[As Reported From the Committee of the Whole House]

House of Representatives, 3 December 1980.

27L. Commission to give liable

10. New Twentieth Schedule added to

principal Act Schedule

Words struck out are shown in italics within double bold round brackets, or with double black rule at beginning and after last line; words inserted are shown in roman underlined with a triple rule, or with triple rule before first line and after last line.

Hon. Mr Gair

SOCIAL SECURITY AMENDMENT (NO. 2)

ANALYSIS

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A BILL INTITULED

bute towards cost of

benefit and child supple-

ment

An Act to amend the Social Security Act 1964

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, 5 as follows:

No. 149-3

1. Short Title and commencement—(1) This Act may be cited as the Social Security Amendment Act (No. 2) (1979) 1980, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Social Security Act 1964* (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

(2) ((The)) This Act shall come into force on a date to be appointed by the Governor-General by Order in Council.

- 2. Existing benefits exempted—Nothing in this Act shall apply in respect of any benefit that was being paid to any person pursuant to section 27B of the principal Act immediately before the commencement of this Act; and in respect of every such benefit the Commission shall continue to apply the relevant provisions of the principal Act as if this Act had not been passed.
- 3. Investigation of claims and grant of benefits—Section 15 12 (((3))) (2) of the principal Act is hereby amended by inserting, after the words "or any person who is or has been in receipt of a benefit" (as inserted by section 3 (2) (b) of the Social Security Amendment Act 1979), the words "or any person who is a 'liable parent' within the meaning of section 20 271 of this Act".
- 4. Right of appeal—Section 12 J of the principal Act (as inserted by section 4 (1) of the Social Security Amendment Act 1973) is hereby amended by repealing paragraph (a) of subsection (1), and substituting the following paragraph: 25 "(a) Any of the provisions of Part I of this Act, except sections 271 to ((27u)) 27TG and sections 27v and 27w".
- 5. Domestic purposes benefits for solo parents—(1) Section 27B of the principal Act (as inserted by section 6 (1) of the 30 Social Security Amendment Act 1973) is hereby amended by repealing paragraph (c) of subsection (2) (as added by section 5 (2) of the Social Security Amendment Act (No. 2) 1977), and substituting the following paragraph:

^{*}Reprinted 1975, Vol. 4, p. 2951
Amendments: 1976, No. 40; 1977, No. 120; 1977, No. 133; 1978, No. 58; 1979, No. 14

Struck Out

"(c) The father or (as the case may require) the mother of each dependent child has been identified in law:".

New

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"(c) The father or (as the case may require) the mother of each dependent child in the care of the applicant has been identified in law:

"Provided that, where a beneficiary who is already receiving a benefit under this section has or takes into her or his care another dependent child, the Commission may, in its discretion, continue to pay the benefit to the beneficiary notwithstanding that the other parent of that child has not been identified in law."

- (2) Section 5 (2) of the Social Security Amendment Act (No. 2) 1977 is hereby consequentially repealed.
- 6. Special provisions as to maintenance—(1) Section 27F of the principal Act (as inserted by section 6 (1) of the 20 Social Security Amendment Act 1973) is hereby amended by omitting from the definition of the term "benefit" in subsection (1) the words "section 27B or".
- (2) The said section 27F is hereby further amended by omitting from subsection (3) (as amended by section 4 (2) 25 of the Social Security Amendment Act 1974) the words "any benefit", and substituting the words "a benefit".
- 7. New heading and sections (relating to payment of costs of certain domestic purposes benefits) inserted in principal Act—(1) The principal Act is hereby amended by 30 inserting, after section 27H (as inserted by section 6 (1) of the Social Security Amendment Act 1973), the following heading and sections:

"Contribution Towards Cost of Domestic Purposes Benefits For Solo Parents

35 "271. Interpretation—(1) In sections 27 J to ((27u)) 27w of this Act, and the Twentieth Schedule to this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

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- "'Assessable income', in relation to a liable parent, means that parent's assessable income for the last completed income year or, as the case may require, that parent's likely assessable income in any current income year, determined in accordance with section 27M of this Act:
- "'Assessment', in relation to a liable parent, means the amount, assessed in accordance with the provisions of sections 27L to 27U of this Act and the Twentieth

 Schedule to this Act, that the liable parent is required to contribute towards the cost of a benefit and child supplement:
- "Benefit' means a domestic purposes benefit granted under section 27B of this Act; and includes any 15 child supplement paid to the beneficiary; and 'beneficiary' has a corresponding meaning:

"'Child supplement' means an additional benefit paid under section 61'A of this Act in respect of a dependent child:

New

- "'Contribution', in relation to a liable parent, means the contribution, calculated in accordance with section ((27M)) 27N of this Act and the Twentieth
 - Schedule to this Act, that the liable parent is re- 25 quired to pay towards the cost of a benefit:

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- "'Court', in relation to an objection to an assessment, means the District Court nearest to the Coffice of the Department from which notice of the assessment was sent to the objector's place of 30 residence:
- "'Dependent child', in relation to a beneficiary, means a dependent child who is being cared for by the beneficiary:

New

"'Gross earnings', in relation to a liable parent, means the amount of income received in respect of the last completed income year by the liable parent on which the liable parent has paid or is required to pay income tax or, as the case may require, the 40 amount of income that the liable parent is likely to receive in the current income year on which he will be required to pay income tax, determined in accordance with section 27M of this Act:

"'Liable parent', in relation to the dependent child of a beneficiary, means every person (other than the beneficiary) who is liable in law to maintain the dependent child, whether or not that person is also liable in law to maintain the beneficiary.

New

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"'Notice of the required contribution' means a notice given under section 27N (2) of this Act:

"'Salary' or 'wages', for the purposes of sections 27TA to 27TG of this Act, includes a retiring allowance or pension or other payment of a like nature:

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"(2) For the purposes of sections 27 to 27 u of this Act and the Twentieth Schedule to this Act, the amount of an assessment computed on a weekly basis shall be attributable as follows:

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- "(a) The sum of \$17.50 shall be attributable to each dependent child whom the liable parent is liable in law to maintain:
- "(b) The balance (if any) shall be attributable to the beneficiary.

New

- "(2) Where it is necessary, for the purposes of any of sections 27 J to 27w of this Act and the Twentieth Schedule to this Act, to prove that a man is the father of a child, that man shall not be held to be the father of that child unless—
 - "(a) He is married to the mother of the child, or was married to her at the time of the child's conception or birth; or
 - "(b) He has adopted the child under the Adoption Act 1955 or under an adoption to which section 17 of that Act applies; or
 - "(c) A Court has declared him to be the father of the child; or
 - "(d) A Court has appointed him to be a guardian of the child, or has declared him to be a guardian of the child, by reason of being a parent of the child; or
 - "(e) A Court has, before or at the time of making a maintenance order against him, made a paternity order against him; or

- "(f) His name has at any time been entered pursuant to the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1951 in the Register of Births as the father of the child; or
- "(g) He has been declared to be the father of the child by an order made in a country outside New Zealand (being an order to which this subsection applies pursuant to <u>subsection</u> (3) of this section); or
- "(h) He has, in any proceedings before the Court, or in 10 writing signed by him, acknowledged that he is the father of the child.
- "(3) The Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council, declare that subsection (2) of this section applies to orders made by a specified Court or public auth- 15 ority in a specified country outside New Zealand.
- "(4) For the purposes of subsection (3) of this section, the Cook Islands, Niue, and Tokelau shall be deemed to be countries outside New Zealand.
- "27 J. Maintenance order or agreement suspended while 20 benefit is paid—(1) Notwithstanding anything in the (Family Proceedings Act 1979) Matrimonial Proceedings

 Act 1963 or the Domestic Proceedings Act 1968 or any other enactment, any maintenance order or registered maintenance agreement that provides for the maintenance of a beneficiary and any child in the care of the beneficiary, shall be suspended and unenforceable (during any period when a benefit is payable to the beneficiary) during the period commencing with the date from which a benefit is granted to the beneficiary and ending with the date from which the benefit is cancelled, and no liability for, or rights to, maintenance under that order or agreement shall enure during any such period.

 New
- "(1A) In every case to which subsection (1) of this section applies, every attachment order, charging order, or other order, every notice, and all proceedings, relating to the enforcement of maintenance under the maintenance order or registered maintenance agreement shall be suspended during the period when a benefit is being paid to the beneficiary.

- "(1B) Where, by virtue of <u>subsection (1A)</u> of this section, any order, notice, or proceedings is or are suspended on the grant of a benefit to the beneficiary, the Commission shall, so far as practicable, notify every person who is affected by the order or notice or is a party to the proceedings.
- "(2) Nothing in subsection (1) of this section shall prevent a maintenance order being made (, or a maintenance agreement being registered,) while a benefit is being paid.

 New
- 10 "(3) Where an application for a maintenance order is made while a benefit is being paid to the applicant, the amount of maintenance to be awarded shall be determined without regard to the fact that the person liable to pay the maintenance is paying or is liable to pay a contribution towards the cost of the benefit under section 27κ of this Act.
- "27K. Liable parent to contribute towards cost of benefit and child supplement—(1) Every liable parent (of a beneficiary's dependent child) shall contribute towards the cost of the benefit an amount (assessed) calculated in accordance with the provisions of (sections 27L to 27U) section ((27M)) 27N of this Act and the Twentieth Schedule to this Act.
- "(2) Except as otherwise provided in any order of the Court made under section 270 (2) or section 27s of this Act, the liability under subsection (1) of this section shall commission gives to the liable parent a notice of (assessment under section 27m of this Act) the required contribution or, in the case of a liable parent whose whereabouts are unknown, after the date on which the Commission (makes the assessment) calculates the contribution; and shall be made by such periodic payments as the Commission shall direct.

 New
- "(3) Where a benefit ceases to be paid to the beneficiary, the liable parent's liability under this section shall also cease, but without prejudice to the liable parent's liability in respect of any payment due before the date on which the benefit ceases to be paid.
- "(4) If the liable parent dies, the liability imposed on the liable parent by this section shall cease as from the date of 40 death, but without prejudice to the liable parent's liability in respect of any payment due before that date.

"27L. Commission to give liable parent notice of grant of benefit—(1) As soon as practicable after granting a benefit, the Commission shall give to each liable parent of a dependent child of the beneficiary (written notice of the grant) notice of the grant in the prescribed form.

"(2) The notice shall contain the following information:

"(a) The name of the beneficiary:

- "(b) The name of each dependent child of the beneficiary in respect of whom the recipient of the notice is the liable parent, and the date of birth of each such child:
- "(c) A statement advising the liable parent of the liability imposed on the liable parent by section 27κ of this Act.
- "(3) In addition, the notice shall contain a requirement 15 that the liable parent shall supply to the Commission the information referred to in section 27m of this Act.
- "(4) No notice under this section shall be required if (the whereabouts of the liable parent are unknown), after taking all reasonable steps, the Commission has been unable to ascertain the whereabouts of the liable parent.

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"27M. Liable parent to notify Commission of assessable income, etc.—(1) Within 1 month after receiving a notice under section 27L of this Act, or such longer period as the 25 Commission may allow, the liable parent shall lodge with the office of the Department specified in the notice a statement of the amount of the liable parent's assessable income as determined by the Commissioner of Inland Revenue for the last completed income year under and for the purposes of the Income Tax Act 1976, together with such other information specified in the notice as the Commission may reasonably require for the purposes of making an assessment of the contribution to be paid by the liable parent.

"(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section, 35 the Commissioner of Inland Revenue shall, on the request of the liable parent, supply to the liable parent a certificate in a form prescribed by the Commission of the amount of the liable parent's assessable income as determined by the Commissioner for the last completed income year, and the period 40 during which that income was derived, under and for the

purposes of the Income Tax Act 1976.

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"(3) If the liable parent fails to comply with subsection (1) of this section within the required period, or if the liable parent's whereabouts are unknown, the Commission shall 5 determine, as best it can on the information available to it, the likely assessable income of the liable parent for the then current income year; and that determination shall be deemed for the purposes of the assessment to be correct unless the contrary is proved.

"(4) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, where the liable parent is a salary or wage worker the Commission may, on the application of the liable parent within the period referred to in subsection (1) of this section or such longer period as the Commission may allow, deter-15 mine the assessable income of the liable parent on the basis

of the liable parent's then current salary or wage.

"(5) The liable parent shall supply to the Commission in support of an application under subsection (4) of this section sufficient particulars to enable the Commission to 20 determine the liable parent's likely assessable income for the then current income year.

New

"27M. Liable parent to notify Commission of gross earnings, etc.—(1) Within 1 month after receiving a notice under 25 section 27L of this Act, or such longer period as the Commission may allow, the liable parent shall lodge with the office of the Department specified in the notice a statement of the liable parent's gross earnings for the last completed income year, together with such other information specified 30 in the notice as the Commission may reasonably require for the purposes of calculating the contribution to be paid by the liable parent.

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the liable parent may supply to the Commission, instead of a 35 statement of gross earnings, a certificate issued by the Commissioner of Inland Revenue of the liable parent's assessable income as determined by the Commissioner for the last completed income year under and for the purposes of the Income Tax Act 1976; and, in any such case, the amount shown in 40 that certificate as the liable parent's assessable income for the last completed income year shall be deemed for the

purposes of calculating the contribution to be the liable parent's gross earnings for that year.

"(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) or subsection (2) of 45 this section, where the liable parent is a salary or wage worker, the Commission may, on the application of the liable parent within the period referred to in subsection (1) of

this section or such longer period as the Commission may allow, determine the gross earnings of the liable parent on the basis of the liable parent's then current salary or wages.

"(4) The liable parent shall supply to the Commission in support of an application under <u>subsection (3)</u> of this section sufficient particulars to enable the Commission to determine the liable parent's likely gross earnings for the then current income year.

"(5) Except in a case to which subsection (2) or subsections (3) and (4) of this section applies, if the liable parent cannot or does not comply with subsection (1) of this section, or if the liable parent's whereabouts are unknown, the Commission shall determine, as best it can on the information available to it, the likely gross earnings of the liable parent for the then current income year; and that determination shall be deemed for the purposes of calculating the contribution to be correct unless the contrary is proved.

"27N. Commission to assess contribution and notify liable parent—(1) Having determined the liable parent's (assess-20 able income) gross earnings, the Commission shall (assess the amount of) calculate the contribution to be paid by the liable parent in accordance with the provisions of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act.

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"(2) When it has made the assessment, the Commission shall give written notice of the assessment to the liable parent expressed as a rate per week, and advise the liable parent of the right to object to the assessment within the period (being not less than 14 days after the date on which 30 the notice is given to the liable parent) as is specified in the notice.

New

"(2) When it has calculated the contribution to be paid by the liable parent, the Commission shall give to the liable parent notice of the required contribution in the prescribed form, stating the amount of the contribution and the manner in which that amount has been calculated, and advising the liable parent of the right to object conferred by section 27p of this Act, and of the requirements of section 27o of this 40 Act relating to the exercise of that right.

"270. Notice of objection—(1) If the liable parent wishes to object to the (assessment) contribution, the liable parent shall give written notice of objection to the Commission at the office of the Department (specified in the notice of assessment within the period specified in that notice) nearest to the liable parent's place of residence, and shall state the ground or grounds of objection (being a ground or the grounds specified in section 27p of this Act).

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"(2) Notwithstanding anything in <u>subsection</u> (1) of this section, the Commission may at its discretion accept a notice of objection outside the prescribed period but in no case shall it be obliged to do so.

New

"(2) Where the liable parent has lodged a notice of objection under subsection (1) of this section but the objection has not been finally determined, the liable parent may apply to the Court for an order that the liability imposed on the liable parent by section 27κ of this Act be suspended, in whole or in part, pending the final determination of the objection, and the Court may make such order (if any) as it thinks just.

"(3) An application under subsection (2) of this section may be made and dealt with ex parte, if the Court is satisfied that the delay that would result if service on the Commission were required would cause hardship to the liable

parent.

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"27P. Grounds on which objection may be made—The 30 liable parent may object to an assessment on any or all of the following grounds, but on no other ground:

"(a) That the liable parent is not liable in law to maintain the dependent child or dependent children named in the notice of assessment and for that reason no assessment should have been made:

"(b) That the amount of the assessment is incorrect and should be reduced because—

"(i) Part of the assessment is attributable to a dependent child or dependent children named in the notice of assessment whom the liable parent is not liable in law to maintain; or

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"(ii) Part of the assessment is attributable to the beneficiary whom the liable parent is not liable in law to maintain; or

"(iii) The assessment has not been correctly computed in accordance with the provisions of the

Twentieth Schedule to this Act:

"(c) That it would be unjust to require the liable parent to pay the full amount of the assessment—

"(i) In respect of a dependent child to whom 10 part of the assessment is attributable, because the child is not the child of the liable parent by birth or adoption; or

"(ii) In respect of the beneficiary to whom part of the assessment is attributable, because of any 15 of the matters referred to in section 67 of the

Family Proceedings Act 1979:

"(d) That it would be unjust to require the liable parent to pay the full amount of the assessment because he is liable in law to maintain any dependant other 20 than the beneficiary, any child of the beneficiary in the care of the liable parent, and any child in the care of the beneficiary.

New

"27P. Grounds on which objection may be made—An 25 objection to a contribution may be made on any or all of the following grounds, but on no other ground:

"(a) That the objector is not liable in law to maintain a dependent child of the beneficiary named in the notice of the required contribution:

"(b) That, in respect of any such child, the contribution should be reviewed because—

"(i) Some other person (not being the beneficiary) is also liable in law to contribute to the maintenance of that child; or

"(ii) That child is not the child of the liable

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parent by birth or adoption; or

"(iii) The liable parent has already provided for the maintenance of that child, whether by way of settlement of property, lump sum maintenance, 40 or otherwise; or

"(iv) Of any other matter that could be taken into account on an application under the Matrimonial Proceedings Act 1963 or the Domestic Proceedings Act 1968 for the payment of maintenance 45 by the liable parent in respect of that child:

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"(c) That the amount taken by the Commission, for the purposes of calculating the contribution, to be the liable parent's gross earnings is incorrect:

"Provided that no objection may be made under this paragraph where the amount taken by the Commission to be the liable parent's gross earnings during the relevant period is the amount stated to be the amount of the liable parent's assessable income in respect of that period in a certificate issued by the Commissioner of Inland Revenue and supplied to the Commission by the liable parent under section 27_M (2) of this Act:

"(d) That the contribution has been calculated under the wrong paragraph of clause 2 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act:

"(e) That the amount of the contribution, although calculated under the right paragraph of that clause, has not been correctly calculated in accordance with the provisions of that paragraph:

"(f) That the provisions of clause 3 or clause 4 or clause 5 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act should have been applied in the calculation of the contribution but have not been so applied, or have been so applied incorrectly.

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"27o. Procedure to be followed where objection received—
(1) Within 14 days after receiving a notice of objection to an assessment on any ground other than that set out in section 27p (b) (iii) of this Act, the Commission shall file the notice in the Court, together with a copy of the notice of assessment to which it relates.

"(2) As soon as practicable after receiving notice of objection to an assessment on the ground set out in section 27P (b) (iii) of this Act, the Commission shall reconsider the assessment.

"(3) If, after reconsidering an assessment in the light of an objection, the Commission does not allow the objection in full, it shall, within 14 days after determining that the objection should not be allowed in full, file the notice of 40 objection in the Court, together with a copy of the notice of assessment to which it relates.

New	
"27g. Procedure to be followed where objection received—Within 14 days after receiving a notice of objection, the Commission shall—	
 "(a) Reconsider the case; and "(b) Advise the objector of its decision; and "(c) If it decides not to allow the objection in full, file the notice of objection in the Court, together with a copy of the notice of the required contribution to which it relates. 	5
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"27R. Hearing of objection by Court—(1) Subject to the succeeding provisions of this section, every objection filed in the Court under section 270 of this Act shall be heard and determined in accordance with rules of Court.	
"(2) The Registrar of the Court shall set the objection down for hearing as soon as practicable after the notice of objection has been filed in the Court, and shall give notice of the date and time of the hearing to the liable parent and to the Director or District Agent of the office of the	
Department by whom the notice of objection was filed in	20
the Court. "(3) The liable parent, and the Commission acting throught any officer of the Department, shall be entitled to appear and be heard, whether personally or by counsel, at the hearing of the objection, and to call and cross-examine witnesses.	25
"(4) Where the notice of objection does not specify all of the grounds set out in section 27P of this Act, the liable parent shall not be entitled to plead, or to adduce evidence in support of, any ground of objection not so specified, without the leave of the Court.	30
("(5) The onus of proof in every case shall lie on the liable parent.)	
New	
"(5) In all proceedings to which this section applies,— "(a) It shall be for the Commission to adduce sufficient	35
evidence to establish, in the absence of proof to the contrary, that the objector is liable in law to maintain each dependent child named in the notice of the required contribution: "(b) Subject to paragraph (a) of this subsection, it shall be for the objector to satisfy the Court that the	40

objection should be upheld.

"(6) Notwithstanding (anything in section 6 of the Evidence Act 1908 or any other) any rule of law to the contrary, the beneficiary shall be a compellable witness for the

Commission against the liable parent, and for the liable parent against the Commission; and it shall be deemed to be a condition of the continued grant of the benefit that the beneficiary shall attend the hearing and give in evidence all information that may be required of the beneficiary during the hearing.

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"27s. Findings of Court—(1) If, after hearing an objection to an assessment on the ground set out in section 27p (a) of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the liable parent is not liable in law to maintain the dependent child, it shall cancel the assessment.

"(2) If, after hearing an objection on any of the grounds set out in paragraph (b) of section 27p of this Act, the Court
15 is satisfied that the objection should be upheld, it shall order as follows:

"(a) In the case of an objection on the ground set out in subparagraph (i) of the said paragraph (b), the Court shall either—

"(i) Reduce the amount of the assessment by \$20, where the liable parent is not liable in law to maintain the beneficiary; or

"(ii) Declare that the amount that was attributable to the dependent child shall instead be attributable to the beneficiary, where the liable parent is liable in law to maintain the beneficiary:

"(b) In the case of an objection on the ground set out in subparagraph (ii) of the said paragraph (b), the Court shall reduce the amount of the assessment by the amount attributable to the beneficiary (including any amount declared by the Court under paragraph (a) (ii) of this subsection to be attributable to the beneficiary):

"(c) In the case of an objection on the ground set out in subparagraph (iii) of the said paragraph (b), the Court shall correct the assessment.

"(3) If, after hearing an objection on either of the grounds set out in paragraph (c) of section 27p of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the objection should be upheld, it shall order that the assessment be reduced by such percentage as the Court in all the circumstances thinks just.

"(4) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in paragraph (d) of section 27P of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the objection should be upheld, it shall order that the amount of the assessment be reduced by such amount as the

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Court in all the circumstances thinks just, having regard to the various amounts prescribed in clause 2 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act.

"(5) The cancellation or variation of an assessment by the Court under this section shall take effect from a date to be specified by the Court in the order cancelling or varying the assessment; and the liable parent shall be entitled to be repaid any amount paid in excess of the liability determined under that order of the Court.

"(6) Liability for any assessment shall not be affected by the making of an objection unless the Court, on an application by the liable parent in that behalf, directs that payment of the assessment shall be suspended in whole or in part pending the determination of the objection by the 15 Court; and any such suspension shall take effect from the date specified by the Court for that purpose.

New

"27s. Findings of Court—(1) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in section 27P (a) of this Act, the 20 Court is not satisfied that the objector is liable in law to maintain the child to whom the objection relates, the Court, by order, shall direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that the objector is not liable in law to maintain that child.

"(2) If, after hearing an objection on any of the grounds set out in section 27P (b) of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the contribution should be reviewed, the Court shall determine the degree (if any), expressed as a percentage, to which the objector is liable in law to maintain the child to 30 whom the objection relates, and shall, by order, direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that the objector is liable in law to maintain that child only to the degree specified in the order or, as the case may require, that the objector is not liable in law to maintain that child.

"(3) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in section 27P (c) of this Act, the ((Commission)) Court is satisfied that the amount taken by the Commission, for the purposes of calculating the contribution, to be the liable parent's gross earnings is incorrect, it shall determine the 40

correct amount, and shall, by order, direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that the liable parent's gross earnings for the relevant period was the amount speci-

fied in the order.

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- "(4) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in section 27P (d) of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the contribution has been calculated under the wrong paragraph of clause 2 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act, it shall determine which paragraph of that clause the contribution should have been calculated under, and shall, by order, direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that it is to be calculated under the paragraph specified in the order.
- "(5) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in section 27P (e) of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the contribution has not been correctly calculated in accordance with the right paragraph of clause 2 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act, it shall determine the manner in which the contribution is to be calculated in accordance with that paragraph, and shall, by order, direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that it is to be calculated in accordance with the relevant paragraph in the manner specified in the order.

20 "(6) If, after hearing an objection on the ground set out in section 27P (f) of this Act, the Court is satisfied that the provisions of clause 3 or clause 4 or clause 5 of the Twentieth Schedule to this Act should have been applied in the calculation of the contribution but were not so applied, or were applied incorrectly, it shall, by order, direct the Commission to review the contribution on the basis that the clause of that

to review the contribution on the basis that the clause of that Schedule specified in the order is to be applied, or (as the case may require) is to be applied in the manner specified in the order, in the calculation of the contribution.

30 "(7) The Commission shall, within 7 days after the Court

"(7) The Commission shall, within 7 days after the Court has made an order under this section,—

"(a) Review the contribution in accordance with the terms of the order; and

"(b) Cancel, vary, or confirm the contribution as may be necessary; and

"(c) Advise the objector in writing of the result of the review.

"27sa. Appeal from decisions of Courts—(1) If the liable parent is dissatisfied with the decision of the Court under section 27s of this Act, the liable parent may, within 28 days after the making of the decision, or within such further time as the Court may allow in accordance with section 73 (1) of

the District Courts Act 1947, appeal to the High Court in accordance with Part V of that Act (except section 71), and that Part shall apply accordingly with any necessary modifications.

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"(2) The Court appealed from may, on the ex parte application of the liable parent, order that security under section 73 (2) of the District Courts Act 1947 shall not be required to be given under that section.

"(3) The Commission may, within 28 days after the 10 making of a decision by the Court under section 27s of this Act, or within such further time as the Court may allow in accordance with section 73 (1) of the District Courts Act 1947, appeal to the High Court on a question of law.

"(4) A party to any appeal under subsection (1) or subsection (3) of this section may, with the leave of the Court of Appeal, appeal to the Court of Appeal against any determination of the High Court on a question of law arising in an appeal under that subsection.

section, the Court of Appeal shall have the same power to adjudicate on the proceedings as the High Court had.

"(6) The decision of the Court of Appeal on an appeal to that Court under this section, and on an application to it under this section for leave to appeal, shall be final.

"(7) Subject to subsections (4) to (6) of this section, the decision of the High Court on an appeal to that Court under this section shall be final.

"(8) Except where the Court making the order appealed from otherwise directs, the operation of an order shall not be 30 suspended by an appeal under this section, and every such order shall have effect in the same manner in all respects as if no appeal under this section were pending.

"27sB. Proceedings not open to public—(1) No person shall be present during the hearing of any proceedings under 35 section 27s or section 27sA of this Act except—

"(a) Officers of the Court:

"(b) Parties to the proceedings and their barristers and solicitors:

"(c) Witnesses:

(d) Any other person whom the Judge permits to be

ny other person whom the Judge permits to be present.

"(2) Any witness shall leave the courtroom if asked to do

so by the Judge.

"(3) Nothing in this section shall limit any other power 5 of the Court to hear proceedings in private or to exclude any person from the courtroom.

"27sc. Restriction of publication of reports—(1) No person shall publish any report of proceedings under section 27R or section 27sA of this Act, except with the leave of the Court 10 that heard the proceedings.

"(2) Every person who contravenes subsection (1) of this section commits an offence against this Act and is liable on

summary conviction—

"(a) In the case of an individual, to imprisonment for a 15 term not exceeding 3 months, or to a fine not exceeding \$500:

"(b) In the case of a body corporate, to a fine not exceed-

ing \$2,500.

"(3) Nothing in this section shall limit—

"(a) The provisions of any other enactment relating to the prohibition or regulation of the publication of reports or particulars relating to judicial proceedings; or

"(b) The power of any Court to punish any contempt of

Court.

"(4) Nothing in this section shall apply to the publication

of any report in any publication that—

"(a) Is of a bona fide professional or technical nature; and "(b) Is intended for circulation among members of the 30 legal profession, officers of the Public Service, advisers in the sphere of marriage counselling, or

social welfare workers.

"27_{SD}. Costs—In any proceedings under section 27_R or section 27sA of this Act the Court may make such order as to 35 costs as it thinks fit.

"27T. Recovery of unpaid contributions—(1) Where any payment in respect of (an assessment) a contribution is due but unpaid, it may be recovered from the liable parent as a debt due to the Crown at the suit of any member of the Com-40 mission.

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"(2) Without limiting subsection (1) of this section, where any such payment is due but unpaid, the Commission may make such deduction as it thinks just in all the circumstances from any instalment of any benefit to which the liable parent is or may become entitled under this Act.

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"(3) Without limiting the foregoing provisions of this section, where there has been default in the payment of any amount due under any assessment and that default has continued for 14 days, the Commission may, by notice in 10 writing, require any person, corporation, or unincorporated body (hereinafter in this section called "the employer") who is employing the liable parent to deduct from any amount payable to, or to become payable to, the liable parent by the employer, such sum as may be specified in 15 the notice.

"(4) Any such notice may require the making of a specified number of deductions, or continuing deductions on a weekly or other specified basis until further notice.

"(5) Where any notice under this section relates to any 20 wages or salary, the sums required to be deducted therefrom shall be the amount of the weekly rate of contribution in the assessment made under section 27N of this Act:

"Provided that, while the liable parent remains in arrears a further sum not exceeding 5 percent of the weekly rate 25 may be included in the required deductions on account of the arrears.

"(6) Any notice under this section may be revoked by the Commission at any time by subsequent notice to the employer.

"(7) A copy of every notice given under this section in respect of a liable parent, and of the revocation of every such notice, shall be given to the liable parent by the Commission.

"(8) Every sum so deducted by the employer shall be 35 paid by him to the Commission at the nearest office of the Department to the credit of the liable parent within such time as may be specified in the notice.

"(9) Whenever, pursuant to a notice under this section, any deduction is made from any amount payable to any 40 liable parent, the liable parent shall be entitled to receive from the employer a statement in writing of the particulars of the deduction and the authority for making it.

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"(10) All money deducted by an employer pursuant to a notice given under this section shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Crown, and, without prejudice to any other remedies against the employer, may be recovered from him pursuant to the provisions of section 86 (1) of this Act as if that money was an instalment of benefit received by the employer to which he was not entitled.

"(11) All money deducted by an employer shall be 10 accounted for and paid to the Consolidated Account at

intervals of not more than 1 calendar month.

- "(12) Where an employer fails to make and account for deductions in accordance with a notice issued under the provisions of this section, the Commission may recover by way of penalty from the employer an amount equal to the sum of the deductions for which he has failed to account; and such additional sum shall constitute a debt due to the Crown and shall be recovered in the same way as deductions which have been made from an amount due to the liable parent pursuant to a notice under subsection (10) of this section.
 - "(13) The provisions of this section shall apply notwithstanding anything in the Wages Protection Act 1964.

"(14) This section shall bind the Crown.

New

"27TA. Deduction notices—(1) Where a liable parent—

"(a) Consents in writing to the issue of a deduction notice;

"(b) Refuses or fails to make payment of any money payable by way of a contribution, so that payments for a total period of at least 14 days remain in arrear and unpaid,—

the Commission may issue a deduction notice against the

employer of the liable parent.

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on the employer in accordance with section 27w of this Act.

- "(3) A copy of every deduction notice issued under this section in respect of a liable parent, and a copy of the revocation of any such notice, shall be given to the liable parent by the Commission.
 - "(4) A deduction notice shall inform the liable parent and the employer against whom the notice is issued of the rights conferred by section 27TD of this Act.

"(5) A deduction notice shall remain in force until it is

"(a) Discharged under section 27TD of this Act; or

"(b) Revoked by the Commission.

"(6) Nothing in section 97 of the Shipping and Seamen Act 1952 shall apply to a deduction notice.

"27TB. Effect of deduction notices—(1) A deduction notice issued under section 27N of this Act against an employer shall direct that an amount, not exceeding the contribution required to be paid per week, shall be a charge on the net 10 amount of any salary or wages that, while the notice remains in force, become due and payable from time to time by the employer to the liable parent.

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, where the liable parent is in arrears, a deduction notice may, for the purpose of recovering those arrears, specify, as the amount to be deducted under that notice, an amount that is greater, by not more than 5 percent, than the maximum amount that could otherwise be specified under subsection (1) of this section.

"(3) The charge so created shall—

"(a) Accrue from week to week, and on such day of the week as is specified in the deduction notice; and

"(b) Attach to all salary or wages that become due by the employer to the liable parent at any time while the deduction notice is in force, whether or not the contract of employment in respect of which the salary or wages so become due existed at the date of the deduction notice; and

"(c) Prevail over and have priority to any assignment made or charge created by the liable parent (whether before or after the making of the deduction notice against the liable parent), and so that the deduction notice shall have the same effect as if no such assignment or charge had been made or created. 35

"27TC. Liability of employer—(1) Notwithstanding section 4 of the Wages Protection Act 1964, but subject to section 27TCA of this Act, as long as a deduction notice remains in force, the employer against whom it is issued shall from time to time, whenever any money becomes due and payable by 40 the employer to the liable parent by way of salary or wages,—

"(a) Deduct from that money such sum as is sufficient to satisfy the charge on the money so far as the same has accrued before the day on which the salary or wages become due and payable; and

"(b) Not later than the 20th day of the month next after the month in which the deduction is made, pay the amount so deducted to the Commission at any office of the Department of Social Welfare.

"(2) All sums so deducted and paid shall be deemed, to the extent to which they are so deducted and paid, to have been paid by the employer in satisfaction of the salary or wages payable by the employer to the liable parent.

"(3) All sums so deducted shall be deemed to have been 15 paid by the liable parent in satisfaction of the liable parent's

liability under section 27k of this Act.

"(4) The employer, in making any deduction or payment in pursuance of the deduction notice and in accordance with the terms of the notice, shall not be concerned to inquire
20 whether any money is due and payable under section 27κ of this Act, and shall not be affected by any notice to the contrary.

"(5) Where a liable parent in respect of whom a deduction notice is in force leaves or is dismissed from the employment of the employer, the employer shall, within 7 days, notify the

25 Commission.

"(6) Where the employer makes default in the payment of any money in satisfaction of any such charge, that money shall become a debt due by the employer to the Crown, and may be recovered at the suit of any member of the Commission in any 30 Court of competent jurisdiction, or may be recovered from the employer under the provisions of section 86 (1) of this Act as if that money was an instalment of benefit received by the employer to which he was not entitled.

"(7) Every employer commits an offence and is liable on 35 summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$200 who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with paragraph (a) or

paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section.

"27TCA. Protected earnings—(1) Notwithstanding anything in sections 27TB and 27TC of this Act, the employer shall not in making deductions under a deduction notice reduce the

amount paid to the liable parent by way of salary or wages in respect of any week to an amount that is less than 60 percent of the amount calculated as being the liable parent's net ordin-

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ary pay for a week.

"(2) For the purposes of this section the liable parent's net ordinary pay for a week is the balance left after deducting from the liable parent's 'ordinary pay' (as defined in section 2 of the Annual Holidays Act 1944) for a week the tax deductions that would be required to be made in accordance with Part XI of the Income Tax Act 1976 if that ordinary pay were the only salary or wages paid to the liable parent by the employer in respect of a week.

"27TD. Variation or discharge of deduction notice—(1) If an employer of a liable parent considers that a deduction 15 notice has been issued in error, or contains an error, the employer or the liable parent may bring the matter to the notice of any office of the Department of Social Welfare.

"(2) If the matter is not rectified to the satisfaction of the employer or the liable parent, as the case may require, within 7 days of the day on which the employer or the liable parent brings the matter to the notice of an office of the Department of Social Welfare, the employer or the liable parent may apply ex parte to the Registrar of a District Court for variation or discharge of the notice.

"(3) Where the Registrar is satisfied that an error has been made and the notice ought to be varied or discharged, the

Registrar may vary or discharge the notice.

"(4) The variation or discharge shall take effect when notice of it is served on the employer in accordance with 30 section 27w of this Act.

"(5) The Registrar shall forthwith send a copy of the variation or discharge of the notice by registered letter to the office of the Department of Social Welfare from which the notice was issued.

"27TE. Transaction fee—Where an employer makes a deduction from wages or salary in order to comply with the terms of a deduction notice, a transaction fee of 50 cents may, in respect of each occasion on which such a deduction is made, be paid to the employer from the Consolidated Account out of money appropriated for the purpose by Parliament.

"27_{TF}. Wrongful treatment of employee—(1) Every employer commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding \$500 who dismisses any employee 5 or alters any employee's position in the employer's business or undertaking to the employee's position in the employer's business or undertaking to the employee's prejudice by reason of a deduction notice having been served on the employer.

"(2) In any prosecution for an offence against sub-10 section (1) of this section in which it is proved that the employer, within 6 months after the serving on the employer of a deduction notice in respect of any employee, dismissed the employee or altered the employee's position in the employer's business or undertaking to the employee's prejudice, it shall 15 be deemed to be proved that the action was taken by reason of the notice having been served on the employer unless the employer proves to the contrary.

"27TG. Extent to which deduction notices bind the **Crown**—(1) In this section—

"'Employing department' means—

"(a) A department of State in which a person is

employed; and

(b) In relation to a person to whom any retiring allowance or pension or other payment of a similar nature is payable out of the Government Superannuation Fund or the National Provident Fund, the

Treasury:

"'Servant of the Crown' means a person in the service of Her Majesty in respect of the Government of 30 New Zealand; and includes a person in temporary or casual service but does not include a person in honorary service; and also includes any person serving in any of the New Zealand Armed Forces: and also includes a person to whom any retiring 35 allowance or pension or other payment of a similar nature is payable out of the Government Superannuation Fund or the National Provident Fund.

"(2) Sections 27TA to 27TF of this Act shall bind the Crown to the extent of and subject to subsection (3) of this section.

"(3) Where a liable parent is a servant of the Crown, a deduction notice may be issued to the Crown as employer, and-

"(a) The employing department shall be named in the notice as the employer; and

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- "(b) Service of the notice shall be effected on the permanent head of the employing department, and also on any officer of the Crown (described by the name of the office, the name of the department, and the place where the officer is stationed) specified in the notice; and
- "(c) Service of the notice shall be effected in the manner specified in section 27w of this Act, and, where service is effected by registered post, it shall be 10 sufficient if the letter is addressed to the person to be served by that person's official title or any sufficient description without that person's personal name.

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- "27u. Review of assessment—(1) The Commission shall from time to time, at intervals of not more than 2 years. review an assessment.
- "(2) A liable parent may at any time apply to the Commission for a review of an assessment on the ground of a 20 change in his financial circumstances.
- "(3) The provisions of sections 27L to 27T of this Act, so far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, shall apply in respect of a review of an assessment as if it were as original assessment."

\overline{New}

"27u. Relief in cases of serious hardship—In any case where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commission—

- "(a) That any liable parent is in such circumstances that the exaction of the full amount of the contribution 30 has entailed or would entail serious hardship; or
- "(b) That, owing to the death of a liable parent, the dependants of the liable parent are in such circumstances that the exaction of the full amount of the contribution owing at the liable parent's death has 35 entailed or would entail serious hardship.

the Commission may, subject to this section, release the liable parent or the executor or administrator of the deceased liable parent (as the case may be) wholly or in part from the liability, and may make such alterations in the contribution as are 40

necessary for that purpose; and may, if the contribution as previously calculated or any part of the contribution has been already paid, refund any amount paid in excess of the contribution as altered under this section.

"27v. Review of contributions—(1) The Commission shall from time to time review every contribution.

"(2) A liable parent may at any time apply to the Commission for a review of a contribution on either of the following grounds:

"(a) That, since the contribution was calculated, there

has been a change of circumstances:

"(b) That evidence that was not considered when the contribution was calculated would justify a different contribution.

"(3) On an application under <u>subsection</u> (2) of this section, the Commission shall review the contribution and notify the liable parent of its decision within 14 days after it receives

the application for review.

20 "(4) Where, on any rev

"(4) Where, on any review under this section,—

"(a) The circumstances are found to have changed, the revised contribution shall be backdated to the date on which that change may reasonably be held to have occurred, as determined by the Commission or (in the case of an objection) by the Court; or

"(b) The Commission is satisfied, having regard to any evidence referred to in <u>subsection (2) (b)</u> of this section, that the contribution should be revised, the revised contribution shall be backdated to the date from which the original contribution was

payable.

"(5) Sections 27L to 27TG of this Act, so far as they are applicable and with the necessary modifications, shall apply in respect of a review of a contribution as if it were an original 35 calculation.

"27w. Service of notices, etc., by Commission—(1) Every notice of the grant of a benefit, or of the required contribution, or of the decision of the Commission in respect of any reconsideration or review of a contribution, and every copy of a deduction notice or revocation of such a notice, shall be given to or served on the liable parent either personally or

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by leaving it at the liable parent's place of residence or business, or by sending it by registered letter addressed to the liable parent at the liable parent's place of residence or

"(2) Every copy of a deduction notice or revocation of such a notice shall be given to or served on the employer either personally or by leaving it at his place of business, or by sending it by registered letter addressed to the employer at his

place of business.

"(3) Where service of a document to which subsection (1) or subsection (2) of this section applies is effected by registered letter, then, in the absence of proof to the contrary, the document shall be deemed to have been served when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and in 15 proving service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter was properly addressed and posted."

- 8. Special provisions in respect of child supplements— Section 61B of the principal Act (as substituted by section 8 (1) of the Social Security Amendment Act 1979) is hereby 20 amended by inserting in subsection (1), after the words "applicant for a benefit", the words ", other than an applicant for a benefit under section 27B of this Act,".
- 9. Special provisions in respect of inadequate maintenance—(1) The principal Act is hereby amended by adding 25 to section 61c (as inserted by section 9 (1) of the Social Security Amendment Act 1973) the following subsection: "(3) For the purposes of this section the term beneficiary

does not include a beneficiary granted a benefit under

section 27B of this Act."

10. New Twentieth Schedule added to principal Act-The principal Act is hereby amended by adding the Twentieth Schedule set out in the Schedule to this Act.

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SCHEDULE

Section 10

NEW TWENTIETH SCHEDULE TO PRINCIPAL ACT

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"TWENTIETH SCHEDULE

Section 27m

"RATES OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY LIABLE PARENTS TO COST OF DOMESTIC PURPOSES BENEFITS

- 1. In this Schedule 'weekly income' means the liable parent's assessable income divided by 52, or, in the case of income from employment or from business, by the number of weeks in which the liable parent derived that income during the income year, whichever is the lesser.
- 2. The rate of contribution by a liable parent shall be the least of the following amounts:
 - (a) The weekly amount of benefit (including any child supplement) payable to the beneficiary; or
 - (b) The amount of the liable parent's weekly income after deduction of—
 - (i) Income tax at the current rate of tax deductions for Code 'S'; and
 - (ii) In the case of a liable parent who is paying rent or outgoings on a property occupied as a home, the sum of \$50 plus an amount not exceeding \$50 representing the liable parent's weekly accommodation expenses or, in the case of a parent who is paying board, the sum of \$25 plus an amount not exceeding \$50 representing the liable parent's weekly board expenses; and
 - (iii) An amount that represents the liable parent's cost of travel between home and place of employment, providing such figure does not exceed the cost of travel by public transport when that is available; and
 - (iv) The sum of \$17.50 for each child of the beneficiary in the care of the liable parent; or
 - (c) An amount equal to one-third of the liable parent's weekly income after income tax is deducted at the current rate of tax deductions for Code 'S', or such lower amount as the Court may order in accordance with section 27s of this Act.
- 3. In any case where it is established that the liable parent is not liable to contribute to the maintenance of the beneficiary but is liable to contribute to the maintenance of any child or children in the care of the beneficiary, the contribution shall be assessed at the rate of \$17.50 a week for each such child, subject to a maximum contribution as set out in clause 2 of this Schedule.
- 4. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Schedule where 2 liable parents are liable to contribute in respect of the same dependent child, the amount of each person's contribution attributable to the child shall be reduced by one half.

SCHEDULE—continued

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- 5. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Schedule, where 2 or more persons are liable to contribute towards the cost of the same benefit, the total amount payable by those persons shall not exceed the amount of the benefit; and, where necessary, the respective amounts payable by those persons shall abate proportionately.
- 6. After being computed in accordance with this Schedule, the amount of the contribution so assessed shall be rounded down to the next complete dollar.

\overline{New}

"TWENTIETH SCHEDULE

Section 27n (1)

"Rates of Contributions by Liable Parents to Cost of Domestic Purposes Benefit

1. In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires,—

"Outgoings", in relation to a dwellinghouse owned by the liable parent, means the aggregate weekly sum that, at the time of calculating the contribution, the liable parent is obliged to pay in respect of the dwellinghouse by way of—

(a) Mortgage payments (whether in respect of principal or

interest); and

(b) Rates; and

(c) Insurance premiums:

"Rent", in relation to a dwelling occupied by the liable parent or, as the case may require, the beneficiary, means the amount per week payable at the time of calculating the contribution for the

tenancy of the dwelling:

- "Weekly income", in relation to a liable parent, means the liable parent's gross earnings divided by 52, or, in the case of income derived from employment (including self-employment), by the number of weeks in which the liable parent derived that income during the income year, whichever is the lesser.
- 2. The weekly contribution required of a liable parent shall be the least of the following amounts:
 - (a) In respect of each of the beneficiary's dependent children whom the liable parent is liable in law to maintain, the sum of \$20, plus a further sum of \$20 where one or more of those children is or are under the age of 5 years; or

(b) The weekly amount of benefit payable to the beneficiary; or

- (c) The amount of the liable parent's weekly income after deduction of the following:
 - (i) Income tax at the current rate of tax deductions for Code 'S'; and

(ii) Either-

(aa) In the case of a liable parent who is paying outgoings or rent in respect of a dwelling occupied by the liable parent, the amount of the outgoings or rent or \$50 (whichever is the lesser), plus \$60; or

SCHEDULE—continued

- (bb) In the case of a liable parent who is paying board, the weekly amount of the board or \$50 (whichever is the lesser), plus \$30; and
- (iii) Either-
 - (aa) Where public transport is reasonably available to the liable parent between the liable parent's home and place of employment, an amount equal to the liable parent's actual weekly cost of travel between home and place of employment, or the amount that that travel would cost the liable parent if the liable parent used public transport, whichever is the lesser; or
 - (bb) Where public transport is not reasonably available to the liable parent between the liable parent's home and place of employment, an amount equal to the liable parent's actual weekly cost of travel between home and place of employment, or the amount calculated on the current vehicle mileage allowance prescribed for members of the Public Service, whichever is the lesser: and
- Service, whichever is the lesser; and (iv) The sum of \$20 for each child (other than a dependent child of the beneficiary) who is dependent on the liable parent; and
- (v) The sum of \$60 for each adult who is dependent on the liable parent; and
 - (vi) Either-
 - (aa) Where the liable parent is paying rent in respect of a dwelling occupied by the beneficiary, the weekly amount of that rent; or
 - (bb) Where the liable parent is paying outgoings in respect of a dwelling occupied by the beneficiary, the outgoings or an amount calculated by dividing 8 percent of the capital value of the dwelling (as that value is disclosed in the current rolls of the Valuer-General) by 52, whichever is the lesser; or
- (d) An amount equal to one-third of the liable parent's weekly income after income tax is deducted at the current rate of tax deductions for Code 'S'.
- 3. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Schedule, where 2 liable parents are liable to contribute in respect of the same dependent child, the amount of each person's contribution attributable to the child shall be reduced by one half.
- 4. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Schedule, where 2 or more persons are liable to contribute towards the cost of the same benefit, the total amount payable by those persons shall not exceed the amount of the benefit; and, where necessary, the respective amounts payable by those persons shall abate proportionately.
- 5. After being calculated in accordance with this Schedule, the amount so calculated shall be rounded down to the next complete dollar."

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