

*Member and Chairman of Services Export Development Grants
Advisory Committee reappointed*

PURSUANT to section 5 (1) (a) of the Services Export Development Grants Act 1973, His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to reappoint Ronald Arthur Joseph Smith, of Auckland, to be Chairman and member of the Services Export Development Grants Advisory Committee, for a further term of 3 years commencing on the 28th day of September 1977.

Dated at Wellington this 7th day of October 1977.

L. R. ADAMS-SCHNEIDER,
for Minister of Overseas Trade.

Authorisation of the New Zealand Motor Show Auckland 1977

PURSUANT to the Exhibitions Act 1910, the Minister of Trade and Industry hereby gives notice as follows:

1. In this notice, unless the context otherwise requires,—

“The Act” means the Exhibitions Act 1910;

“The promoter” means the New Zealand Motor Show Committee.

“The exhibition” means a public exhibition of works of industry and art to be conducted by the promoter at the Showgrounds, Auckland, from 20 October 1977 to 30 October 1977 (both dates inclusive), and to be known as the New Zealand Motor Show Auckland 1977.

2. The exhibition is hereby authorised and declared to be an exhibition within the meaning of the Act.

3. Subject to the conditions set out in the Schedule hereto, the following provisions are hereby suspended in so far as they relate to work done or business conducted or services rendered in the said premises during the period of the exhibition, by or on behalf of the promoter, or by or on behalf of any exhibitor at the exhibition, or by any person employed in or about the exhibition, namely—such of the provisions of—

- (a) The Industrial Relations Act 1973 and all collective agreements and awards in force thereunder;
- (b) The Shops and Offices Act 1955;
- (c) The Shop Trading Hours Act 1977; and
- (d) The Factories Act 1946.

as relate to the hours of commencing or ceasing work, or to the issue of permits, or to the payment for overtime, or extended hours, or to holidays and half-holidays, or to the closing of shops.

SCHEDULE

1. Forty hours shall constitute a week's work, to be worked on 5 days of the week, and 8 hours shall constitute a day's work in or about the exhibition, and with the exception set out in clause 2 hereof, the daily hours shall be worked consecutively.

2. No person shall be employed in or about the exhibition for more than 4 hours without an interval of at least three-quarters of an hour for a meal.

3. (a) Any person employed during any day in or about the exhibition who is employed on that day for more than 8 hours, or before the hour of 8 a.m., or after the hour of 10.30 p.m., or on any day in excess of 5 days per week (whether the excess employment is in or about the exhibition or otherwise) shall be paid for the excess employment at not less than half as much again as the ordinary rate for the first 2 hours and at not less than twice the ordinary rate thereafter.

(b) Any person employed in or about the exhibition on any day that would, but for the provisions of this order, have been a whole holiday for that person by virtue of any Act, or of any collective agreements or awards shall be paid for all work done on that day at not less than twice the ordinary rate, whether the work is performed wholly in or about the exhibition or otherwise: provided that nothing in this subclause shall be deemed to deprive any person of any other payment for the said holiday to which he is entitled under any Act or collective agreements or awards.

4. No assistant under 18 years of age shall be employed in or about the exhibition after the hour of 10.30 p.m.

5. For the purposes of the enforcement of any collective agreements or awards, any provision of which has been suspended by this order, any officer of the industrial union or association concerned who is authorised in writing in that behalf by the union or association shall be entitled to interview at his place of employment any person employed in or about the exhibition under those collective agreements or awards at such time or times as may be agreed upon between the officer and the employer of that person, and for this purpose any such officer shall be entitled at any time to have access to the register of passes issued by the promoter.

6. Nothing in this notice shall be deemed to affect any provisions in any collective agreements or awards requiring workers subject to such collective agreements or awards to be members of a union.

Dated at Wellington this 10th day of October 1977.

L. R. ADAMS-SCHNEIDER,
Minister of Trade and Industry.

Consent to the Distribution of New Therapeutic Drugs

PURSUANT to section 12 of the Food and Drug Act 1969, the Minister of Health hereby consents to the distribution in New Zealand of the new therapeutic drug set out in the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

Name of Drug	Form	Active Ingredients (as listed on label)	Name of Manufacturer	Address
Rythmodan injection	.. disopyramid 50 mg/5 ml Roussel Laboratories Ltd.	.. U.K.

Dated this 6th day of October 1977.

FRANK GILL, Minister of Health.

Decision No. 2/77

Decision of the Broadcasting Tribunal

IN the matter of the Broadcasting Act 1976, and in the matter of a complaint, pursuant to section 67 (1) (b) of the Act, between Clifford Reginald Turner and Arthur William Rushton Mead, complainants, and Broadcasting Corporation of New Zealand, respondent:

BEFORE THE BROADCASTING TRIBUNAL

Members: B. H. Slane (Chairman), Lionel R. Sceats, and Janet C. Somerville.

Co-opted members: S. H. Gardiner, and A. M. Perry.

Hearing at Wellington on the 26th day of September 1977.

DECISION

Mr C. R. Turner and Reverend A. W. R. Mead separately complained to the Broadcasting Corporation of New Zealand about the television commercial advertising the Lion Breweries “Man of the Test” promotion. They were dissatisfied with the corporation's rejection of their complaints.

It is not necessary to traverse in detail the complaints made to the Tribunal by each of the complainants except to say that one of them was unaware of the broadcasting rules made by the corporation and relied upon breaches of the Broadcasting Act.

The Tribunal does not consider that the advertisements were in breach of the statutory provision for the observance of good taste and decency (S. 24 (1) (c) Broadcasting Act 1976) or relating to the maintenance of law and order (S. 24 (1) (f)).

However, it is complained that the advertisement is in breach of the advertisement rules. The corporation itself restricts advertisements for alcoholic beverages by those rules which provide that:

“No station shall broadcast any advertisement which directly or by implication:

(q) Is designed to promote the general consumption of alcoholic beverages.

Advertisements for alcohol may be made only in accordance with the following conditions: