

## SCHEDULE

## EXEMPTIONS CREATED

Tariff Items	Classes of Goods
Ex 30.03.029	Medicaments specially prepared for veterinary purposes and approved for exemption by the Minister or by the holder of the office of Assistant Secretary (Industries) of the Department of Trade and Industry.

Dated at Wellington this 28th day of July 1977.

L. R. ADAMS-SCHNEIDER,  
Ministry of Trade and Industry.

\*S.R. 1973/86

EXPLANATORY NOTE: Veterinary medicaments approved for admission in terms of Part II of the Customs Tariff are exempt from licence. The purpose of this notice is to exempt similar medicaments, imported from the countries enumerated, which are duty free and therefore do not qualify for approval under Part II of the Tariff.

*Amendment to Rules of Bay of Islands Acclimatisation Society*

PURSUANT to section 29 of the Wildlife Act 1953, the Minister of Internal Affairs hereby gives notice that he has approved the following new rule to stand in place of Rule 10 as originally approved by the Minister of Internal Affairs on 22 January 1957.

Rule 10. The election of members of the council shall be by secret ballot of members present and voting at the annual general meeting, conducted in the manner set out in subclauses (a) to (d) of this rule. In order that the subdistricts' representation required by Rule 9 (2) hereof may be maintained, nominees from each subdistrict who receive the highest number of votes shall be duly elected for that particular subdistrict.

(a) The secretary shall no later than 4 weeks before the annual general meeting insert in one or more daily newspapers circulating in the district a notice inviting nominations for the council and stating the time of closing of such nominations;

(b) Nominations for office, which shall indicate the subdistrict for which the nominee desires election, shall be in writing signed by the proposer and seconder and containing the nominee's written acceptance and all shall be members of the society;

(c) At the annual general meeting the members to fill the vacancies shall be selected by secret ballot from the nominees by the vote of members of the society present at such meeting. The secretary shall hand one voting paper containing the names of all nominees to each member present who shall leave *uncancelled* the name of any candidate for whom he desires to vote and shall *strike out* the name of any candidate for whom he does not desire to vote. Each member shall vote for at least one nominee and not more than the number required to fill the number of existing vacancies. Any voting paper failing to comply will be classified invalid;

(d) Upon completion of voting, the voting papers shall be folded up and handed to the scrutineers appointed by the meeting. The scrutineers shall then, in the presence of each other, count the ballot and certify the result of the ballot to the chairman who shall forthwith announce to the meeting the names of the members successful in the ballot and declare them elected to the council for the prescribed period of office.

Dated at Wellington this 20th day of July 1977.

D. A. HIGHET, Minister of Internal Affairs.

(I.A. Wil 2/5/3)

*Post Office Bonus Bonds—Weekly Prize Draw, No. 4, July 1977*

PURSUANT to the Post Office Act 1959, notice is hereby given that the result of the weekly prize draw No. 4, for 23 July 1977 is as follows:

One prize of \$6,500: 050 288639.

P. I. WILKINSON, Postmaster-General.

*Price Order No. 65 (Spirits and Beer)*

PURSUANT to the Commerce Act 1975, I, Peter Edward Donovan, pursuant to a delegation from the Secretary of Trade and Industry, hereby make the following price order:

PRELIMINARY

1. This order may be cited as Price Order No. 65 and shall come into force on the 1st day of August 1977.

2. (1) Price Order No. 52\* is hereby revoked.

(2) The revocation of the said price order shall not affect the liability of any person for any offence in relation thereto committed before the coming into force of this order.

3. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires—

“Litre” means litre as defined in the Weights and Measures Metric Equivalents Order 1972§;

“Millilitre or ml” means millilitre as defined in the Weights and Measures Metric Equivalents Order 1972§;

“Standard Measure” means 18 ml;

“Licensing Trust” means any Licensing Trust to which the Licensing Trusts Act 1949 applies and includes the Invercargill Licensing Trust and the Masterton Licensing Trust;

“Bacardi Rum” means rum sold under the trade name of Ron Bacardi;

“Bourbon” means that whisky which is distilled in Kentucky or neighbouring states and is imported with a Certificate of Origin and Age of Distilled Spirits issued by the United States of America Department of Treasury.

“Imported Whisky” means all imported whisky and includes Scotch, Rye, Corn, Irish, or Japanese whisky;

“New Zealand Whisky” means whisky produced and blended in New Zealand by Wilson Distillers Ltd., Dunedin;

“Ron Barbado” means that spirit sold under the trade name of Ron Barbado.

4. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires—

(a) The Act means the Commerce Act 1975, and

(b) Terms and expressions defined in the Act have the meanings so defined.

APPLICATION OF THIS ORDER

5. This order shall apply—

(a) To all intoxicating liquor sold in public bars of hotels, taverns, or other premises licensed under the Sale of Liquor Act 1962, or sold in public bars administered by any Licensing Trust, and

(b) To all draught beer in flagons, and bottled beer in bottles containing 750 ml sold for consumption off the premises in—

(i) Hotels and taverns licensed under the sale of Liquor Act 1962, and

(ii) Licensing Trusts.

FIXING MAXIMUM PRICES OF BEER SOLD IN PUBLIC BARS

6. Subject to the provisions of this order, the maximum price that may be charged for beer sold in public bars shall be—

(a) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 500 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 500 ml, 35 cents.

(b) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 400 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 400 ml, 28 cents.

(c) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 340 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 340 ml, 23 cents.

(d) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 225 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 225 ml, 18 cents.

(e) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 200 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 200 ml, 17 cents.

(e) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 140 ml container and having a capacity of approximately 140 ml, 13 cents.

(f) For beer served in a container customarily referred to in the trade as a 1 litre jug and having a capacity of approximately 1 litre, 67 cents.

(g) For beer served in jugs manufactured to a metric specification of a capacity of more than 1 litre the maximum price that may be charged shall be 67 cents increased by 0.07 cents for every millilitre of capacity in excess of 1 litre—

Provided that if the price so calculated contains fractions of a cent the maximum approved price shall be rounded to the nearest whole cent.

(h) For beer sold in jugs manufactured to a metric specification of a capacity of less than 1 litre, the maximum price that may be charged shall be 67 cents reduced by 0.07 cents for every millilitre of capacity less than 1 litre—

Provided that if the price so calculated contains fractions of a cent the maximum approved price shall be rounded to the nearest whole cent.