No. 28961

NEW ZEALAND and VANUATU

Agreement concerning air services (with annex). Signed at Wellington on 14 July 1989

Authentic text: English.

Registered by New Zealand on 28 May 1992.

NOUVELLE-ZÉLANDE et VANUATU

Accord relatif aux services aériens (avec annexe). Signé à Wellington le 14 juillet 1989

Texte authentique : anglais.

Enregistré par la Nouvelle-Zélande le 28 mai 1992.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF NEW ZEALAND AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF VANUATU CONCERNING AIR SERVICES

PREAMBLE

The Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu (hereinafter referred to as the "Contracting Parties")

Being parties to the Convention on International Civil Aviation opened for signature at Chicago on 7 December 1944

Desiring to conclude an Agreement supplementary to the said Convention for the purpose of establishing air services between their respective territories

Have agreed as follows:

DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Agreement, unless the context otherwise requires:

- The term "Convention" means the Convention on International Civil Aviation opened for signature at Chicago on the seventh day of December 1944, and includes any Annex adopted under Article 90 of that Convention and any amendment of the Annex or Convention under Articles 90 and 94 thereof insofar as these have become effective for both Contracting Parties;
- The term "aeronautical authorities" means, in the case of the Republic of Vanuatu, the Minister responsible for Civil Aviation or his authorised representative and in the case of New Zealand, the Minister responsible for Civil Aviation or his authorised representative;
- 3 The term "Agreement" means the present Agreement, the Annex attached hereto, and any amendments to the Annex or Agreement;
- The term "designated airline" means an airline or airlines designated and authorised in accordance with Article 4 of this Agreement;

- 5 The term "agreed services" means scheduled air services on the routes specified in the Annex to this Agreement for the transport of passengers, cargo and mail, separately or in combination;
- The terms "territory", "air service", "international air service", "airline" and "stop for non-traffic purposes" have the meanings respectively assigned to them in Articles 2 and 96 of the Convention provided that, in the case of New Zealand, the term "territory" shall exclude the Cook Islands, Niue and Tokelau;
- The term "tariffs" means the prices to be paid for the carriage of passengers and cargo and the conditions under which those prices apply, including prices, commissions and conditions for the carriage of mail.

APPLICABILITY OF CHICAGO CONVENTION

The provisions of this Agreement shall be subject to the provisions of the Convention insofar as those provisions are applicable to international air services.

GRANT OF RIGHTS

- In respect of all air services operated by the designated airline of one Contracting Party, should such services service or not the territory of the other Contracting Party, both Contracting Parties grant each other on a reciprocal basis the following technical rights:
 - (a) the right to fly across its territory without landing; and
 - (b) the right to make stops in its territory for non-traffic purposes.
- the other Contracting Party grants to 2 Each Contracting Party the rights specified in Agreement for the purposes of establishing scheduled international air services on the routes specified in the appropriate Section of the Route Schedule annexed to this Agreement. While operating an agreed service on a specified route, the airlines designated by each Contracting Party shall enjoy, in addition to the rights specified in paragraph 1 of this Article, the right to make stops in the territory of the other Contracting Party at the points specified for that route in the Annex to this Agreement for the purpose of taking on board and discharging passengers, cargo and mail on mixed services, or cargo and mail on all cargo services.

Nothing in paragraph 2 of this Article shall be deemed to confer on the designated airline of one Contracting Party the privilege of advertising, promoting, selling and carrying in the territory of the other Contracting Party, passengers, cargo and mail, carried for hire or reward, originating from or destined for another point in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 4

DESIGNATION OF AIRLINES

- 1 Each Contracting Party shall have the right to designate in writing to the other Contracting Party one or more airlines for the purpose of operating the agreed services on the specified routes, and to withdraw or alter such designations.
- On receipt of such designation, the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party shall without delay, subject to the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 of this Article, grant to the airline or airlines designated in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Article, the appropriate operating authorisation.

- The aeronautical authorities of one Contracting Party may require an airline designated by the other Contracting Party to satisfy them that it is qualified to fulfil the conditions prescribed under the laws and the regulations normally applied to the operation of international air services by such authorities in conformity with the provisions of the Convention.
- Each Contracting Party shall have the right to refuse the designation referred to in paragraph 2 of this Article, or to impose such conditions as it may deem necessary on the exercise by the designated airline of the rights specified in Article 3 of this Agreement, in any case where the said Contracting Party is not satisfied that substantial ownership and effective control of that airline are vested in the Contracting Party designating the airline or in its nationals.
- When an airline has been so designated and authorised, it may begin to operate the agreed services for which it is designated in accordance with the provisions of Articles 10 and 13 of this Agreement.

CHARTER OR LEASE

In operating any agreed service on any specified route the designated airline of each Contracting Party shall give the other Contracting Party sixty (60) days' notice in writing of any intention to lease, charter, hire or otherwise use or operate on a continuing basis any aircraft not owned by it or the designated airlines of the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE 6

REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF OPERATING AUTHORISATIONS

- Each Contracting Party shall have the right to revoke an operating authorisation or to suspend the exercise of the rights specified in paragraph 2 of Article 3 of this Agreement by an airline or airlines designated by the other Contracting Party, or to impose such conditions as it may deem necessary on the exercise of these rights:
 - (a) in any case where it is not satisfied that substantial ownership and effective control of that airline are vested in the Contracting Party designating the airline or in its nationals; or
 - (b) in the case of failure by that airline to comply with the laws or the regulations in force in the territory of the Contracting Party granting these rights; or

- (c) in case of that airline otherwise failing to operate in accordance with the conditions prescribed under this Agreement.
- 2 Unless immediate revocation, suspension or imposition of the conditions mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Article is essential to prevent further infringements of the laws or regulations of a Contracting Party or the provisions of this Agreement, such right shall be exercised only after consultation between the Contracting Parties.

CONFORMITY WITH LAWS, REGULATIONS AND PROCEDURES

- The laws, regulations and procedures of a Contracting Party relating to the admission to or departure from its territory of aircraft engaged in international air navigation or relating to the operation and navigation of such aircraft shall apply to aircraft of the designated airline of the other Contracting Party and shall be complied with by such aircraft upon entering into or departing from or while within the territory of that Contracting Party.
- The laws and regulations of one Contracting Party relating to entry, clearance, transit, immigration, customs and quarantine shall be applicable to passengers, crews, cargo and mail of the aircraft of the designated airline of the other Contracting Party while in the territory of the first Contracting Party.

- 3 The duties and taxes imposed in the territory of either Contracting Party for the use of airports and other aviation facilities by the aircraft of a designated airline of the other Contracting Party shall not be higher than those imposed on aircraft of a national airline engaged in similar international air services.
- Neither of the Contracting Parties shall give preference to its own or any other airline over an airline or airlines designated by the other Contracting Party in the application of its regulations dealing with customs, immigration, quarantine and other similar services or in the use of airways, air traffic services and associated facilities under its control.

RECOGNITION OF CERTIFICATES AND LICENCES

Certificates of airworthiness, certificates of competency and licences issued or validated by one of the Contracting Parties, and not expired, shall be recognised as valid by the other Contracting Party for the operation of air services as specified in the attached Annex.

Either Contracting Party however reserves the right not to recognise as valid, for flights either overflying or landing within its own territory, certificates of competency and licences granted to its own nationals by another state.

PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE OPERATION OF AGREED SERVICES

- There shall be fair and equal opportunity for the designated airlines of both Contracting Parties to operate the agreed services on the routes specified in the Annex.
- In the operation of the agreed services, the designated airlines of both Contracting Parties shall consider the interests of the designated airline of the other Contracting Party so as not to affect unduly the agreed services of the latter on the whole or part of the same route.
- 3 The agreed services provided by the designated airlines of the Contracting Parties shall bear a close relationship to the requirements of the public for transportation on the specified routes. They shall have as their primary objective the provision at a reasonable load factor of capacity adequate for the current and reasonably anticipated requirements of passengers, cargo and mail originating from or destined for the territory of the Contracting Party which has designated the airline or airlines.
- 4 Provision for the carriage of passengers, cargo and mail both taken up and discharged at points on the specified routes in the territories of third countries shall be made in accordance with the general principles that capacity shall be related to:

- (a) traffic requirements to and from the territory of the Contracting Party which has designated the airline;
- (b) traffic requirements of the areas through which the airline passes, local and regional air services being taken into account; and
- (c) the requirements of economical through airline operations.
- Additional capacity may from time to time be provided by the designated airline of a Contracting Party, in addition to that provided under paragraph 4 of this Article, whenever the traffic requirements between the countries serviced by the airlines on the specified routes so justify, subject to the approval of the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party.
- The aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Parties shall from time to time jointly determine the practical application of the principles contained in the foregoing paragraphs of this Article for the operation of the agreed services by the designated airlines.

APPROVAL OF OPERATIONAL PROGRAMMES

The operational programmes of the designated airline of each Contracting Party shall be submitted for approval to the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party.

These programmes shall be communicated at least thirty (30) days before the beginning of the operations and shall include in particular the schedules, frequency of services and types and configuration of aircraft to be operated.

It is understood that this approval shall be given in the shortest time possible.

Any subsequent changes in an operational programme of the designated airline of one Contracting Party shall be submitted for approval to the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 11

PROVISION OF STATISTICS

The aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties shall exchange, on request and in a manner agreed upon by them, statistical summaries including all the information required to determine the volume of traffic on the routes specified in the Annex and the origins and destinations of such traffic.

EXEMPTION FROM CHARGES ON EQUIPMENT, FUEL, LUBRICANTS, STORES ETC

- Aircraft operated on international air services by 1 the designated airline of either Contracting Party, as well as their regular equipment, supplies of fuel and lubricants, consumable technical supplies aircraft stores (including foods, beverages tobacco) on board such aircraft shall be exempt from all customs duties, inspection fees and other similar charges on arriving in the territory of the other Contracting Party, provided such equipment supplies remain on board the aircraft up to such time as they are re-exported or are used on the part of the journey performed over that territory.
- There shall also be exempt from the same duties, fees and charges, with the exception of charges corresponding to the service performed:
 - (a) aircraft stores taken on board in the territory of a Contracting Party, within limits fixed by the Customs authorities of the said territory for use on board outbound aircraft engaged on an international air service of the other Contracting Party;

- (b) spare parts, including engines, introduced into the territory of either Contracting Party for the maintenance or repair of aircraft used on international air services by the designated airline of the other Contracting Party; and
- (C) fuels, lubricants and consumable technical supplies supplied to an aircraft of the designated airline of a Contracting Party engaged on an international air service in the territory of the other Contracting Party and used on an inward flight until that flight is completed, or on a through-transiting flight, notwithstanding that all on such flights, aircraft may make intermediate landings in that territory.
- 3 Materials referred to in paragraph 2 above may be required to be kept under Customs supervision or control.
- The regular airborne equipment as well as the materials and supplies normally retained on board the aircraft of the designated airline of either Contracting Party, may be unloaded in the territory of the other Contracting Party only with the approval of Customs authorities of that territory.

In such cases they may be placed under the supervision of the said authorities up to such time as they are re-exported or otherwise disposed of in accordance with Customs regulations.

The reliefs provided by this Article shall also be 5 available in situations where the designated airline of Contracting Party has entered one arrangements with another airline or airlines for the loan or transfer in the territory of the other Party of Contracting the items specified paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article, provided such similarly enjoy such airlines other airline or reliefs from such other Contracting Party.

ARTICLE 13

TARIFFS

The tariffs for carriage on agreed services to and from the territory of the other Contracting Party shall be established at reasonable levels, due regard being paid to all relevant factors including cost of operation, the interests of users, reasonable profit, characteristics of service (such as standards of speed and accommodation) and, when it is deemed suitable, the tariffs of other airlines for any part of the specified route.

- 2 tariffs referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be agreed upon, if possible, between the designated airlines of the Contracting Parties; such agreement shall be reached, whenever possible, through the international tariff coordination mechanism of the International Air Transport Association. However, a designated airline shall not be precluded from filing any proposed tariff unilaterally. Unless otherwise determined in the application of paragraph 5 of this Article, or where a proposed tariff has been unilaterally filed, each designated airline shall be responsible only to its aeronautical authorities for the justification of the tariffs so proposed.
- Any tariffs for an agreed service shall be filed with the aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed effective date unless the aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties permit the filing to be made on shorter notice. Any proposed tariff shall be filed by a designated airline with the aeronautical authorities of both Contracting Parties in such form as the aeronautical authorities of each Contracting Party may require.

- If the aeronautical authorities of one Contracting 4 Party, on receipt of any filing referred to paragraph 3 of this Article, are dissatisfied with tariff proposed, they shall so notify the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party within twenty-one (21) days from the date of receipt of such tariff, but in no event less than fifteen (15) days prior to the proposed effective of tariff. Ιf notification date such dissatisfaction is not given as provided in this paragraph, the tariff shall be deemed to be approved by the aeronautical authorities of the Contracting Party receiving the filing and shall become effective on the proposed date.
- If a tariff cannot be established in accordance with 5 the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article or if during the period applicable in accordance with of paragraph 4 of this Article а notice dissatisfaction has been given, the aeronautical Parties authorities of the Contracting shall endeavour to determine the tariff by agreement themselves. Consultations between between aeronautical authorities will be held in accordance with Article 17 of this Agreement.
- If the aeronautical authorities cannot agree on any tariff submitted to them under paragraph 3 of this article or on the determination of any tariff under paragraph 5 of this Article the dispute shall be settled in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 of this Agreement.

- When tariffs have been established in accordance with the provisions of this Article, those tariffs shall remain in force until new tariffs have been established in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- aeronautical authorities of one of the 8 Parties become dissatisfied with an Contracting established tariff, they shall so notify the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party and the designated airlines shall attempt, where required, to reach an agreement. If within the period of ninety (90) days from the day of receipt of such notification, a new tariff cannot be established in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 of this Article, the procedures as set out paragraphs 5 and 6 of this Article shall apply. no circumstances however, shall a Contracting Party require a different tariff from the tariff of its own designated airline for comparable services between the same points.
- The tariffs charged by the designated airline of one Contracting Party for carriage between the territory of the other Contracting Party and the territory of a third State involving also points other than on agreed services shall be subject to the approval of the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting Party and such third State. However, the

aeronautical authorities of a Contracting Party shall not require a different tariff from the tariff of its designated airline for comparable services between the same points. The designated airline of each Contracting Party shall file such tariffs with the aeronautical authorities of the other Contracting accordance with their requirements. in Party Approval of such tariffs may be withdrawn on not less than fifteen (15) days notice.

ARTICLE 14

SALE OF AIR TRANSPORTATION

AND TRANSFER OF EARNINGS

- The designated airline of each Contracting Party shall have the right to engage in the sale of air transportation in the territory of the other Contracting Party directly or through its agents.
- Each Contracting Party on a reciprocal basis, grants to the designated airline of the other Contracting Party the right of free transfer of the excess of receipts over expenditure earned by that designated airline in the territory of the other Contracting Party by reason of the transport of passengers, baggage, cargo and mail, as well as from any other commercial activities related to air transport which may be permitted under national regulations.

- 3 Such transfers shall be effected on the basis of the official exchange rate for current payments, or, where there are no official exchange rates, at the prevailing foreign exchange market rate for current payments.
- In so far as methods of payment between the Contracting Parties may be regulated by a special agreement, such an agreement shall be applicable.

AIRLINE REPRESENTATION

- Each Contracting Party shall grant on a basis of reciprocity to the designated airline of the other Contracting Party the right to maintain in its own territory the technical, administrative and commercial services indispensable for its operations.
- 2 For the operation of its services, the designated airline of each Contracting Party shall have the right to employ technical, administrative and commercial personnel of its own nationality according to the laws and regulations in force in the country in which the personnel are to be employed.

SECURITY

- Consistent with their rights and obligations under 1 international law, the Contracting Parties reaffirm that their obligation to each other to protect the security of civil aviation against acts of unlawful interference forms an integral part of Agreement. Without limiting the generality of their rights and obligations under international law, the Contracting Parties shall in particular act conformity with the provisions of the Convention on Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft, signed at Tokyo on 14 September 1963, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft, signed at The Hague on 16 December 1970 and the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation, signed at 23 September 1971, and any Montreal on other security of Conventions relating to the aviation to which both Contracting Parties are party.
- The Contracting Parties shall provide upon request all necessary assistance to each other to prevent acts of unlawful seizure of civil aircraft and other unlawful acts against the safety of such aircraft, their passengers and crews, airports and air navigation facilities, and any other threat to the security of civil aviation.

- 3 The Contracting Parties shall, in their relations, act in conformity with the aviation security provisions established by the International Civil Aviation Organization and designated as Annexes to the Convention on International Civil Aviation to the that extent such security provisions applicable to the Parties; they shall require that operators of aircraft of their registry or operators aircraft who have their principal place of business or permanent residence in their territory and the operators of airports in their territory act conformity with in such aviation security provisions. Accordingly each Contracting Party shall advise the other Contracting Party of any difference between its national regulations and practices and the aforementioned aviation security provisions. Either Contracting Party may request immediate consultations with the other Contracting Party at any time to discuss any such differences.
- 4 Each Contracting Party shall observe the aviation security provisions referred to in paragraph 3 above required by the other Contracting Party for entry into, departure from, or while within, the territory of that other Contracting Party. Each Contracting Party shall ensure that adequate measures effectively applied within its territory to protect the aircraft and to inspect passengers, carry-on items, baggage, cargo and aircraft stores prior to and during boarding or loading. Each

Contracting Party shall also give sympathetic consideration to any request from the other Contracting Party for reasonable special security measures to meet a particular threat.

When an incident or threat of an incident of unlawful seizure of civil aircraft or other unlawful acts against the safety of such aircraft, their passengers and crew, airports or air navigation facilities occurs, the Contracting Parties shall assist each other by facilitating communications and other appropriate measures intended to terminate rapidly and safely such incident or threat thereof.

ARTICLE 17

CONSULTATION

Either Contracting Party may at any time request consultations on the implementation, interpretation, application or amendment of this Agreement or compliance with this Agreement. Such consultations, which may be between aeronautical authorities, shall begin within a period of sixty (60) days from the date the other Contracting Party receives a written request, unless otherwise agreed by the Contracting Parties.

AMENDMENT

Any amendments of this Agreement agreed by the Contracting Parties shall come into effect when confirmed by an Exchange of Notes.

ARTICLE 19

SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

- If any dispute arises between the Contracting Parties relating to the interpretation or application of this Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall in the first place endeavour to settle it by negotiation.
- If the Contracting Parties fail to reach a settlement by negotiation, they may agree to refer the dispute for decision to some person or body; if they do not so agree, the dispute shall, at the request of either Contracting Party, be submitted for decision to a tribunal of three arbitrators, one to be nominated by each Contracting Party and the third to be appointed by the two so nominated.

Each Contracting Party shall nominate an arbitrator within a period of sixty (60) days from the date of receipt by diplomatic or appropriate channels requesting arbitration of the dispute by such a

tribunal and the third arbitrator shall be appointed within a further period of sixty (60) days. If either of the Contracting Parties fails to nominate an arbitrator within the period specified, or if the third arbitrator is not appointed within the specified period, the President of the Council of the International Civil Aviation Organization may be requested by either Contracting Party to appoint an arbitrator or arbitrators as the case requires. In such case, the third arbitrator shall be a national of a third state and shall act as President of the arbitral tribunal.

- 3 The Contracting Parties shall comply with any decision given under paragraph 2 of this Article.
- If and for so long as either Contracting Party fails to comply with a decision given under paragraph 2 of this Article, the other Contracting Party may limit, suspend or revoke any rights or privileges which it has granted by virtue of this Agreement to the Contracting Party in default.

TERMINATION

Either Contracting Party may at any time give notice in writing through diplomatic channels to the Contracting Party of its decision to terminate this Agreement. A copy of the notice shall International Civil Aviation simultaneously to the Organization by the Contracting Party giving notice. such case this Agreement shall terminate twelve (12) months after the date when the notice has been received by the other Contracting Party unless the said notice of termination is withdrawn by mutual agreement before the expiry of this period. If the other Contracting Party fails to acknowledge receipt of the notice, the notice shall be deemed to have been received fourteen (14) days after the International Civil Aviation Organization has received its copy.

ARTICLE 21

CONFORMITY WITH MULTILATERAL CONVENTIONS

The present Agreement shall be amended so as to be compatible with any multilateral convention which may become binding on both Contracting Parties.

REGISTRATION OF AGREEMENT WITH I.C.A.O.

The present Agreement and any amendment thereto shall be registered with the International Civil Aviation Organization by the Government of New Zealand.

ARTICLE 23

ENTRY INTO FORCE

This Agreement shall enter into force on the date of signature.

In witness whereof, the undersigned, being duly authorised by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

Done, in duplicate, at Wellington this (4 day of July 1989.

For the Government

New Zealand

With Consument of

For the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu

ANNEX

ROUTE SCHEDULE

SECTION 1

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of

<u>Intermediate</u>

Points of

<u>Departure</u>

Point

Destination

Points in Vanuatu

Nadi

Auckland

1 point in New Zealand to be nominated.

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

Points of	<u>Intermediate</u>	Points of	Points
Departure	<u>Points</u>	Destination	Beyond
Points in	Noumea	Vila	1 point in the
New Zealand			South Pacific
			1 point
			outside the
			South Pacific
			Both points to
			be nominated.

Note:

- The designated airline of either Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- 2 Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving six (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

GOUVERNEMENT DE LA REPUBLIQUE DE VANUATU



GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF VANUATU



DEPARTEMENT DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Note No. 032/DFA/97

The Vanuatu Department of Foreign Affairs presents its compliments to the New Zealand High Commission and has the honour to refer to the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997 which reads as follows:

"The New Zealand High Commission presents its compliments to the Department of Foreign Affairs and has the honour to refer to the Air Services Agreement between New Zealand and Vanuatu done at Wellington on the 14th day of July 1989 and the Memorandum of Understanding signed at Port Vila on 23 May 1989 and to propose that the aeronautical authorities of New Zealand and Vanuatu recommend to their respective Governments that:

a) The designated airline of each Contracting party may operate up to 208 capacity units per annum on the specified routes. For these purposes:

One B737 = 1 unit One B727 = 1.5 units One B767 = 2 units

b) The route schedule annexed to the Agreement shall be replaced by the following:

SECTION I

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination
Points in Vanuatu	1 point to be nominated	Auckland and 1 point in New Zealand to be nominated

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

<u>Pc_nts of</u> <u>Departure</u>	<u>Intermediate</u> <pre>points</pre>	<u>Points of</u> <u>Destination</u>	<u>Points</u> <u>Beyond</u>
Points in New Zealand	1 point to be nominated	Vila	1 point in the South Pacific 1 point outside the South Pacific
			Both points to be

Note:

- 1. The designated airline of either Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- 2. Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving six (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

If the forgoing is acceptable to the Government of Vanuatu, the New Zealand High Commission has the honour to suggest that the present note and your reply to that effect shall constitute an understanding between the two aeronautical authorities. Each Government shall notify the other in writing when any relevant internal procedures have been completed and these arrangements shall enter into force on the date of receipt of the later notification.

The New zealand High Commission avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Department of Foreign Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration."

It is hereby confirmed that the High Commission's Note and this reply constitute an understanding between the two aeronautical authorities.

The Vanuatu Department of Foreign Affairs avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the New Zealand High Commission the assurances of its highest consideration.

MERMIRES

Port Vila, 22 August 1997

The New Zealand High Commission Port Vila



Note Number: 006/98

The New Zealand High Commission presents its compliments to the Department of Foreign Affairs and has the honour to refer to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services and to the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/97 of 22 August 1997 and the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997.

In accordance with the understanding constituted by those Notes and in accordance with Article 18 of the Agreement, the High Commission has the honour to inform the Department that the Government of New Zealand has completed internal procedures for the amendment of the route schedule to the Agreement. The High Commission therefore has the honour to propose that the route schedule to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services be replaced by the following:

SECTION I

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination
Points in Vanuatu	1 point to be nominated	Auckland and 1 point in
		New Zealand to be
		nominated

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

Points of Departure

Intermediate Point

Points of Destination

Vile

Points in New Zealand

1 point to be nominated

1 point in the South

Pacific

1 point outside the South

Pacific

Both points to be

nominated.

Note

- The designated airline of other Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving six (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

The High Commission further proposes that this Note together with the reply of the Department of Foreign Affairs shall constitute an agreement amending the route schedule to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services. In accordance with the understanding constituted by the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/97 of

22 August 1997 and the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997 and in accordance with Article 18 of the Agreement the amendment will enter into force upon receipt of the reply of the Department notifying that the internal procedures of Vanuatu have been completed.

The New Zealand High Commission avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Department of Foreign Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration.

New Zealand High Commission

PORT VILA

26 February 1998

copy: Director, Department of Civil Aviation, Private Mail Bag, PORT VILA



Note Number: 019/97

The New Zealand High Commission presents its compliments to the Department of Foreign Affairs and has the honour to refer to the Air Services Agreement between New Zealand and Vanuatu done at Wellington on the 14th day of July 1989 and the Memorandum of Understanding signed at Port Vila on 23 May 1989 and to propose that the aeronautical authorities of New Zealand and Vanuatu recommend to their respective Governments that:

a) The designated airline of each Contracting Party may operate up to 208 capacity units per annum on the specified routes. For these purposes:

One B737 = 1 unit

One B727 = 1.5 units

One B767 = 2 units

b) The route schedule annexed to the Agreement shall be replaced by the following:

SECTION I

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination
Points in Vanuatu	1 point to be nominated	Auckland and 1 point in New Zealand to be nominated

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Points	Points of Destination	Points Beyond
Points in New Zealand	1 point to be nominated	Vila	1 point in the South Pacific
			1 point outside the South Pacific
			Both points to be nominated

Note:

- The designated airline of either Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving six (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

-3-

If the foregoing is acceptable to the Government of Vanuatu, the New Zealand

High Commission has the honour to suggest that the present note and your reply to

that effect shall constitute an understanding between the two aeronautical authorities.

Each Government shall notify the other in writing when any relevant internal

procedures have been completed and these arrangements shall enter into force on the

date of receipt of the later notification.

The New Zealand High Commission avails itself of this opportunity to renew

to the Department of Foreign Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration.

New Zealand High Commission

PORT VILA

15 May 1997



1 0 MAR 1998

Note Number: 008/98

The New Zealand High Commission presents its compliments to the Department of Foreign Affairs and has the honour to refer to its note number: 006/98 of 26 February 1998 concerning the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services and to the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/97 of 22 August 1997 and the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997. We have corrected an error in Section II of the note on "Points of Destination and Points Beyond".

In accordance with the understanding constituted by those Notes and in accordance with Article 18 of the Agreement, the High Commission has the honour to inform the Department that the Government of New Zealand has completed internal procedures for the amendment of the route schedule to the Agreement. The High Commission therefore has the honour to propose that the route schedule to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services be replaced by the following:

SECTION I

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination
Points in Vanuatu	1 point to be nominated	Auckland and 1 point in
		New Zealand to be
		nominated

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination	Points Beyond
Points in	1 point to be	Vila	1 point in the South
New Zealand	nominated		Pacific
			1 point outside the
			South Pacific
			Both points to be
			nominated.

<u>Note</u>

- The designated airline of other Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving six (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

The High Commission further proposes that this Note together with the reply of the Department of Foreign Affairs shall constitute an agreement amending the route schedule to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services. In accordance with the understanding constituted by the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/97 of

22 August 1997 and the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997 and in accordance with Article 18 of the Agreement the amendment will enter into force upon receipt of the reply of the Department notifying that the internal procedures of Vanuatu have been completed.

The New Zealand High Commission avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Department of Foreign Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration.

New Zealand High Commission

PORT VILA

4 March 1998

copy: Director, Department of Civil Aviation, Private Mail Bag, PORT VILA (note number 006/98 was withheld and not sent to you)

GOUVERNEMENT DE LA REPUBLIQUE DE VANUATU



GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF VANUATU

DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

DEPARTEMENT DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES

Note No: 007/DFA/98

The Department of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Vanuatu presents its compliments to the New Zealand High Commission and has the honour to refer to the latter's Note No. 008/98, of 4 March 1998 which reads:

"The New Zealand High Commission presents its compliments to the Department of Foreign Affairs and has the honour to refer to its note number. 006/98 of 26 February 1998 concerning the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Govrnment of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services and to the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/97 of 22 August 1997 and the High Commission's Note of 15 May 1997. We have corrected an error in Section II of the note on "Points of Destination and Points Beyond".

In accordance with the understanding constituted by those Notes and in accordance with Article 18 of the Agreement, the High Commission has the honour to inform the Department that the Government of New Zealand has completed internal procedures for the amendment of the route schedule to the Agreement. The High Commission therefore has the honour to propose that the route schedule to the Agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concrning Air Services be replaced by the following:

SECTION I

Route to be served by the designated airline of the Republic of Vanuatu in both directions:

Points of Departure

Intermediate Point

Points of Destination

Points in Vanuatu

1 point to be nominated Auckland and 1 point

Auckland and I point in New Zealand to be

TELEX: 1040 VANGOV

nominated

FAX: 23142

SECTION II

Route to be served by the designated airline of New Zealand in both directions:

P.M.B.: 051

Points of Departure	Intermediate Point	Points of Destination	Points Beyond
Points in New Zealand	1 point to be nominated	Vila	1 point in the South Pacific 1 point outside the South Pacific Both points to be nominated.

Note

- 1. The designated airline of other Contracting Party may, on any or all flights, omit calling at any of the above points, provided that the agreed services on this route begin in the territory of that Contracting Party.
- 2. Each Contracting Party may change the points it nominates by giving (6) months' notice to the other Contracting Party.

The High Commission further proposed that this Note together with the reply of the Department of Foreign Affairs shall contitute an agreement amending the road schedule to the agreement between the Government of New Zealand and the Government of the Republic of Vanuatu concerning Air Services. In accordance with the understanding contituted by the Department's Note No. 032/DFA/98 of the 22 August 1997 and the High Commission's note of 15 May 1997 and in accordance with article 18 of the agreement the amendment will enter into force upon receipt of the reply of the Department notifying that the internal procedures of Vanuatu have been completed.

The New Zealand High Commission avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the Department of Foreign Affair the assurances of its highest consideration."

The Department wishes to confirm that the High Commission's Note and this reply constitutes an understanding between the two aeronautical authorities.

The Department of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Vanuatu avails itself of this opportunity to renew to the New Zealand High Commission the assurances of its highest consideration.

Port Vila, 23 March 1998

The New Zealand High Commission Port Vila

