

A copy of each integration agreement is available for inspection at the Department of Education, Head Office, Government Building, Wellington.

Dated at Wellington this 19th day of August 1981.

A. E. HINTON, for Director-General of Education.

Private Schools Conditional Integration Act 1975

PURSUANT to section 10 of the Private Schools Conditional Integration Act 1975, notice is given that the following 4 schools will enter into the State education system in accordance with the provisions of the Private Schools Conditional Integration Act 1975, with effect from 16 September 1981.

St. Josephs School, Whitaker Street, Te Aroha.
St. Pius X, Pine Avenue, Melville.
St. Anthonys School, 266 Great South Road, Huntly.
St. Columbas School, Rifle Range Road, Frankton.

A copy of each integration agreement is available for inspection at the Department of Education, Head Office, Government Building, Wellington.

Dated at Wellington this 27th day of August 1981.

A. E. HINTON, for Director-General of Education.

Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1977—Approval of Alternative Form of Record

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to regulation 39, of the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1977*, the Director-General approves the amendment to the system of microfilming as an alternative method of recording the supply of controlled drugs on prescription, to the bound volume required by subclause (3) of regulation 37 of these regulations, as approved and notified in the *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 1, dated 12 January 1978, in the manner hereinafter described:

By omitting from subclause 2 (d) of that notice, the words: "particulars required by subclause (3) of regulation 37 of the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 1977" and substituting the words: "date of supply, surname of patient, and the appropriate reference number or code allocated uniquely to that prescription".

Dated at Wellington this 28th day of August 1981.

H. J. H. HIDDLESTONE, Director-General of Health.

*S.R. 1977/37

Poisons Regulations 1964—Approval of Alternative Form of Records

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to regulation 61, of the Poisons Regulations 1964*, the Registrar approves the amendment to the system of microfilming as an alternative method of recording the supply of poisons on prescription, as approved and notified in the *New Zealand Gazette*, No. 20, dated 10 April 1968, in the manner hereinafter described:

By omitting from subclause 2 (d) of that notice, the words: "particulars required by regulation 61, of the Poisons Regulations 1964", and substituting the words: "date of supply, surname of patient, and the appropriate reference number or code allocated uniquely to that prescription".

Dated at Wellington this 28th day of August 1981.

C. M. COLLINS, Registrar of Poisons.

*S.R. 1964/64

Levy of Stock Slaughtered (Notice No. 2662, Ag. 4/52/11/3)

PURSUANT to section 13 of the Meat Export Control Act 1921-22, the rates of levy to be paid on each head of stock slaughtered on licensed premises shall be:

Lambs	.....	.....	20 cents per head
Other sheep and goats	.....	.....	29 cents per head
Bobby calves (under 27 kg)	.....	.....	24 cents per head
Vealers (27-159 kg)	.....	.....	150 cents per head
Other adult cattle	.....	.....	330 cents per head

except that a nil rate of levy will apply to any stock the carcasses of which are condemned for any reason following slaughter.

These rates will apply from 1 October 1981.

Dated at Wellington this 14th day of August 1981.

M. W. CALDER,

Secretary, New Zealand Meat Producers Board.

Decision of Films Censorship Board of Review

PURSUANT to section 82 of the Cinematograph Films Act 1976, Columbia Warner Distributors applied for a review of the film *The Exterminator*. Having viewed the film in Wellington on 17 July 1981, the Film Board of Review unanimously decided to refuse to approve the film for exhibition.

The film, a dramatic thriller, follows the actions of its hero John Eastland in his one-man battle against crime in New York City. The opening of the film set its tone. Eastland and other members of his unit have been captured by the Viet Cong in Vietnam. In an endeavour to elicit information from their captives the Viet Cong decapitate one of the Americans. Another American, Jefferson, succeeds in garotting one of his captors. Eastland and Jefferson escape. The decapitation and garotting are explicitly shown on screen.

Eastland's campaign against crime in New York City is provoked by a gang attack on his friend Jefferson, whose neck is deliberately broken leaving him paralysed. Initially Eastland's revenge is limited to the gang but he subsequently extends it to other criminal elements including a Mafia boss and the proprietor of a homosexual brothel. Eastland ultimately ends his friend's life by switching off his hospital life support machine. Although his activities attract the attention of both the New York Police and the CIA, he evades death in a final shootout at the Brooklyn Naval Yard and, in the last scene is shown swimming to the shore of the East River.

The Exterminator is a good quality film, well produced, well photographed and reasonably well edited. Violence, however, is central to its theme and was the dominant effect of the film. Some but not all of the scenes in the film were explicit. Other acts of violence occurred offscreen but with no doubt left as to what had occurred. Violent acts included a decapitation; a garotting; a gang attack with knives and chains; the torturing of a young prostitute with a soldering iron; killing a guard dog with an electric knife, lowering a Mafia boss into a meat mincer; burning a brothel proprietor to death; a number of gunshot wounds.

Although any one of these events in isolation is no worse than a number of scenes of violence in other films which have been approved for exhibition in New Zealand, in this film such scenes are numerous and central to the film's theme. The cumulative effect is a film of sustained violence. The moral justification for Eastland's actions is, at best, dubious.

Having regard to the type of audience likely to view this film the Board considered that the variety of weaponry and the detailed portrayal of various methods of violence could well provide material for imitation in this country.

Having regard to the dominant effect of the film as a whole; its likely effect on the audience likely to view it; and the extent and degree to which the film depicted the violence, the Board determined that *The Exterminator* was likely to be injurious to the public good.

J. M. PRIESTLEY, Chairman.

1981 (3)

Trustee Act 1956—Money Held by the Crown

PURSUANT to section 78 of the Trustee Act 1956, notice is hereby given that at the 31st day of March 1981:

- The money specified in the statement in the Schedule hereto was held by the Crown under section 77 of that Act in respect of the matters specified in that statement;
- Such money had not been credited to the Consolidated Account.

SCHEDULE

STATEMENT OF MONEY HELD BY THE CROWN

Deceased Estates

Name of Estate and Persons believed to be entitled	Amount Held	Date Received
Arthur, Henry Edwards of Port Chalmers Arthur, Robert Christopher, brother of Henry Edwards Arthur aforesaid.	564.26	23.6.76
Hazard, Mary Elizabeth of Auckland Harnden, Mary Elizabeth, niece of Mary Elizabeth Hazard aforesaid.	22.07	12.9.75
Houghton, Herbert Roland Buckley, Aureol Marion Joan, daughter of Herbert Roland Houghton aforesaid.	346.20	3.5.77