"The Pacific Islanders Protection Act, 1875."

An Act to amend the Act of the Session of the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Chapter Nineteen, intituled "An Act for the Prevention and Punishment of Criminal Outrages upon Natives of the Islands in the Pacific Ocean." [2nd August, 1875.]

1. This Act shall be construed as one with the Act of the Construction session of the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth years of the reign of of Act and Short Title. Her present Majesty, chapter nineteen (in this Act referred to as the principal Act); and the expression "this Act," when used in the principal Act, shall be deemed to include this Act.

The principal Act and this Act may be cited together as the Pacific Islanders Protection Acts, 1872 and 1875, and each of them may be cited separately as the Pacific Islanders Protection Act of the year in which it was passed.

2. Whereas by section three of the principal Act it is Amendment enacted that it shall not be lawful for any British vessel to of 35 & 36 Vict., c. 19, carry native labourers of the islands in the Pacific Ocean s. 3, as to the referred to in the said Act, not being part of the crew of such carrying in British vessels vessel, unless the master has given such bond as is therein men- of native tioned, and has obtained from a Governor of one of the Austral-labourers. asian colonies or a British Consular Officer a license in the form contained in Schedule B to the said Act:

And whereas such license does not authorize the carrying in a British vessel of the said native labourers for the purpose of carrying on any fishery, industry, or occupation in connection with the said vessel, and it is expedient to authorize the same:

¹ Proclaimed in force in New Zealand 14th December, 1875.

38 & 39 Vict., c. 51.

The license mentioned in sections three and five of the principal Act may authorize a British vessel to carry native labourers in such vessel for the purpose of carrying on any fishery, industry, or occupation in connection with the said vessel, and may for that purpose be in the form contained in the Schedule B to this Act in lieu of the form contained in Schedule B to the principal Act, and the bond mentioned in section three of the principal Act shall in such case be in the form contained in Schedule A to this Act in lieu of the form contained in Schedule A to the principal Act.

If a native labourer, carried in pursuance of a license issued under this section, is not engaged in like manner as a seaman forming part of the crew of the vessel, by an agreement made in accordance with "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the Acts amending the same, the engagement of such labourer shall be recorded in such manner and with such particulars as may be from time to time prescribed by Her Majesty by Order in Council, but in all cases the name of the labourer engaged shall be entered in the official log, with particulars sufficient to identify such labourer.

Amendment of 35 & 36 Vict., c. 19, ss. 6 and 16, as to seizure of suspected British vessels.

3. Whereas by sections six and sixteen of the principal Act provision is made with respect to the detention, seizure, and bringing-in for adjudication of a British vessel suspected of being employed or found employed in the commission of, the offences therein mentioned, or otherwise as in the said sections mentioned, and it is expedient to amend such provision: . . .

Where a British vessel may, under the principal Act, be detained, seized, and brought in for adjudication by any officer, all goods and effects found on board such vessel may also be detained, seized, and brought in for adjudication by such officer, either with or without such vessel; and all the provisions of the principal Act referring to the seizure or detention of a vessel shall, so far as is consistent with the tenor thereof, be construed also to refer to the seizure and detention of such goods and effects.

Jurisdiction of Courts in regard to and effects seized under c. 19, or this Act.

4. Whereas it is expedient to amend the provisions made by the principal Act with respect to the jurisdiction of the Advessels, goods, miralty Courts: . .

The High Court of Admiralty of England and every Vice-35 & 36 Vict., Admiralty Court in Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom shall have jurisdiction to try and condemn as forfeited to Her Majesty or restore any vessel, goods, and effects alleged to be detained or seized in pursuance of the principal Act or of this Act, and on restoring the same to award such damages in respect of the detention and seizure of such vessel, goods, and

effects, or any of them, and of any person on board such vessel, 38 & 39 Vict. and in respect of any act or thing done in relation to such deten- c. 51. tion or seizure, or in respect of any of such matters, and in any case to make such order as to costs, as, subject to the provisions

For the purposes of the principal Act and this Act, any Court mentioned in this section shall have the same powers as are by sections twelve and thirteen of the principal Act (which sections relate to the issue of commissions for the examination of witnesses and other matters relative to obtaining evidence) vested in the Supreme Court of any of the Australasian Colonies, and further all powers which such Court has in the case of any vessel. goods, and effects, or matter brought before it in the exercise of its jurisdiction under any other Act or otherwise.

of the principal Act and this Act, the Court may think just.

5. Sections nineteen and twenty of the principal Act, which Adaptation of relate to proceedings instituted in and an award of damages by a 35 & 36 Vict., vice-Admiralty Court in respect of the seizure or detention of and 20, to a vessel, shall extend to any such proceedings and award by the this Act. High Court of Admiralty of England, and to any such proceedings and award, either in that Court or any Vice-Admiralty Court, in respect of the seizure or detention of any goods or effects authorized by this Act to be seized or detained.

6. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to exercise power and Power for jurisdiction over her subjects within any islands and places in Her Majesty to exercise the Pacific Ocean not being within Her Majesty's dominions, nor jurisdiction within the jurisdiction of any civilized Power, in the same and over British subjects in as ample a manner as if such power or jurisdiction had been islands of the acquired by the cession or conquest of territory, and by Order in Pacific Ocean. Council to create and constitute the office of High Commissioner Office of in, over, and for such islands and places, or some of them, and High Comby the same or any other Order in Council to confer upon such High Commissioner power and authority, in her name and on her behalf, to make regulations for the government of her subjects in such islands and places, and to impose penalties, forfeitures, or imprisonments for the breach of such regulations.

It shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to Power to Her create a Court of justice with civil, criminal, and Admiralty Majesty to erect a Court jurisdiction over Her Majesty's subjects within the islands and of justice for places to which the authority of the said High Commissioner British subshall extend, and with power to take cognizance of all crimes and islands of the offences committed by Her Majesty's subjects within any of the Pacific. said islands and places, or upon the sea, or in any haven, river, creek, or place within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty;

And Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, from time to time direct that all the powers and jurisdiction aforesaid, or any

38 & 39 Vict., part thereof, shall be vested in and may be exercised by the c. 51. Court of any British colony designated in such Order, con-

Court of any British colony designated in such Order, concurrently with the High Commissioner's Court or otherwise, and may provide for the transmission of offenders to any such colony for trial and punishment, and for the admission in evidence on such trial of the depositions of witnesses taken in such islands and places as aforesaid, and for all other matters necessary for carrying out the provisions of such Order in Council.

Power to make Ordinances. It shall also be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order or Orders in Council, from time to time to ordain for the government of Her Majesty's subjects, being within such islands and places, any law or Ordinance which to Her Majesty in Council may seem meet, as fully and effectually as any such law or Ordinance could be made by Her Majesty in Council for the government of Her Majesty's subjects within any territory acquired by cession or conquest.

High Commissioner to have powers of Consular Officer.

The person for the time being lawfully acting in the capacity of High Commissioner, and any Deputy-Commissioner duly appointed and empowered under the provisions of any such Order in Council as aforesaid, and acting under the directions of the High Commissioner, shall have and may exercise and perform any power, authority, jurisdiction, and duty vested in or imposed upon any British Consular Officer by the principal Act or by any other Act having reference to such Consular Officers, passed either before or after the passing of this Act; and every such Act shall be construed as if the said High Commissioner and Deputy-Commissioner were named therein in addition to a British Consular Officer.

Saving of rights of tribes. 7. Nothing herein or in any such Order in Council contained shall extend or be construed to extend to invest Her Majesty, her heirs or successors, with any claim or title whatsoever to dominion or sovereignty over any such islands or places as aforesaid, or to derogate from the rights of the tribes or people inhabiting such islands or places, or of chiefs or rulers thereof, to such sovereignty or dominion; and

A copy of every such Order in Council shall be laid before each House of Parliament within thirty days after the issue thereof, unless Parliament shall not then be in session, in which case a copy shall be laid before each House of Parliament within thirty days after the commencement of the next ensuing session.

Amendment of definitions in 35 & 36 Viet., c. 19.

8. Whereas, by reason of the cession to Her Majesty of the Colony of Fiji, it is expedient to amend the definition of Australasian Colonies in the principal Act: . . .

The term "Australasian Colonies" in the principal Act and this Act shall mean and include the Colony of Fiji.

Subject to the provisions of any Act or Ordinance passed by 38 & 39 Vict., the Legislature of the Colony of Fiji, the provisions of the c.51. principal Act and this Act shall continue to apply and be deemed always to have continued to apply to natives of Fiji in like manner as if they were natives of islands in the Pacific Ocean not being in Her Majesty's dominions nor within the jurisdiction of any civilized Power.

9. The forms in the Schedules to the principal Act shall be Alteration of altered by the substitution of a reference to the Pacific Islanders forms. Protection Acts, 1872 and 1875, for the reference therein to the principal Act.

SCHEDULES.

SCHEDULE A.

Form of Bond to be entered into by Masters of Vessels under the Pacific Islanders Protection Acts, 1872 and 1875.

Know all men by these presents that we, A.B., of , and C.D., of , are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, in the sum of five hundred pounds of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be paid to our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, her heirs and successors, to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and every of us, jointly and severally, for and in the whole, our heirs, executors, and administrators, and every of them, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals. Dated this day of 18 .

Whereas it is enacted by "The Pacific Islanders Protection Act, 1875," that a license may be given by the Governor of one of the Australian¹ Colonies, as therein defined, or a British Consular Officer, authorizing a British vessel to carry native labourers in such vessel for the purpose of carrying on any fishery, industry, or occupation in connection with the said vessel:

Now the condition of their obligation is this, that if in respect of the vessel , whereof the above-bounden A.B. is master, all and every the requirements of the said Acts, so far as they are applicable thereto, and of the license issued under "The Pacific Islanders Protection Act, 1875," to the said master, shall be well and truly performed, and if the above-bounden A.B. shall satisfy the Governor of any of Her Majesty's Austra-

38 & 39 Viet., lian Colonies, or the British Consular Officer aforesaid, that no c. 51.

kidnapping was allowed or connived at by any person on board of or connected with the said vessel during the currency of the said license, then this obligation is to be void, otherwise to

remain in full force.

, 18

E.F., of

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the abovebounden A.B. and C.D., in the presence of— (L.s.)

Schedule B.

[Royal Arms.]

License for the Employment of Natives at Sea.

A.B., master of the , the vessel more particularly de-

scribed below, having shown to my satisfaction that he is engaged

in the fishery [or industry or occupation, as the case may be] of
, in connection with such vessel, and having given the
bond to Her Majesty required by the Pacific Islanders Protection
Acts, 1872 and 1875, I [the Governor of the Colony of
, or Her Majesty's Consul of
, as the case may be] do hereby,
in exercise of the authority for that purpose conferred on me by
the said Acts, license the said vessel to employ in the said fishery
[or as the case may be] not more than native labourers
from the day of
, 18, to the day of

Should this vessel be found to answer the subjoined description, and appear to be strictly engaged in the lawful pursuit of the above-mentioned object, it is the direction of Her Majesty's Government that she shall not be obstructed in the prosecution of her present voyage, nor in the shipment, employment, or landing of her native hands.

This license shall not be transferable, and shall be available only for the period aforesaid.

Description of the Vessel above referred to.

Tons (registered tonnage)
Rig (i.e., ship, barque, brig, &c.)
How painted
Name painted on stern
Whether any poop
Whether any quarter-galleries
Whether a topgallant forecastle
Name of chief officer
Number of officers and crew, including surgeon, if any...

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	Governor or Consul [as the case may be].									
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	ships, ar	nd to a	ll others	whom	it m	ay				
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