of INZ/TNZ's intended operations for the period to which the statement of intent applies:
  - (c) the items of significance (if any) under each of the following headings for the period to which the statement of intent applies:
    - (i) the principal areas of INZ/TNZ's activity within the scope of operations:
    - (ii) the expected features of INZ/TNZ's operating environment, and the potential implications of those features:
    - (iii) the nature of INZ/TNZ's long-term specific goals for its operations and principal areas of activity, and how those goals might link to goals referred to in a statement of government policy:
    - (iv) the proposed strategies for achieving goals, managing risks, and carrying out operations:

		(v)	the performance targets and other measures by which performance may be judged:	
		(vi)	the matters on which INZ/TNZ will consult the	
		(V1)	Minister before making a decision, the matters on	
			which it will report to the Minister, and the fre-	5
			quency of reporting:	J
		(vii)	any other proposed operating policies:	
	(d)		ollowing prospective financial information:	
	(u)	(i)	a forecast statement of financial performance,	
		(1)	statement of financial position, and statement of	10
			cash flows in respect of the first financial year to	
			which the statement of intent relates:	
		(ii)	a summary of those forecast financial statements	
		(11)	in respect of the remainder of the period to which	
			the statement of intent relates:	15
		(iii)	a statement of the principal assumptions on	
		(/	which the forecast financial statements are based:	
		(iv)	a statement of all material accounting policies	
		,	and any changes to them from the last statement	
			of them:	20
	(e)	an ou	tline of the proposed strategy for managing any	
			tly reported or anticipated material net deficit (as	
		deterr	mined in accordance with generally accepted	
		accou	inting practice):	
	(f)	any o	ther information necessary for understanding and	25
		assess	sing the information provided under paragraphs (a)	
		to (e)	or without which that information is false or	
		misle	ading in a material particular.	
(2)	Each	final st	tatement of intent must be in writing, be dated, and	
			n behalf of the board by 2 members.	30
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57	Mini	sterial	involvement in statements of intent	
(1)			f the Crown may participate in determining the	
. /			tatements of intent as follows:	
	(a)	the M	linister may agree with INZ/TNZ that information	
		additi	onal to that required by section 56 be included in	35
		the st	atement of intent:	
	(b)	the M	linister of Finance may make rules—	
		(i)	specifying particular information that must be	
			disclosed under section 56:	

		(ii) specifying the particular form in which information under that section must be disclosed:	
	(c)	the Minister may, by written notice to INZ/TNZ,—	
		(i) specify particular information that must be disclosed under section 56:	5
		(ii) specify the particular form in which information under that section must be disclosed:	5
	(d)	the Minister may make comments on a draft statement	
		of intent under section 58 or on an amendment to a statement of intent proposed by INZ/TNZ under section 61 or section 62:	10
	(e)	the Minister may direct amendments to certain information in a statement of intent under section 63.	
(2)	(1)(c)	Minister must ensure that a requirement under subsection is not incompatible with any rules made by the Minister inance under subsection (1)(b).	15
(3)		TNZ must comply with any applicable rules and requirets in accordance with this Act.	
58	Proc	ess for providing statement of intent to Minister	
(1)		TNZ must follow the following process in providing a ment of intent:	20
	(a)	INZ/TNZ must provide a draft statement of intent to the Minister no later than 30 days before the commence-	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(b)	ment of each financial year; and the Minister must provide to INZ/TNZ any comments that he or she may have on the draft no later than 14 days before the commencement of the financial year; and	25
	(b) (c)	ment of each financial year; and the Minister must provide to INZ/TNZ any comments that he or she may have on the draft no later than 14 days before the commencement of the financial year;	25
(2)	The extent they the emust	ment of each financial year; and the Minister must provide to INZ/TNZ any comments that he or she may have on the draft no later than 14 days before the commencement of the financial year; and INZ/TNZ must consider the comments (if any) on the draft and provide the final statement of intent to the Minister on or before the commencement of the finan-	

59	Application and term of statement of intent					
	A st	atement of intent applies in relation to INZ/TNZ—				
	(a)	from the date on which the final statement of intent is				
		provided to the Minister under section 58(1)(c); and				
	(b)	until a new statement of intent takes effect in relation to	5			
		INZ/TNZ (despite the end of any financial year to				
		which the statement relates); and				
	(c)	with any amendments that are made as described in				
		section 60.				
60	Amo	endments to statement of intent	10			
	A st	atement of intent may be amended only as follows:				
	(a)	if INZ/TNZ wishes to make an amendment, in accor-				
		dance with section 61; or				
	(b)	in the circumstances referred to in section 62; or				
	(c)	if the Minister wishes to make an amendment, in accor-	15			
		dance with section 63.				
61	Opti	ional amendments by INZ/TNZ				
(1)	If INZ/TNZ wishes to amend its statement of intent, the pro-					
	cess	that must be followed is as follows:				
	(a)	INZ/TNZ must provide a draft amendment to the Min-	20			
		ister; and				
	(b)	the Minister must provide to INZ/TNZ any comments				
		that he or she may have on the draft no later than				
		14 days after receiving the draft; and				
	(c)	INZ/TNZ must consider the comments (if any) on the	25			
		draft.				
(2)		final amendment must be in writing, be dated, and be ed on behalf of the board by 2 members.				
(3)	_	final amendment to the statement of intent applies from				
	the date on which the final amendment is provided to the					
		ister.	30			
62	Mar	ndatory amendments				
(1)		INZ/TNZ must amend its statement of intent if—				
•	(a)	the Minister has given a direction to INZ/TNZ that has				
	-	consequences that materially alter or affect the informa-	35			
		tion contained in the statement of intent; or				

	(b)	there are any changes to INZ/TNZ's operating environ- ment that significantly alter or affect the performance expectations set out in the statement of intent; or	
	(c)	changes in the law materially alter or affect the informa- tion contained in the statement of intent; or	5
	(d)	the information contained in the statement of intent is false or misleading in a material particular, and was so at the time when the statement of intent first took effect.	
(2)	after	TNZ must make the amendment as soon as practicable the entity becomes aware of the facts that give rise to the gation to amend under this section.	10
(3)		process and other rules set out in <b>section 61</b> apply to an andment under this section.	
<b>63</b> (1)	The INZ/	endments to statement of intent by Minister Minister may amend any provision that is included in TNZ's statement of intent under section 56(1)(b), (c)(iii), (v), (which relates to the scope of operations, specific goals,	15
		ormance targets, and matters for consultation).	
(2)		e Minister intends to amend a statement of intent, the ess that must be followed is as follows:  the Minister must give a direction to INZ/TNZ specifying the amendment that is required: the Minister must consult INZ/TNZ before giving the direction:	20
	(c)	section 13 applies with any necessary modifications.	25
(3)	Mini (whi	amendment to the statement of intent, as specified by the ster, applies from the effective date of the direction ch may not be earlier than the date on which the direction esented to the House of Representatives under <b>section 13</b> ).	
64		ister to present statement of intent and amendments	30
	The intended of R	Minister must present a copy of the final statement of it, and any amendments that are made to it, to the House depresentatives within 10 Parliamentary working days	
		the final statement of intent or amendment (as the case be) is received by the Minister.	35

### Reporting—Annual report

Obligation to prepare annual report

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		/TNZ must prepare an annual report on its affairs for each neial year.	
66		m and content of annual report	5
(1)		annual report must contain the following information and rts in respect of the financial year to which it relates:	
	(a)	a report on operations, including the information that is	
		necessary to enable an informed assessment to be made	
		of performance during the financial year against the	10
		statement of intent; and	
	(b)	a statement of service performance prepared in accor-	
		dance with section 67; and	
	(c)	annual financial statements prepared in accordance with	
		section 68; and	15
	(d)	a statement of responsibility for the financial statements	
		in accordance with section 69; and	
	(e)	the auditor's report in accordance with section 70; and	
	(f)	any Ministerial direction given under section 12 during	
		that financial year; and	20
	(g)	an assessment of the reasons for, and the implications	
		of, any material reported net deficit (as determined in	
		accordance with generally accepted accounting prac-	
	(1.)	tice) incurred during the financial year; and	25
	(h)	any matter on which the statement of intent for that	25
	<i>(</i> i)	financial year required the annual report to report; and for each member, the total value of the remuneration	
	<b>(i)</b>	and other benefits (other than compensation and other	
		benefits referred to in paragraph (m)) received by the	
		member from INZ/TNZ during that financial year; and	30
	(j)	for each member of a board committee, the total value	30
	(J)	of the remuneration and other benefits received by the	
		member from INZ/TNZ during that financial year	
		(except that this paragraph does not apply to members	
		whose remuneration is disclosed under paragraph (i)); and	35
	(k)	a report on compliance with its policy of being a good	
	` /	employer (including its equal employment opportuni-	
		ties programme); and	
	(1)	the number of employees who, during the financial	

year, received remuneration and any other benefits

		(other than compensation and other benefits referred to	
		in paragraph (m)) in their capacity as employees, the total	
		value of which is or exceeds \$100,000 per annum, and	
		the number of those employees in brackets of \$10,000;	
		and	5
	(m)	the total value of any compensation or other benefits	
		received by persons who ceased to be employees or	
		members during the financial year in relation to ceasing	
		employment or ceasing to be members and the number	
		of persons who received part of that total; and	10
	(n)	details of any indemnity provided by INZ/TNZ during	
		the financial year to any member or employee; and	
	(o)	details of any insurance cover effected by INZ/TNZ	
		during the financial year in respect of the liability or	
		costs of any member or employee; and	15
	(p)	any other information that is necessary to enable an	
		informed assessment to be made of performance for	
		that financial year.	
(2)	An a	innual report must be in writing, be dated, and be signed	
,		ehalf of the board by 2 members.	20
(3)	In subsection (1), member and employee include a person who		
(-)		a member or employee at any time after the commence-	
		t of this Act, but who is no longer a member or employee.	
		, 3	
67	Fort	n and content of statement of service performance	
(1)		atement of service performance must—	25
` ,	(a)	report on the classes of outputs produced during the	
	` /	financial year as compared with the classes of outputs	
		described at the beginning of the financial year in the	
		relevant statement of output objectives; and	
	(b)	be prepared in accordance with generally accepted	30
		accounting practice.	
(2)	A st	atement of service performance must be in writing, be	
` '		d, and be signed on behalf of the board by 2 members.	
		,	
68	Fori	n and content of annual financial statements	
(1)		annual financial statements of INZ/TNZ must be prepared	35
` /		respect to the affairs of INZ/TNZ for the financial year to	
		th they relate.	
(2)		annual financial statements must—	
( <i>-)</i>	1110	minom ministra statements must	

	(a) (b)	contain the actual financial information for INZ/TNZ as compared with the forecast financial statements contained in the statement of intent or, if the forecast financial statements in the statement of intent have been amended, as compared with the original forecast figures and the amended forecast figures; and be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice.	5
69		ement of responsibility	
	The must	statement of responsibility for the financial statements	10
	(a)	be dated and signed on behalf of the board by 2 members; and	
	(b)	contain a statement of the signatories' responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgments in them; and	15
	(c)	contain a statement of the signatories' responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal con- trol designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the	•
	(d)	integrity and reliability of financial reporting; and contain a statement that, in the opinion of the signatories, the annual financial statements for the financial year fairly reflect the financial position and operations of INZ/TNZ.	20
70	Aud	it	25
(1)	INZ/TNZ must, within 90 days after the end of each financial year, submit to the Auditor-General for audit the report on operations, the statement of service performance, and the annual financial statements required under section 66(1)(a) to (c).		
(2)	vide	Auditor-General must audit those documents, and pro- an audit report on them to INZ/TNZ within 30 days after iving them.	30
71	INZ	igation to provide annual report to Minister  TNZ must provide the annual report to the Minister as as practicable after receiving the audit report.	35

72	Minister to present annual report to House of Representatives				
	The Minister must present a copy of INZ/TNZ's annual report to the House of Representatives within 10 Parliamentary working days after the date on which they are received by the Minister.	5			
	Review of INZ/TNZ's operations and performance				
<b>73</b> (1)	Review of INZ/TNZ's operations and performance The Minister may review the operations and performance of INZ/TNZ at any time.	10			
(2)	This section does not limit powers of review in the State Sector Act 1988 or the Public Audit Act 2001 or under any other Act.				
	Part 3				
	Miscellaneous provisions	15			
	Dissolution of former agencies				
74	Former agencies dissolved The former agencies are dissolved.				
	Transitional provisions				
75	Assets and liabilities vest in INZ/TNZ All rights, assets, liabilities, and debts that a former agency had immediately before the commencement of this Act must be treated as the rights, assets, liabilities, and debts of INZ/TNZ on that commencement.	20			
76	Transfer of employees INZ/TNZ may, after consulting the employee concerned, transfer a person who is employed by a former agency immediately before the commencement of this Act to INZ/TNZ.	25			
77	Terms and conditions of employment for transferred	20			
(1)	employee The employment of a transferred employee must be on terms and conditions no less favourable to the transferred employee than those applying to the employee immediately before the date of the person's transfer to INZ/TNZ.	30			

(2)	Subse	ection (1)—			
	(a)	continues to apply to the terms and conditions of employment of a transferred employee until those terms and conditions are varied by agreement between the transferred employee and INZ/TNZ; but	5		
	(b)	does not apply to a transferred employee who receives any subsequent employment with INZ/TNZ.			
78	Continuity of employment				
(1)		y transferred employee becomes an employee of TNZ on the date of transfer.	10		
(2)	natio	rever, for the purposes of every enactment, law, determi- on, contract, and agreement relating to the employment of employee,—			
	(a)	the contract of employment of that employee must be treated as unbroken; and	15		
	(b)	the employee's period of service with a former agency, and every other period of service of that employee that is recognised by a former agency as continuous service, must be treated as a period of service with INZ/TNZ.			
79		compensation for technical redundancy	20		
		ansferred employee is not entitled to receive any payment by other benefit solely on the ground that—			
	(a)	the position held by the person in a former agency has ceased to exist; or			
	(b)	the person has ceased (as a result of the transfer to INZ/TNZ) to be an employee of a former agency.	25		
80	Fina	l reports and accounts			
(1)	As soon as is practicable after the commencement of this Act,				
	INZ/TNZ must arrange for the final report of each former agency to be delivered to the Minister.				
<b>(2)</b>	The report must—				
	(a)	describe the former agency's operations for the period beginning on 1 July 2002 and ending with the close of 30 June 2003; and			
	(b)	include—	35		
		(i) financial statements of that agency prepared, in accordance with Part V of the Public Finance Act 1989, for that period; and			

(ii)	an audit report prepared by the Auditor-General
	and a management statement relating to those
	financial statements.

(3) The Minister must present a copy of every report under this section to the House of Representatives under section 44A of the Public Finance Act 1989.

#### 81 References to former agency

Unless the context otherwise requires, every reference to a former agency in any enactment, agreement, deed, instrument, application, notice, or in any other document in force immediately before the commencement of this Act must, on or after that commencement, be read as a reference to INZ/TNZ.

#### 82 Proceedings of former agency

- (1) Any proceedings to which a former agency is a party before the commencement of this Act may be continued, completed, and enforced by or against INZ/TNZ.
- (2) This section is for the avoidance of doubt.

#### Application of Archives Act 1957

#### 83 Archives Act 1957 to apply

INZ/TNZ is a Government office for the purposes of the Archives Act 1957.

#### Consequential amendments

#### 84 Consequential amendments

The Acts specified in **Schedule 4** are amended in the manner indicated in that schedule.

#### Repeals

#### 85 Repeals

The New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988 (1988 No 160) and the Industry New Zealand Act 2000 (2000 No 27) are repealed.

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Schedul	le 1
Members'	duties

s 14(2)

1	Must give effect to purpose of Act, etc				
	(a)	board must ensure that INZ/TNZ acts in a manner— that gives effect to the purpose of this Act; and	5		
	(b)	that is consistent with INZ/TNZ's functions and with its current statement of intent.			
2	consi The l effici	etions must be performed efficiently, effectively, and istently with spirit of service to public board must ensure that INZ/TNZ performs its functions tently and effectively and in a manner consistent with the cof service to the public.	10		
3	The b	ration must be in financially responsible manner poard must ensure that INZ/TNZ operates in a financially ensible manner and, for this purpose, that it prudently ages its assets and liabilities.	15		
4	Subsidiaries				
		The board must ensure, to the extent of its powers, that each			
	subsi	diary of INZ/TNZ—	20		
	(a)	does not do anything that INZ/TNZ does not have power to do; and			
	(b)	acts consistently with the purpose of this Act (to the extent that the purpose of this Act relates to the subsidiary); and	25		
	(c)	exercises its powers only for the purpose of performing, or assisting INZ/TNZ to perform, INZ/TNZ's functions; and			
	(d)	in doing anything, acts consistently with the obligations and restrictions that would apply to INZ/TNZ in doing that thing; and	30		
	(e)	does not contravene this Act, the Companies Act 1993, or the company's constitution (if applicable); and			
	(f)	acts consistently with INZ/TNZ's current statement of intent under section 55; and	35		

	(g)	complies with a Ministerial direction given under section 12 (to the extent that it relates to the subsidiary); and	
	(h)	does not pay directors of the subsidiary any compensa- tion or other payment or benefit, on any basis for ceas- ing for any reason to hold office.	5
		Individual duties of members	
5	A m	y to comply with this Act ember must not contravene, or cause or agree to INZ/TNZ ravening, this Act.	10
6	A m	y to act with honesty and integrity ember must, when acting as a member, act with honesty integrity.	
7	inter A m and	y to act in good faith and not at expense of entity's rests ember must, when acting as a member, act in good faith not pursue his or her own interests at the expense of TNZ's interests.	15
8	A midilig	y to act with reasonable care, diligence, and skill ember must, when acting as a member, exercise the care, ence, and skill that a reasonable person would exercise in same circumstances, taking into account (without tation)—	20
	(a) (b) (c)	the nature of INZ/TNZ; and the nature of the action; and the position of the member and the nature of the respon- sibilities undertaken by him or her.	25
<b>9</b> (1)	A m	y not to disclose information  member who has information in his or her capacity as a mber that would not otherwise be available to him or her at not disclose that information to any person, or make use or act on, that information, except— for the purposes of INZ/TNZ; or as required or permitted by law; or	30
	(c)	in accordance with <b>subclause (2)</b> ; or	35

(d)

in complying with the requirements for members to

	disclose interests.	
(2)	A member may disclose, make use of, or act on, the information if—	
	<ul> <li>(a) the member is first authorised to do so by the board; and</li> <li>(b) the disclosure, use, or act in question will not, or will not be likely to, prejudice INZ/TNZ.</li> </ul>	5
	Effect of non-compliance with duties	
10	Accountability for collective board duties	
(1)	The duties of the board and members under clauses 1 to 4 (collective duties) are duties owed to the Minister.	10
(2)	If a board does not comply with any of its collective duties, all or any of the members may be removed from office.	
(3)	However, <b>subclause (2)</b> does not apply to a member if—  (a) he or she did not know and could not reasonably be expected to know that the duty was to be or was being breached; or	15
	(b) he or she took all reasonable steps in the circumstances to prevent the duty being breached.	
(4)	A member is not liable for a breach of a collective duty under this Act, except for being removed from office as provided for in <b>subclause (2)</b> .	20
(5)	This section does not limit any other ground for removing a member from office.	
(6)	Subclause (4) does not limit—  (a) anything else for which the member may be liable under	25
	any other Act or rule of law arising from the act or omission that constitutes the breach; or	
	(b) the right to apply for a court order under clause 12.	
11	Accountability for individual duties	30
(1)	The duties of members under clauses 5 to 9 (individual duties) are duties owed to the Minister and INZ/TNZ.	
(2)	If a member does not comply with his or her individual duties, that member may be removed from office.	
(3)	INZ/TNZ may bring an action against a member for breach of any individual duty.	35

(4)	A member is not liable for a breach of an individual duty under this Act, except for being removed from office as provided for in <b>subclause</b> (2) or in an action brought under <b>subclause</b> (3).	
(5)	This section does not limit any other ground for removing a member from office.	5
12	Court actions requiring or restraining board or members	
(1)	<ul> <li>The Minister or a member may apply to a court for an order—</li> <li>(a) requiring the board to take any action that is required to be taken by members under this Act:</li> <li>(b) restraining the board or a member from engaging in conduct that would contravene this Act:</li> <li>(c) granting any consequential relief.</li> </ul>	10
(2)	<ul> <li>The court may make an order on the application, subject to the following rules:</li> <li>(a) an order may be made only if the court is satisfied that it is just and equitable to do so; and</li> <li>(b) no order may be made in respect of conduct that has been completed.</li> </ul>	15
(3)	The court may, at any time before the final determination of an application under this section, make as an interim order any order that it is empowered to make as a final order.	20
	Reliance on information and advice	
13	When members may rely on certain information and advice	25
(1)	A member, when acting as a member, may rely on reports, statements, financial data, and other information prepared or supplied, and on professional or expert advice given, by any of the following persons:  (a) an employee of INZ/TNZ whom the member believes on reasonable grounds to be reliable and competent in relation to the matters concerned:	30
	(b) a professional adviser or expert in relation to matters that the member believes on reasonable grounds to be within the person's professional or expert competence:	35

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	(c)	any other member or a committee of the board on which the member did not serve in relation to matters within the member's or committee's delegated authority.	
(2)	state	ember, when acting as a member, may rely on reports, ments, financial data, and other information supplied by Crown.	5
(3)		auses (1) and (2) apply to a member only if the member—	
	(a)	acts in good faith; and	
	(b)	makes proper inquiry if the need for inquiry is indicated by the circumstances; and	10
	(c)	has no knowledge that the reliance is unwarranted.	
		Disclosure of interest	
14	Obli	gation to disclose interest	
(1)	indir must relev	ember who (otherwise than as a member) has a direct or ect interest in any of the matters listed in <b>subclause (2)</b> , as soon as practicable after the member knows about the rant facts, disclose the nature of the interest in accordance <b>clause 15</b> .	15
(2)	The	matters are as follows:	
	(a)	INZ/TNZ's performance of a function or exercise of a	20
	(b)	power: an arrangement, agreement, or contract made or entered into, or proposed to be made or entered into, by INZ/TNZ.	
15	Disc	losure to Minister or chairperson	25
		ember who is required to disclose the nature of an interest	
		disclose it—	
	(a)	to the Minister if the person is the chairperson or if the positions of chairperson and deputy chairperson are vacant; or	30
	(b)	to the chairperson in any other case.	
16		sequences of disclosure	
		ember who discloses his or her interest under <b>clause 15</b> —	
	(a)	must not take part in any deliberation or decision of the board relating to the matter; and	35

(b) is to be disregarded for the purpose of forming a quorum for a meeting of the board during which a deliberation or decision relating to the matter occurs or is made.

#### 17 Effect of non-compliance

If a member fails to comply with the disclosure requirements in **clause 15**, the validity of the arrangement, agreement, or contract made or entered into by INZ/TNZ is not affected.

### Schedule 2 Membership of board

s 14(2)

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Members' appointments

The Minister must appoint members in accordance with any

Criteria for appointments

**1** (1)

( )	criteria for members and any process for appointment set out in this Act.	
(2)	<ul> <li>Subject to subsection (1), the Minister— <ul> <li>(a) may only appoint a person who, in the Minister's opinion, has appropriate skills and experience to assist INZ/TNZ to perform its functions; and</li> <li>(b) in appointing a person, must take into account the desirability of promoting diversity in the membership of Crown entities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	10
<b>2</b> (1)	Qualifications of members A natural person who is not disqualified by subclause (2) may be a member.	15
(2)	<ul> <li>The following persons are disqualified from being a member:</li> <li>(a) a person who is an undischarged bankrupt:</li> <li>(b) a person who is prohibited from being a director or promoter of, or being concerned or taking part in the management of, a company under section 382, section 383, or section 385 of the Companies Act 1993:</li> </ul>	20
	(c) a person who is subject to a property order made under	

(d) a person who has been convicted of an offence punishable by imprisonment for a term of 2 years or more or who has been sentenced to imprisonment for any other offence, unless that person has obtained a pardon or served the sentence or otherwise suffered the penalty imposed on the person:

corporation under section 32 of that Act:

section 10, section 11, section 12, section 30, or section

31 of the Protection of Personal and Property Rights Act 1988, or whose property is managed by a trustee

(e) a person who has failed to disclose his or her interests and potential interests as required by clause 3.

3	Requirements before appointment		
(1)	Before a person is appointed as a member, the person must—		
	(a) consent in writing to being a member; and		
	(b) certify in writing that he or she is not disqualified from being a member; and	5	
	(c) disclose to the Minister the nature and extent (including monetary value if quantifiable) of all interests or potential interests that the person has at that time in matters relating to INZ/TNZ.		
(2)	A person is <b>interested</b> in a transaction of, or other matter relating to, INZ/TNZ if he or she has an interest in a transaction of, or other matter relating to, a person who is likely to be materially affected by decisions of INZ/TNZ or is likely to have material dealings with INZ/TNZ.	10	
4	Method of appointment	15	
(1)	A member is appointed by written notice to the member (with copy to INZ/TNZ).		
(2)	The notice of appointment must—		
	(a) state the date on which the appointment takes effect; and	20	
	(b) be published by the Minister in the <i>Gazette</i> as soon as practicable after being given.		
5	Term of appointment		
(1)	A member—		
	(a) holds office for 3 years or any shorter term stated in the notice of appointment; but	25	
	(b) continues in office despite the expiry of his or her term of office until—		
	(i) the member is reappointed; or		
	(ii) the member's successor is appointed; or	30	
	(iii) the Minister informs the member by written notice (with a copy to INZ/TNZ) that the member is not to be reappointed and no successor is to be appointed at that time.		
(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply if the member ceases to hold	35	
` /	office under this Act or any other enactment		

The acts of a person as a member are valid even if the person's appointment was defective; or the person is not qualified to be a member.

Validity of acts

(b)

7	Position where concurrent office A member may hold that office concurrently with any other office.	5
	Resignation and removal of members	
8	Resignation A member may, at any time, resign from office by written notice given to the Minister.	10
<b>9</b> (1)	Removal from office  The Minister may, at any time and entirely at his or her discretion, remove a member from office by written notice to the member (with a copy to INZ/TNZ).	15
(2)	Before removing a member from office, the Minister—  (a) must give the member a reasonable opportunity to make written submissions or to be heard on the proposal to remove him or her; and  (b) must otherwise comply with the principles of natural justice.	20
10	No compensation for removal from office A member is not entitled to any compensation or other pay- ment or benefit, on any basis, for removal from office.	
	Vacancies in board's membership	25
<b>11</b> (1)	Position where vacancy in membership If a member, for any reason, ceases to hold office as a member, the Minister may appoint another person to act as a member.	
(2)	A member who is appointed under <b>subclause</b> (1) is appointed for the residue of the term for which the vacating member was appointed.	30

12 Effect of vacancy in member	ersh	1i)	p
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The functions, duties, and powers of INZ/TNZ and of the board are not affected by any vacancy in the board's membership.

#### Chairperson and deputy chairperson

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#### 13 Appointment

- (1) The Minister may appoint 1 of the members as the chairperson and another member as the deputy chairperson.
- (2) However, no person may, at the same time, hold the office both of chairperson and of deputy chairperson.

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#### 14 Term of office

Every person appointed as chairperson or deputy chairperson holds that office until the person—

- (a) dies or resigns from that office; or
- (b) is removed from it by the Minister; or

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(c) ceases to be a member.

#### 15 Resignation

A chairperson or deputy chairperson may, without resigning as a member, resign from that office by written notice given to the Minister.

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# 16 Appointment of new chairperson or deputy chairperson If the chairperson or deputy chairperson ceases to be the chairperson or deputy chairperson, the Minister may appoint an existing member or a new member as the chairperson or

an existing member or a new member as the chairperson or deputy chairperson.

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## 17 Performance and exercise of chairperson's functions, duties, and powers during vacancy

(1) During a vacancy in the office of chairperson, or while the chairperson is for any reason unable to perform and exercise the functions, duties, and powers of the chairperson, the deputy chairperson has and may perform and exercise all of the functions, duties, and powers of the chairperson.

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(2) No acts done by the deputy chairperson acting as the chairperson may, in any proceedings, be questioned on the grounds

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that the occasion for the deputy chairperson so acting had not arisen or had ceased.

#### Remuneration and expenses

#### 18 Board members' remuneration and expenses

- A member is entitled to receive, from the funds of INZ/TNZ, (1) remuneration for services as a member at a rate and of a kind determined by the Minister in accordance with the fees framework.
- **(2)** A member is entitled to be paid out of the funds of INZ/TNZ actual and reasonable travelling and other expenses relating to 10 the performance of his or her duties and responsibilities as a member in accordance with the fees framework.

#### s 14(2)

## Schedule 3 Procedure of board

#### General

1	Procedure	gananally
1	rrocedure	generany

Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the board may regulate its own procedure.

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#### Meetings

#### 2 Times and places of meetings

- (1) The board or the chairperson must appoint the times and places for meetings of the board, and give notice of those meetings to each member and each special adviser not present when the appointment is made.
- (2) The chairperson, or any 2 members, may, at any time, call a special meeting of the board by giving not less than 7 days' notice of the special meeting, and of the business to be transacted at the meeting, to each member of the board and each special adviser for the time being in New Zealand.
- (3) No business other than that specified in a notice of special meeting may be transacted at that meeting.
- (4) Notice of a meeting—
  - (a) must be written, and state the time and place of the meeting; and
  - (b) may be given by post, delivery, or electronic communication; and
  - (c) must be sent to the member's or special adviser's last 25 known address in New Zealand.
- (5) An irregularity in a notice of a meeting is waived if all members entitled to receive the notice attend the meeting without protesting about the irregularity or agree to the waiver.

#### 3 Methods of holding meetings

A meeting of the board may be held-

- (a) by a quorum of the members being assembled together at the time and place appointed for the meeting; and
- (b) by means of audio, audio and visual, or electronic communications by which a quorum of members can simultaneously communicate with each other throughout the meeting.

4	Quorum	
(1)	A quorum for a meeting of the board is—  (a) half the number of members (if the board has an even	
	number of members); or (b) a majority of the members (if the board has an odd number of members).	5
(2)	However, a quorum for a meeting of the board is not fewer than 3 members.	
(3)	No business may be transacted at a meeting of the board if a quorum is not present.	10
5	Who presides at meetings?	
(1)	At all meetings of the board, the chairperson presides if he or she is present.	
(2)	If the chairperson is not present, or if there is no chairperson, the deputy chairperson, if present, must preside.	15
(3)	The members present must appoint 1 of their number to be the chairperson for the meeting if—  (a) the chairperson and the deputy chairperson are not present; or	20
(4)	(b) there is no chairperson and no deputy chairperson.  The elected person has and may perform and exercise all the powers, duties, and functions of the chairperson for the purposes of the meeting.	20
6	Voting at meetings	
(1)	Each member has 1 vote.	25
(2)	In addition to his or her general vote, the chairperson at a meeting has a casting vote.	
(3)	A resolution of the board is passed if it is agreed to by all members present without dissent or if a majority of the votes cast on it are in favour of it.	30
(4)	A member present at a meeting of the board is presumed to have agreed to, and to have voted in favour of, a resolution of the board unless he or she expressly dissents from, or votes against, the resolution at the meeting.	

#### 7 Resolutions

- (1) A resolution in writing signed or assented to by letter, telegram, telex, fax message, or electronic message by all members of the board is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the board duly called and constituted.
- (2) The resolution may consist of several documents in the same form, each signed or appearing to have been sent by 1 or more members.

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s 84

#### **Citizenship Act 1977** (1977 No 61)

Repeal section 6(4)(b)(iii) and substitute:

"(iii) an officer or employee of Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand (as established by the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Act 2003) on service overseas: or".

#### Repeal section 8A(3)(a)(iii) and substitute:

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"(iii) an officer or employee of Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand (as established by the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Act 2003) on service overseas; or".

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#### Crimes Act 1961 (1961 No 43)

Omit from section 8A(1)(c)(iii) the words "the New Zealand Trade Development Board (as established by the New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988)" and substitute the words "Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand (as established by the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Act 2003)".

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#### **Electoral Act 1993** (1993 No 87)

Omit from section 80(3)(a)(iii) the words "the New Zealand Trade Development Board established by the New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988" and substitute the words "Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand established by the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Act 2003".

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#### Foreign Affairs Act 1988 (1988 No 159)

Omit from section 6(1)(c) the words "the New Zealand Trade Development Board (as established by the New Zealand Trade Development Board Act 1988)" and substitute the words "Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand (as established by the Industry New Zealand and Trade New Zealand Integration Act 2003)".

Official Information	Act 1982	(1982 No	156
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Omit from the First Schedule the following items:

Industry New Zealand

New Zealand Trade Development Board.

Insert, in the First Schedule, in its appropriate alphabetical order, the following item:

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.

#### **Ombudsmen Act 1975** (1975 No 9)

Omit from Part II of the First Schedule the following items:

Industry New Zealand.

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The New Zealand Trade Development Board. Insert in Part II of the First Schedule, in its appropriate alphabetical order, the following item:

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.

#### **Public Finance Act 1989** (1989 No 44)

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Omit from the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Schedules the following items:

Industry New Zealand.

New Zealand Trade Development Board.

Insert in the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Schedules, in each case in their appropriate alphabetical order, the following item:

Industry New Zealand/Trade New Zealand.

Wellington, New Zealand: Published under the authority of the New Zealand Government---2003

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