The Southern Side of Portions of Gladstone Road, in the Borough of Mosgiel, excepted from the Provisions of Section 128 of the Public Works Act, 1928, subject to a Condition as to the Building-line

B. C. FREYBERG, Governor-General
ORDER IN COUNCIL
At the Government House at Wellington, this 2nd day of October, 1946

Present:
His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

Pursuant to section one hundred and twenty-eight of the Public Works Act, 1928, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby approve of the following resolution passed by the Mosgiel Borough Council on the twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and forty-six, viz.:—

"That the Mosgiel Borough Council, being the local authority having the control of streets in the Borough of Mosgiel, by resolution declares that the provisions of section one hundred and twenty-eight of the Public Works Act, 1928, shall not apply to the south-eastern side of Gladstone Road abutting on Lots 14 to 16 and 21 to 24, D.P. 104, Stuart Town; subject to the condition that no building or part of a building shall at any time be erected on the land fronting the said portions of street, at any time be erected on the land fronting the said portions of street.

W. O. HARVEY, Clerk of the Executive Council.

(P.W. 51/2022.)

Portions of Unnamed Roads, in the County of Waimea, excepted from the Provisions of Section 128 of the Public Works Act, 1928, subject to a Condition as to the Building-line

B. C. FREYBERG, Governor-General
ORDER IN COUNCIL
At the Government House at Wellington, this 2nd day of October, 1946

Present:
His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

Pursuant to section one hundred and twenty-eight of the Public Works Act, 1928, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, doth hereby approve of the following resolution passed by the Waimea County Council on the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and forty-six, viz.:-

"The Waimea County Council, being the local authority having control of the roads in the Waimea County, by resolution declares that the provisions of section one hundred and twenty-eight of the Public Works Act, 1928, shall not apply to the western, northern, and eastern sides of portions of public roads marked AB, CD, and DE respectively, fronting subdivision of Section 13 and parts Sections 132 and 133, Waimea West, Block V, Waimea Survey District; subject to the condition that no building or part of a building shall at any time be erected on the land fronting the portions of the unnamed roads (described in the Schedule hereto) within a distance of thirty-five feet from the centre-lines of the said portions of roads.

W. O. HARVEY, Clerk of the Executive Council.

(P.W. 51/2022.)

The Auckland Milk Treatment Corporation Regulations 1946

B. C. FREYBERG, Governor-General
ORDER IN COUNCIL
At the Government House at Wellington, this 2nd day of October, 1946

Present:
His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

Pursuant to the Marketing Act, 1920, and the Agriculture (Emergency Powers) Act, 1934, His Excellency the Governor-General, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, doth hereby make the following regulations.

REGULATIONS

1. These regulations may be cited as the Auckland Milk Treatment Corporation Regulations 1946.

2. In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,—

"Central Milk Council" means the Central Milk Council constituted under the Milk Act, 1944.

"Corporation" means the Auckland Milk Treatment Corporation established under these regulations:

"Director" means a director of the Corporation and includes a person acting as a deputy of a director.

"Milk" includes cream.

"Minister" means the Minister of Marketing.

"Treatment," in relation to milk, includes the examination, cleaning, pasteurisation, modification, testing, grading, cooling, refrigerating, bottling, or otherwise preparing the same for sale or consumption; and "treat" has a corresponding meaning.

3. (1) There is hereby established a corporation to be called the Auckland Milk Treatment Corporation.

(2) Subject as hereinafter appears, the Corporation shall consist of such number of directors as to be appointed from time to time by the Governor-General on the recommendation of the Minister either by name or as the holder or as the respective holders for the time being of any office or offices, of whom—

(a) One shall be appointed as representative of the Government;

(b) Two shall be appointed as representatives of the consumers on the nomination of the Auckland Metropolitan Milk Board;

(c) Two shall be appointed as representative of the producers.

(3) Of the persons first appointed as representative of the producers one shall be nominated by the Auckland Co-operative Milk Producers Limited, and the other shall be nominated by Stonex Co-operative Milk Producers Limited. The persons subsequently recommended for appointment as representatives of the producers shall be persons elected by producers in the manner set out in the Schedule to these regulations.

(4) If the directors unanimously resolve that a person named by them be appointed as an additional director representative of the vendors of milk or that a person named by them be appointed as an additional director representative of the producers of milk who are also vendors of milk, the Governor-General may on the recommendation of the Minister appoint the person or persons so named as additional director or directors for such term as the Governor-General thinks fit not exceeding three years.

(5) The Corporation shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall be capable of holding real and personal property, and of suing and being sued, and of doing all such acts and things as body corporate may lawfully do and suffer.

4. (1) The directors shall at their first meeting, and thereafter at a meeting held in the month of September in every subsequent year, elect one of their number to be Chairman. For the purposes of the election of the Chairman the Secretary of the Corporation shall be present, and in the case of equality of votes shall determine the election by lot in such manner as he thinks fit.

(2) The Chairman shall come into office on his election, and shall hold office until the election of his successor.

(3) The Chairman may resign his office by writing addressed to the Secretary of the Corporation; and in such case, or in the case of his ceasing from any cause to be a director, his office shall become vacant, and the Secretary shall forthwith convene a meeting of the directors for the appointment of another Chairman.

5. (1) The directors first appointed after the commencement of these regulations shall be appointed for a term of two years, but may from time to time be reappointed. Except as aforesaid and as otherwise provided in these regulations every director shall be appointed for a term of three years, but may from time to time be reappointed.

(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these regulations, every director appointed pursuant to subclause (2) of Regulation 3 hereof unless his office is sooner vacated as hereinafter provided shall continue to hold office until his successor comes into office.

6. (1) Any director may at any time be removed from office by the Governor-General for inefficiency, disability, insolvency, neglect of duty, or misconduct proved to the satisfaction of the Governor-General, or may at any time resign his office by writing addressed to the Secretary of the Corporation, who shall forthwith give notice of the resignation to the Min. Ster.

(2) If any director dies, or resigns, or is removed from office, or if he is concerned or interested (otherwise than as a member of a corporate body in which there are not more than two directors of which he is not the general manager) in any contract with the corporation other than a contract relating to the sale, purchase, collection, delivery, or treatment of milk, his office shall become vacant and the vacancy shall be deemed to be an extraordinary vacancy.