[As REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE] House of Representatives, 13 October 1960

Words struck out by the Committee are shown in roman enclosed in panel: words inserted are shown in roman with double rule down side.

Right Hon. Mr Nash

# PUBLIC SAFETY CONSERVATION AMENDMENT

#### ANALYSIS

Title2. Parliament to meet after issue of<br/>Proclamation of Emergency

## A BILL INTITULED

### An Act to amend the Public Safety Conservation Act 1932

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, 5 as follows:

1. Short Title—This Act may be cited as the Public Safety Conservation Amendment Act 1960, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Public Safety Conservation Act 1932 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

10 2. Parliament to meet after issue of Proclamation of Emergency—Section 2 of the principal Act is hereby amended by repealing subsection (3), and substituting the following subsections:

"(3) Where a Proclamation of Emergency has been made, 15 the occasion thereof shall forthwith be communicated to Parliament.

(A) If when a Ducalementian of Energy

"(4) If when a Proclamation of Emergency is made—

"(a) Parliament has been prorogued until a date more than seven days after the date on which the

Proclamation of Emergency is made; or

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"(b) Parliament has been dissolved or has expired and no Proclamation has been made summoning Parliament to meet on a day not later than seven days after the date on which the Proclamation of Emergency is made,—

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a Proclamation shall be made appointing a day for the meeting of Parliament, being a day not later than seven days after the date of the making of the Proclamation of Emergency or,

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where on that date Parliament has been dissolved or has 10 expired and a copy of the writs for the election of the members of Parliament, duly endorsed pursuant to section 119 of the Electoral Act 1956, has not been received by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, not later than seven days after the date on which a copy of those writs is received by 15 the Speaker of the House of Representatives;

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where the Proclamation of Emergency is made after the date on which Parliament has been dissolved or has expired and before the latest day appointed under the Electoral Act 1956 20 for the return of the writs for the election of the members of Parliament, a day not later than seven days after the latest day so appointed;

and Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit on the day so appointed. 25

"(5) If on the date when a Proclamation of Emergency is made Parliament has been adjourned until a date more than seven days after the first-mentioned date, the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall forthwith, by notice in the Gazette, summon the members of Parliament to meet on a 30 day specified in the notice, being a day not later than seven days after the date of the making of the Proclamation of Emergency; and Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit on the day so specified."

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