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TRUSTEE AMENDMENT BILL.

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM.

CLAUSE 2: The object of this clause is to bring into conformity with the law of England the law of New Zealand relating to the powers of composition possessed by trustees. Subclauses (1) to (4) are in the same terms as section 21 of the Trustee Act, 1893 (Imperial). Subclause (5) repeals section 17 of the Administration Act, 1908 (which defines the existing limited powers of composition possessed by administrators); it also repeals section 42 of the Finance Act, 1922 (which was a temporary provision enabling trustees to grant a limited measure of relief to purchasers of trust property, and expired on 31st December, 1923).

Clause 3: This clause enables trustees to invest trust moneys in any savings-bank established under the Savings-bank Act, 1908. It also repeals subsections (1) to (4) of section 46 of the Finance Act, 1920, which authorized the investment of trust funds with "approved institutions."

Clause 4: This clause does not alter the law but removes to the Trustee Act the substance of an amendment originally made in the Finance Act, 1920.

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Hon. Sir Francis Bell.

TRUSTEE AMENDMENT.

ANALYSIS.

<p>Title.</p> <p>1. Short Title.</p> <p>2. Power for executors and trustees to compound, &c. Repeals.</p>	<p>3. Trustees may deposit moneys in savings-banks. Repeals.</p> <p>4. Maintenance of children out of trust estate. Consequential repeals.</p>
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A BILL INTITULED

AN ACT to amend the Trustee Act, 1908.

Title.

BE IT ENACTED by the General Assembly of New Zealand in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Act may be cited as the Trustee Amendment Act, 1924, and shall be read together with and deemed part of the Trustee Act, 1908 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act).

10 2. (1.) An executor or administrator may pay or allow any debt or claim on any evidence that he thinks sufficient.

Power for executors and trustees to compound, &c. Cf. 56 & 57 Vict., c. 53, sec. 21.

15 (2.) An executor or administrator, or two or more trustees acting together, or a sole acting trustee where by the instrument (if any) creating the trust a sole trustee is authorized to execute the trusts and powers thereof, may, if and as he or they may think fit, accept any composition or any security, real or personal, for any debt, or for any property, real or personal, claimed, and may allow any time for payment for any debt, and may compromise, compound, abandon, submit to arbitration, or otherwise settle any debt, account, claim, or thing whatever relating to the testator's or intestate's estate or to the trust, and for any of those purposes may enter into, give, execute, and do such agreements, instruments of composition or arrangement, releases, and other things as to him or them seem expedient, without being responsible for any loss occasioned by any act or thing so done by him or them in good faith.

25 (3.) This section applies only if and as far as a contrary intention is not expressed in the instrument (if any) creating the trust, and shall have effect subject to the terms of that instrument, and to the provisions therein contained.

(4.) This section applies to executorships, administratorships, and trusts constituted or created either before or after the commencement of this Act.

Repeals

(5.) Section seventeen of the Administration Act, 1908, and section forty-two of the Finance Act, 1922, are hereby repealed. 5

Trustees may deposit moneys in savings-banks.

3. (1.) Section ninety-five of the principal Act, as amended by section forty-six of the Finance Act, 1920, is hereby further amended as follows:—

(a.) By adding to paragraph (d) of subsection one the words “ or in any savings-bank constituted under the Savings-banks Act, 1908 ”; and 10

(b.) By repealing paragraph (e) of the same subsection.

Repeals

(2.) Subsections one to four of section forty-six of the Finance Act, 1920, are hereby repealed.

Maintenance of children out of trust estate.

4. (1.) Where the estate of a person deceased leaving a widow and surviving children or only surviving children does not exceed *three* hundred pounds in value after providing for all liabilities, it shall be lawful for the trustee of such estate to apply from time to time a reasonable portion thereof towards the maintenance and support of such widow and children, and towards the education of such children during their respective minorities. 15 20

Consequential repeals.

(2.) This section is in substitution for section ninety-two of the principal Act, and that section and subsection five of section forty-six of the Finance Act, 1920, are hereby repealed accordingly.