Hon. Mr. Reeves.

SHOPS AND SHOP-ASSISTANTS.

ANALYSIS.

9. Women and young persons not to be employed more than fifty-eight hours in a week.

- 10. Notice of hours to be exhibited in shop.
- 11. Penalty on breach. 12. Sitting accommodation for females employed in shops.
- Agent liable to penalty in certain cases.
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A BILL INTITULED

AN ACT for limiting the Hours of Business in Shops.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows :---- $\mathbf{5}$ 1. The Short Title of this Act is "The Shops and Shop- short Title. assistants Act, 1893."

2. In this Act, unless inconsistent with the context,—

"Closed," with reference to shops, means closed against admission of the public for purposes of trade for the remainder of the day:

"Inspector "means an Inspector of Factories and work-rooms appointed under "The Factories Act, 1891":

"Shop" means any building, or portion of a building, or place, in which goods are exposed or offered for sale by retail:

"Shopkeeper" means the person, company, or association employing persons in any shop, or occupying any shop, building, or place intended as or about to be used as a shop, and includes any agent, manager, foreman, or other person acting, or apparently acting, in the general managemeut or control of any such shop.

3. All shops in a city, borough, or town district, except coffee- All shops to close on houses, restaurants, and eating-houses, shall be closed in each week Saturdays at one o'clock. on the afternoon of Saturday at the hour of one of the clock. No. 21-1.

Title.

Interpretation.

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Title. 1. Short Title.

4. Particular exceptions.

Interpretation.
 All shops to close on Saturdays at one o'clock. General exceptions.

5. Penalty for keeping employés after hours. 6. Penalty for not closing at prescribed hours.

Assistants to have weekly half-holiday.

8. Afternoons for closing may be changed by Borough Council.

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General exceptions.

Particular exceptions.

Penalty for keeping employés after hours.

Penalty for not closing at prescribed hours.

Assistants to have weekly half-holiday.

Afternoons for closing may be Council.

No shop wherein the sole or main trade or business, or the principal description or kind of goods dealt in, are not of the trade, business, or character usually carried on, or dealt in, at one or other of the shops mentioned in the foregoing exception, shall be deemed to be excepted from the provisions of this section as to closing.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act,-

- (1.) All shops in any city, borough, or town district may continue to be open in the afternoon of the working-day next preceding Christmas Day, New Year's Day, and Good Friday respectively, although such working-day may be 10 the day appointed for the closing of shops at the hour of one of the clock in the afternoon in such city, borough, or town district;
- (2.) All chemists' shops may be opened for the supply of medicines and surgical appliances only between the hours of seven 15 and nine o'clock in the evening, but not longer, on the day appointed for the closing of shops; and
- (3.) Any chemist may, at any time in the afternoon of a day appointed for the closing of shops, supply any medicine or surgical appliance for which he has received from a duly- 20 registered medical practitioner a written order that the same is urgently required; but he shall not then open his shop for such purpose.

5. If any shopkeeper shall employ any person in the ordinary course of his business in his shop later than half an hour after the 25 prescribed time of closing, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for each offence in respect of each person so employed.

6. All shops in the city, borough, or town district, except as aforesaid, shall be closed in accordance with this Act, or in 30 accordance with any special order or by-law made thereunder, as the case may be; and if any shopkeeper shall fail or neglect to close his shop as required by this Act, or by any special order or by-law made thereunder, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for each occasion upon which he so fails or neglects. 35

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in section three, every assistant in excepted shops shall, on some working-day in each week, have a half-holiday from the hour of one of the clock in the afternoon.

8. Every City or Borough Council may from time to time, by 40 changed by Borough special order made under "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1886," and every Town Board may, by by-law to be made as directed in "The Town Districts Act, 1881," change the day appointed by this Act, and declare on which working-day of the week the shops, except as aforesaid, in such city, borough, or town district shall close at one 45 of the clock in the afternoon; but the same day shall be so appointed in respect of all classes of shops.

> But where two or more boroughs, or any borough or boroughs and a town district, have any boundary in common, the Council or Councils of such borough or boroughs and the Town Board of the town 50 district may respectively, if they think fit, each nominate two of their members as delegates to meet together in conference, who may decide

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Shops and Shop-assistants.

amongst themselves which would be the most convenient workingday, other than Saturday, for closing the shops in all the contiguous districts represented by the nominating bodies; and upon the report of their delegates the respective Councils and Board may change the

day appointed by this Act, and shall, by special order or by-law as 5 aforesaid respectively, declare the day recommended in the report of the delegates as the day on which the shops shall be closed in all the said districts.

Every such special order or by-law may be varied or altered by 10 the City or Borough Council and Town Board as they think fit, but not so as to be inconsistent with this Act.

9. A woman, or a person under eighteen years of age, shall not Women and young work for hire in or about any shop, nor at any work in connection persons not to be with the shop, for a longer period than fifty-eight hours, including fifty-eight hours in meal times in any work 15 meal-times, in any one week.

A woman, or a person under eighteen years of age, shall not, to the knowledge of the shopkeeper, be employed in any shop who has been previously on the same day employed in a factory or workroom for the number of hours permitted by law, or for a longer period than 20 will complete such number of hours.

10. In every shop in which women, or persons under eighteen Notice of hours to years of age, are employed a notice shall be kept exhibited by the shopkeeper in a conspicuous place therein referring to the provisions of this Act, and stating the number of hours in the week during

25 which women and persons as aforesaid may lawfully be employed therein.

11. Where any woman, or person under the age of eighteen Penalty on breach. years, is employed in or about any shop contrary to the provisions of this Act, the shopkeeper shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 30 two pounds for each person so employed.

12. Every shopkeeper is hereby required to provide proper Sitting accommoda-sitting accommodation for females employed in his shop, and if any employed in shops. shopkeeper fails to comply with the requirements of this section he shall for every week during which he so fails be liable to a penalty

35 not exceeding *five* pounds.

13. Where an offence for which a shopkeeper is liable under Agent liable to this Act to a penalty has, in fact, been committed by some agent, cases. servant, workman, or other person, such agent, servant, workman, or other person shall be liable to the same penalty as if he were the 40 shopkeeper.

14. It shall be the duty of every Inspector to see that the Inspectors of Factoprovisions of this Act are properly carried out, and to prosecute all properly carried out. persons guilty of any breach thereof.

- For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, Their powers. 45 every Inspector shall have the same right of entry into and of inspection and examination of a shop, subject to the provisions of this Act, as he would have in respect of a factory or workroom; and in case any shopkeeper shall refuse to allow such entry or inspection and examination, he shall be liable to the like penalty 50 as the occupier of a factory or work-room is liable to for refusing to
- allow or impeding any entry into or examination of such factory or work-room.

be exhibited in shop.

penalty in certain

Summary remedy for offences, &c.

Provisions as to procedure in prosecutions.

15. Where any person is charged with an offence against this Act, such charge shall be heard, and all penalties imposed by this Act shall be recovered in a summary way, before a Resident Magistrate or two or more Justices of the Peace, in the manner provided by "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1882."

16. The following provisions shall have effect with reference to proceedings before the Court for offences and penalties under this Act :-

(1.) The information shall be laid within one month after the commission of the offence; 10

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- (2.) It shall be sufficient to allege that a shop is a shop within the meaning of this Act without more;
- (3.) It shall be sufficient to state the name of the ostensible shopkeeper, or the title of the firm, company, or association by which the shopkeeper is usually known;
- (4.) A conviction or order made in any matter arising under this Act, either originally or on appeal, shall not be quashed for want of form; and
- (5.) Any person aggrieved by a summary conviction under this Act may appeal to the Supreme Court or to a District 20 Court in the manner provided by "The Justices of the Peace Act, 1882."

17. "The Shops and Shop-Assistants Act, 1892," is hereby repealed.

By Authority: SAMUEL COSTALL, Government Printer for the time being, Wellington,-1893.

Repeal.